The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII—NO. 3949. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1864. PRICE THREE CENTS.

IMPORTANT.

ANOTHER BATTLE IN VIRGINIA.

Another Brilliant Charge by Hancock.

The First Line of Rebel Works Carried.

LEE'S LEFT FLANK TURNED.

All the Results Considered Favorable.

The Movements of Both Armies on Thursday.

THE BATTLE NOT RENEWED.

Splendid Success of General Sherman.

ALL QUIET WITH GENERAL BUTLER.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

The Battle Renewed on Wednesday—Another Glorious Charge by Hancock—The First Line of Rebel Works Carried—The Result of the Day's Fighting Somewhat Favorable—The Battle Probably Renewed Yesterday.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

The skirmishing which began yesterday morning at daybreak settled into a heavy engagement, lasting through the forenoon, and culminating in another brilliant charge by HANCOCK on our right, when he drove the enemy a short distance, and carried their first line of intrenchments. Up to our last advices he had steadily defeated all attempts of the enemy to expel him from this position. Aside from this success the results of the engagement are understood to have been somewhat favorable, though in no sense decisive. The rebels maintained their position with great tenacity, and officers from headquarters describe their fortifications as exceedingly formidable.

The belief is general in military circles here that the struggle must, in all probability, have been renewed to-day.

LATER.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19—11:20 P. M.

Advices from headquarters of the army up to 10 o'clock this morning state that the battle of yesterday had not been renewed up to that date. Our lines had been slowly but steadily advanced upon the enemy.

The latest edition of this evening's *Republican* has the following, but up to this date there is no official confirmation of it: "The most reliable information from the front to-day if that Gen. GRANT succeeded yesterday in nearly turning the whole of LEE's right. This was done more by a sudden movement of bodies of troops, to the complete surprise of LEE, than by actual fighting, except with artillery, which was only for the purpose of making feints while the strategic work was going on. It is a question whether the position of both armies was not entirely changed this morning, in consequence of the successful operations of Gen. GRANT yesterday.

"If GRANT fights to-day, he has an army as strong in numbers as it was when it crossed the Rapidan, and relatively much stronger."

Dispatch from Secretary Stanton—Nothing Official from Grant and Butler—Splendid Successes of Gen. Sherman—Rome and Kingston Occupied—Johnston Still Retreating.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, May 19—10:15 P. M.

To Maj.-Gen. Dix:

No official reports of military operations to-day have been received by this Department from Gen. GRANT or Gen. BUTLER.

Reports from Gen. SHERMAN'S command, dated at Kingston, Ga., 2 P. M., to-day, announce that SHERMAN reached Kingston, and encamped last night. This morning he advanced upon the enemy, who again retreated.

The dispatch states that while it was being written, HOOKER'S and HOWARD'S guns were hammering at JOHNSTON, and the two armies were in plain sight of each other, two miles east of Kingston.

DAVIS' Division of the Fourteenth Corps is in possession of Rome.

Gen. SHERMAN reports the weather fine, roads good, and country more open and less mountainous.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

The Wounded from Fredericksburgh—The Firing on Wednesday—Lee Still Fortifying his Position.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

Your correspondent, Mr. F. HERAN, forwards to this Bureau the following, under date, Belle Plain, May 18, 3 P. M.:

Long trains of ambulances freighted with wounded continue to arrive at this point from the front. The Sanitary and Christian Commissions receive them on their arrival, and minister generously to all their wants.

The number of wounded already forwarded from here is over 12,000. Some 8,000 or 10,000 more still remain at Fredericksburgh. The dangerously wounded are now beginning to arrive from that place.

Parties who left Fredericksburgh at 9 o'clock this morning say that cannonading was heard there, beginning at 5 and ending at about 7 o'clock. It is probable that it was nothing more than skirmishing.

The roads are still in very bad condition, and a movement does not seem possible until the weather shall have settled, and the mud have time to dry up.

LEE continues throwing up intrenchments, and adding to the strength of the fortifications stretching along the front of his line. It is evident that he means still to offer us stout resistance. Our whole army is massed.

The Sanitary Commission to-day established a lodge at White Oak Church, on the road between Belle Plain and Fredericksburgh. Several hundred prisoners have just arrived here from the front, on their way to Point Lookout. A guerrilla was hung here yesterday, for firing on our wounded men.

Preparations for Battle—Our Forces Expected to Make an Attack Wednesday—Mysterious Movements of the Rebels.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Wednesday, May 18, 1864.

Yesterday was spent in making preparations for an attack this morning, and we expect a battle to-day, provided Gen. LEE has not disappeared, which is not at all probable, the published reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

His army was in strong intrenchments yesterday, in front of the Fifth Corps, on the stage road, fifteen guns being counted in one place, with strong lines of earthworks wherever the openness of the country permitted a view.

Last night a body of stragglers arrived here from Washington, to the number of six hundred, including seventeen officers, some of them having surgeons' certificates of disability and others slightly wounded. Gen. MEADE has ordered the latter to be tried by court-martial.

It was reported yesterday afternoon that the enemy were moving columns of troops and wagon trains toward Bowling Green, under the impression that our army were endeavoring to turn their right.

This morning at 4:40 o'clock firing opened briskly on our right, and it is believed that Gens. GRANT and MEADE intended to push the rebels sharply.

A large force of cavalry from the dismounted camp have arrived here with fresh horses, and will be of great service to the army in the absence of Gen. SHERIDAN'S command.

WEDNESDAY, May 18—6 o'clock P. M.

From the firing, it is believed that the enemy are falling back, as the sound becomes fainter.

Lee Reported to be Falling Back—His Left Flank Said to be Turned—Capture of Guns and Prisoners—a Philadelphia Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, May 19.

A special to the *Evening Telegraph*, dated Washington, May 19, contains the following:

"It is reported that advices from the Army of the Potomac, up to 9 o'clock A. M., have been received, and show that the Second Corps advanced successfully, turning the enemy's left flank, capturing fifteen guns, with many prisoners.

It is rumored that LEE is falling back slowly, and has been forced to evacuate his works.

If this be true, his total overthrow will soon be consummated."

State of the Roads—The Wounded—Gen. Meade Satisfied with the Situation.

FREDERICKSBURGH, Va., Wednesday, May 18.

The roads between this city and headquarters are in a very bad condition. Vehicles sink axle-deep in many places, and are pried out with great difficulty. This imposed great suffering on our wounded, who prefer to drag themselves painfully through mud rather than be jolted into agony in the ambulances; and when they arrive here their trials do not cease. There is a sad want of hospital stores, and were it not for the assiduous labors of the agent of the Christian and Sanitary Commissions the suffering would be horrible. With all their endeavors, however, the supplies are inadequate to meet the demands of the hour, and these bleeding heroes need bandages, medicines, nursing, and even food.

Five hundred wounded men arrived here to-day. They had been captured by the rebels, and kept within their lines three days, and were recaptured by our troops. They state that the rebels were entirely destitute of stores, and lived on hard-tack stolen from the haversacks of our dead and wounded. HAMPTON'S cavalry took all the sugar, coffee and eatables our men had.

Gen. MEADE has issued an order stating that he is well satisfied with the position of affairs.

As the rebel communications are cut, the enemy is just in the condition which is most to be desired. We will be ready to open fire when deemed advisable.

When the weather permits, we may prepare ourselves for one of the deadliest and most decisive struggles of the war. All useless appendages are being rapidly removed, and the wounded are being steadily removed from the front.

GEN. BUTLER'S ARMY.

The Object of the Demonstration Against Fort Darling Accomplished—The Entire Success of Gen. Kautz's Hazardous Expedition—The Danville Railroad and the James River Canal Destroyed—Butler Safe.

BERMUDA HUNDRED, Wednesday, May 18.

All is quiet with our army to-day.

The object of the demonstration on Fort Darling was merely to draw off and entertain as many of Gen. LEE's troops as possible, and also to attract the attention of all the rebel forces in and about Richmond to enable Gen. KAUTZ to destroy the communications south of Richmond.

On Monday morning, the 15th instant, the rebels came out of their intrenchments and earthworks in front of Fort Darling, at daybreak, having been heavily reinforced by Gen. LONGSTREET'S Corps, (?) and made three advances, all of which were promptly and energetically repulsed by our men.

The enemy lost in these charges from 1,000 to 1,500 men, while our loss was very slight.

Gen. BUTLER having learned that Gen. BEAUREGARD was heavily reinforced by Gen. LONGSTREET'S corps, and also ascertained by the rebel papers and a rebel courier, that the bridge over the Appomattox River and several miles of the Danville Railroad were destroyed, and that the dams, locks and embankments of the canal leading into Richmond were also destroyed, decided to fall back from before Fort Darling, and gave orders accordingly, and by Monday evening our army had securely arrived behind our new lines of intrenchments, having retired in perfect order, excepting that Gen. HECKMAN'S brigade was badly disorganized, and Gen. HECKMAN captured.

This brigade formed the extreme right wing and the enemy attacked this point with great desperation, following them back nearly two miles with overwhelming numbers, capturing a large number and killing and wounding many of them.

Three of our siege guns fell into the hands of the rebels, the horses being killed. The guns were spiked.

At present it is impossible to estimate our loss.

Stragglers are constantly coming in.

We have lost more prisoners than the rebels, but their loss in killed and wounded doubly exceed ours, as our men were protected by intrenchments.

Several of LONGSTREET'S men were captured, who stated that his whole force was cooperating with BEAUREGARD.

Lieut.-Col. FLOYD and Capt. COUCH, of the Third New-York Infantry, are wounded—the former in the leg, and the latter has lost his left arm.

Capture of Gen. Heckman—Return of Gen. Kautz—Sheridan's Cavalry.

FORT MONROE, Wednesday, May 18.

Gen. KAUTZ has returned from his late raid. He reached City Point yesterday evening. He destroyed several miles of the Danville Railroad, burned a railroad bridge over the Appomattox, destroyed the dams, locks and embankments of the Lynchburgh and Richmond canal.

SHERIDAN'S cavalry are reported to have crossed the James and joined Gen. BUTLER'S forces.

Everything is quiet at the front to-day. The army is in the same position strongly intrenched.

Lieut.-Col. CHAMBERS, of the Twenty-third Massachusetts, was not killed. He was wounded in the breast, and is now at the Chesapeake Hospital.

Gen. HECKMAN has been captured by the rebels.

Two hundred and fifty wounded, have arrived from City Point, and have been taken to Hampton Hospital.

The Furious Fight of Monday—The Desperate Onslaught of the Enemy in the Dense Fog—The Gallant Resistance of Heckman's Brigade—Heckman a Prisoner—Final Repulse of the Enemy—Heroic Deeds all Along the Line—Retirement of Our Army to its Defences—The Success of Gen. Kautz.

From Our Special Correspondent.

IN CAMP, Tuesday Morning, May 17, 1864.

The hardest fighting of the campaign on the south side of the James River occurred yesterday. In the early morning, under cover of a fog so dense as to limit vision to the distance of a few yards, the enemy fell upon the right of our line of battle with the force of an avalanche, completely crushing it backward, and turning our flank, as two days before we had turned theirs. Their advantage, however, was but temporary, for our veterans quickly recovered from the sudden shock, and drove their assailants back beyond the line of the attack. The fighting, thus unceremoniously inaugurated, continued with more or less briskness throughout the day, and the losses on both sides were severe. The impression is, however, that the rebels in this respect were the greater sufferers, but our loss is estimated at not less than fifteen hundred to two thousand in killed, wounded and missing. The day's operations resulted in our entire army being ordered to return from its advanced position, within 10 miles of Richmond, to the line of defence known as Bermuda Hundred, between the James and Appomattox Rivers. Here the troops were securely encamped before 10 o'clock last night, having buried their dead, and brought from the battle-field in perfect order their wounded and all their supplies.

The five days' campaign which has been thus unexpectedly closed, can in no wise be designated a defeat. Gen. BUTLER has accomplished all and more than all that he intended. When, on Thursday morning last, the army left its intrenchments, and faced toward Richmond, its object, primarily, was to engage the attention of the strong rebel force garrisoning the outer defences of the city, and thus permit Gen. KAUTZ with his cavalry to emerge from our lines, with the object of pushing forward to the Danville and Richmond Railroad. This road being cut, every line of travel radiating from Richmond by which LEE could receive supplies for his army would be closed. To accomplish an end of such advantage to GRANT as the crippling of his antagonist in this regard, Gen. BUTLER considered it would be cheaply gained, comparatively speaking, even by the sacrifice of his entire command; and there are few men in the army here whose patriotic spirit is not strong enough to make them willingly leap into the yawning chasm of personal destruction to save the State; but happily no such sacrifice was demanded.

KAUTZ has been heard from. The damage he set out to do has been fully inflicted, and by our stubborn fighting of the enemy in our front, a force which we have reason to believe is greatly superior to our own, has been kept constantly busy south of Richmond instead of passing northward to reinforce the exhausted and demoralized hordes opposed to GRANT.

With these preliminary remarks, let me, as fully as I can, before the closing of the mail, which leaves camp this morning, give some account of the battle, as far as it came under my personal observation, with such details as I was enabled to gather from those who participated. It may well be supposed that the troops were greatly fatigued after the four days' hard fighting prior to yesterday, coupled, as the warfare was, with the discomforting incidents of a persistent rain, which kept every shred of clothing almost constantly drenched, and liquified the clayey soil into a pasty mud. In this condition the troops lay down to rest on Sunday night, along the line of intrenchments which we had taken two days before. The heavens were black, and the atmosphere damp and heavy. At daybreak, Monday morning, a thick fog shut out everything from view. A horse was completely enveloped from sight a dozen yards away. In these bewildering circumstances, the massed enemy came upon the right of our line, which was the thinnest place in our position. Gen. HECKMAN'S brigade of WEITZEL'S division, in the Eighteenth Corps, whose bravery on many a hard-fought field has won for them the title of "the invincibles," was posted here. The surprise was, however, so complete, that these gallant fellows were for once and for a moment helpless. The first they knew of the enemy upon them, was when his fierce yell awoke them as he dashed across the earthworks and turned the flank of their line of battle. Gen. HECKMAN'S voice was speedily heard calling upon his men to rally, and they, answering the rebel yells with Union cheers, formed as best they could in the horrible darkness and confusion, when a hand-to-hand contest followed. The assailants and the assailed fell in heaps together. The enemy at last, outnumbering the gallant HECKMAN'S forces five to one, enveloped the remnant of the brigade, and ordered them to the rear. Resistance on their part is no longer possible. All this occurred in less time than the reader can glance over what I have written.

Meanwhile the firing has dispelled sleep from every eye. The most tired man along the line is now thoroughly awake, and ready to do his share in battle. In the rear of HECKMAN'S brigade, as a reserve, are two regiments of the Tenth Corps, the Eighth Maine and One Hundred and Twelfth New-York, temporarily detached for duty under WEITZEL. They are led by Col. DRAKE, who brings them up from the woods in the rear to the relief of Gen. HECKMAN. They make a splendid charge upon the enemy, and drive him outside the line of earthworks. The immediate effect of this is to release from three to four hundred of HECKMAN'S men, who are prisoners. HECKMAN himself, however, is carried off. Again the enemy charge with fresh troops, but are repulsed and slaughtered by our men, only to rush up once more over the dead and dying with the fury of demons, with still another line of fresh troops, to be again dashed back in confusion. So the battle raged on the extreme right—the Eighth Maine and One Hundred and Twelfth New-York having received aid from the fragments of HECKMAN'S crippled force.

The attack was not confined to the extreme right, although it was there most determined. It was simultaneously undertaken along our entire line of two miles and a half in length. On the left, however, it was scarcely more than a feint compared with the fury which characterized it on the other end. WISTAR'S and BURNHAM'S brigades, also of WEITZEL'S division, were set upon with the same impetuosity exhibited toward HECKMAN. The rebel plan of massing brigade after brigade in line of battle, and hurling them in rotation against us, was here tried with very bad result. Gen. SMITH, with that forethought which is characteristic of him, anticipating some such move on the part of the enemy, had ordered a large quantity of telegraph wire to be intertwisted among the trees and undergrowth which lay in front of our position. WISTAR and BURNHAM received the order and obeyed it. HECKMAN failed unfortunately to get it. When, therefore, the rebels charged upon our intrenchments in the dull light, hundreds of them were tripped down and unable to tell the cause. As they lay upon the ground our musketry fire kept many of them from ever rising more. As with the first line so with the second. They met the same fate. The third line fared no better, and this simple agency of a telegraphic wire, interlaced among the trees, played more havoc in the rebel ranks than anything else. The dead lay like autumn leaves before the front of WISTAR and BURNHAM.

At 8 o'clock there was a cessation of the fighting; at least there was comparative quietness. The centre of our line of battle, resting on the turnpike, had been comparatively weakened by moving forces toward the right, and Gen. GILLMORE, on the left, was ordered by Gen. BUTLER to close up the gap. Here there seems to have been a misapprehension of orders. Gen. GILLMORE understood that he was commanded to retire, instead of moving to the weakened point. This he accordingly did, and the rebels on the extreme right, having gained a temporary advantage by again flanking our position, the whole line moved slowly back, and reformed about half or three-quarters of a mile in the rear. After resting for a while, although the skirmishing in front was still quite heavy, the command to advance was again given, and the movement forward was splendidly made *en echelon*. There was not the slightest wavering, and the enemy retired before us. The line of battle was once more formed within a few hundred yards of the position held by us at the commencement of the fight, and when the dead and wounded had been cared for, the order to retire was given. The Eighteenth Corps moved back first, and the Tenth brought up the rear. The route back to our intrenchments was by different roads, but everything was conducted in an orderly manner, and there was no molestation on the part of the enemy.

Among our losses in the fight were four guns. Three of these pieces belonged to ASHBY'S Battery. They were 20-pounder Parrotts. This battery supported HECKMAN, and thirty of the horses were killed in the first impetuous attack of the rebels. ASHBY was wounded slightly in the head, and I am told that not one of his officers escaped a wound, though none were seriously hurt. Fifteen of the gunners were killed. By great effort the artillerists brought off the limbers and caissons.

BELOU'S First Rhode Island Battery, famous all along the coast, for the first time, I believe, lost a gun—a 12-pounder brass field piece. Capt. BELOU is reported wounded in the leg, and a prisoner. The loss of the battery was heavy.

HAWLEY'S and BARTON'S brigades, of TERRY'S Division, Tenth Corps, did the hardest fighting on the left of our line. Both organizations suffered severely.

We took in all about three hundred rebels prisoners. Among them are several high officers, a Colonel, a Major, and a score or more of Captains and Lieutenants. Prisoners tell us that on Sunday night they were reinforced with three brigades from Richmond, but whether from LEE'S army or not we could not determine. BRAGG and JEFF. DAVIS are positively asserted to have come from Richmond to be near BEAUREGARD during the fight.

Among our losses in officers are Gen. HECKMAN, prisoner, and the following officers wounded:

Lieut Samuel Sherman, K, 188th New-York.
Lieut Col Henry Boynton, 8th Maine.
Lieut Col Jas Stewart, Jr, 9th New-Jersey.
Lieut A B Brown, C, 9th Conn.
Capt Jas S Stone, K, 118th New-York.
Lieut A W Dre, A, 10th NH.
Second Lieut Jas Morse, D, 1st U S colored Cav.
Lieut W S Voorse, C, 148th New-York.
Col Zabriskie, 9th N J, neck.
Lieut E Blackmer, 11th Ct.
Capt J M Shepard, K, 21st Mass.
Lieut Sam Sherman, K.
Capt John Townsend, K, 9th New-Jersey.
Col Chambers, 23d Mass.

Maj. BROOKS, Chief Engineer of Gen. GILLMORE'S Staff, slightly wounded in right arm.

Lieut. KRAZINSKI Co. D, Eleventh Connecticut.

Col. ZABRISKIE, Ninth New-Jersey.

Col. LEE, Twenty-seventh Massachusetts.

Capt. PLATT, of the Second New-Hampshire, was killed. He was the only officer killed of the Second, Tenth, Twelfth and Thirteenth New-Hampshire Regiments.

Lieut. WHEELER, of Gen. HECKMAN'S Staff, was killed.

The fog was so dense during the early part of the fight that officers and men on both sides stumbled into each other's lines, and very many amusing scenes occurred. At one time Gen. WARREN and his orderly got among the rebels, and the latter was captured. He called to WEITZEL to save him, which was done by placing a pistol at the rebel's head and ordering him to yield his musket to the orderly, by whom he was marched off. Tables of this kind were constantly turned.

Gen. BUTLER was out in the thick tempest of rifle-shells. One shot passed between him and Col. KENSETT, one of his Aides.

Gen. MARTINDALE'S sword was struck by a shrapnel shot and indented greatly.

While the fighting was going on toward Richmond, an attempt was made on the part of the enemy to attack in rear by coming up from Petersburgh. Gen. AMES, of the Tenth Corps, who commands in that direction, gallantly kept them at bay until the order was given to retire.

A Richmond paper of yesterday, which I have seen, gives an account of Gen. KAUTZ'S raid. He had destroyed the Danville and Richmond Railroad at Coalfields, and also the large iron bridge across the Appomattox at a point several miles further south, the name of which at this moment I am unable to remember. It was a bridge over three hundred feet in length. KAUTZ will likely make a detour around Richmond northward, and unite with GRANT. The same journal says that Gen. J. E. B. STUART was buried on Sunday, and gives an account of the funeral ceremonies. He was mortally wounded in a fight with SHERIDAN'S cavalry. H. J. W.

The following are some of the wounded in the Eighteenth Corps Hospital, under care of Dr. BUCKLEY:

J Thompson, I, 10th N H.
G W Wilson, G, 24th Mass.
J Ernart, G, 36th Mass.
L Fay, G, 25th Mass.
M Sears, G, 25th Mass.
A Kirby, G, 25th Mass.
J Gomer, G, 12th N H.
J S Washburn, C, 81st N Y.
— Townsend, G, 148th N Y.
J S Briggs, G, 148th N Y.
H Wren, E, 85th Penn.
C Fritzler, E, 85th Penn.
Lieut G V Burret, B, 23d Mass.
Corp John Lambert, K, 25th Mass.
Lieut E B Bass, K, 25th Mass.
G L McKnight, H, 25th Mass.
O A Gylet, H, 26th Mass.
E D Thompson, H, 25th Mass.
P Glaney, G, 17th N H.
C Cullum, G, 12th N H.
Henry Gordon, E, 2d N H.
Orrin Brock, E, 2d N H.
John Thurston, E, 2d N H.
H F Young, C, 2d N H.
Thos Haley, 4th Wis Bat.
J Farmer, E, 2d N Y.
Jos Bubser, G, 25th Mass.
Ben Brockhawman, G, 25th Massachusetts.
Henry Larmiette, G, 3d NH.
E L Stetson, E, 23d Mass.
James Clark, I, 9th N J.
Geo H Auturin, B, 96th N Y.
A McMartin, A, 96th N Y.
A Plumley, F, 96th N Y.
W F Wagner, D, 8th Conn.
Wm Bonnega, D, 169th N Y.
E W Brown, G, 23d Mass.
P Hannegan, A, 25th Mass.
Jas Rulph, E, 9th N J.
— Krudall, H, 25th Mass.
Lieut J W Van Voorhis, I, 1st N Y Rifles.
W J Dunham, F, 129th N Y.
T C Crowley, G, 2d N H.
S H Vining, I, 9th N J.
P Goodrich, G, 140th N Y.
J M Cromett, B, 23d Mass.
H Reamer, H, 9th N J.
J E Sholer, I, 2d N H.
F Friend, H, 2d N H.
W Robinson, E, 2d N H.
J F Crosby, D, 23d Mass.
J J Brothers, F, 96th N Y.
Ed Pelkey, A, 96th N Y.
Nelson Crow, A, 96th N Y.
Chas Hamlin, K, 96th N Y.
Nathan Foster, A, 96th N Y.
Thos Moore, K, 96th N Y.
Horace Van Norman, H, 96th New-York.
James Young, B, 96th N Y.
Pat Hoffman, I, 96th N Y.
Wm Wall, B, 96th N Y.
S C Power, I, 96th N Y.
D F Hower, H, 96th N Y.
Freeman Pay, D, 2d N Y.
C C Murdock, K, 24th Mass.
A Lynn, D, 148th N Y.
M O Harmon, E, 2d N Y.
Isaac Haggerty, H, 9th N J.
Thos James, Jr, I, 48th N Y.
Jos Freebough, E, 10th N Y.

Additional List of Wounded.

FORT MONROE, Thursday, May 19.

List of wounded from Gen. BUTLER'S army, who arrived here to-day on the steamer *Monitor*:

Maj Sawyer, 4th N H—shoulder.
Corp G Weyman, 4th N H—hand.
Sert W H Comb, 4th N H—hand and side.
B A Bender, 55th Pa—arm.
W Zeigenfin, 1st N Y Cav—back.
Lieut Borden, 47th New-Jersey—fever.
John Back, 47th New-York—hand.
M Neuvna, 4th N Y—hand.
A Avery, 48th N Y—arm.
John McMahon, 140th N Y—finger.
Thomas Kane, 169th N Y—hand.
E Cogan, 7th Conn—finger.
J S Snow, 7th Conn—hand.
Thomas Davis, 7th Conn—hand.
Sergt J W Donelson, 8th Ohio—hand.
W A Leach, 16th Pa C—face.
Sergt P Nolan 3d N Y—neck.
J Grair, 3d N Y—hand.
Corp O W Caswell, 8th Me—face.
Je se Kimball, 9th Maine—hand.
Sergt H Sawyer, 8th Maine—hand.
Corp W H Folsome, 8th Maine—sick.
M Stewart, 100th N Y—arm.
head.
W P Aile, 100th N Y—rupture.
Corp W D Shenen, 55th Pennsylvania—arm.
J S Campbell, 55th Pennsylvania—hand.
J Madden, 55th Penn—hand.
Geo Randeucher, 55th Pennsylvania—leg.
J H Risling, 55th Pennsylvania—thigh & shoulder.
J Jones, 55th Penn—finger.
J B Field, 1st U S Cav—hand.
A Mitter, 1st U S Cav—head.
G P Johnson, 3d New-Hampshire—head.
G Youngman, 3d New-Hampshire—head.
John G Lane, 21st Conn—side.
John Walmer, 21st Conn—shoulder.
Geo Slaton, 1st N J Cav—foot.
Chas P Wood, 1st N J Cav—sick.
Corp L Lewis, 13th Ind—hip.
John W Gilder, 4th Penn Cav—sick.
Sergt Wm Cramer, 1st N Y Cav—sick.
Corp L H Cole, 1st N Y Cav—sick.
Sergt Charles H Foster, 1st N Y Cav—sick.
George Race, 6th Penn.—sick.
T B Daily, 3d New-York—thigh.
J Ryall, 3d N Y—arm.
J C Noll, 85th Penn—arm.
R R Holmes, 3d N H—leg.
F Fetter, 34th Mass—arm.
D McKinnen, 3d N H—leg.
J Levick, 8th Me—thigh.
A R Baker, 88th Pennsylvania—arm.
Frank Stottell, 16th New-York Cav—sick.
Jacob Shoal, 2d U S Art—sick.
Chas Brown, 2d Penn Cav—sick.
C. H. Creeley, 1st Mass Cav—foot.
James Knoven, 7th N H—finger.
J White, 2d U S Ar—sick.
F Herring, 3d N Y Cav—shoulder.
Wm Tilder, 7th Conn—foot.
A K Goodwin, 4th N H—arm.
Fred Paine, 7th Maine—hip.
S H Barnard 1st N Y—leg.
Jas R Dunn, 96th N Y—leg.
L A Watson, 8th Maine—arm.
S Scofield, 6th Conn—sick.
A Hewell, 1st Pa—run over.
P Straas, 1st U S Art—knee.
J Harrison, 36th Ill—hip.
D G Rogers, — R I Art—leg.
F Campbell, 7th Conn—foot.
A Ferris, 5th Conn—died on boat.
Surgeon M M Mauley, 2d U S Cavalry—leg.
Capt O F Mitchell, 40th Mass—arm amputated.
Lieut Rogers Edwards, 48th N Y—leg.
Capt Wm A Smith, 40th Mass—thigh.
John Hancock, 76th Penn—sick.
G O Sedgel, 3d N H—unknown.
Sam Harris, 169th N Y—unknown.
M Whelan, 24th Mass—unknown.
Daniel Hathaway, 81st N Y.
David Bowlan, 1st Mich.
S G Richmond, 6th Mich.
D Wolf, 188th Penn.
J D Cottrell, 48th N Y.
C W Hammond, 118th N Y.
T O'Brien, 55th Penn.
Charles Scott, 48th N Y.
Alvin West, 4th Wis Bat'y.
S H Reynolds, 4th N H.
M O'Reilly, 5th Penn Cav.
John Harrison, 36th Ill—hip.
C G Motser, 160th N Y—leg.
Hugh Quinn, 160th N Y—leg.
James Munson, 3d N H—back.
J S D Goliah, 76th Penn—abdomen.
John B Gilman, 8th Maine—leg.
Michael O'Reilly, 5th Penn Cav—foot.
Wm F Foster, 109th N Y—hand.
D Haley, 19th Wis—thigh.
Sergt W H Burbank, 3d N H—leg.
P Ostrander, 160th N Y—foot.
D Norton, 117th N Y—leg.
R Eaton, 1st N Y—chest.
J M Cochrane, 186th Penn—arm.
John W Leland, 25th Mass—hip.
Chas Vanson, 3d N H, thigh.
D Bodsman, 3d N Y, thigh.
C L McBaice, 3d New-York, shoulder.
Jno Little, 48th N Y, side.
Edwin Curtis, 85th Pa, leg.
Capt G Wells, 1st N Y Cav—sick.
Sergt M C Grover, 1st N Y Cav—hand.
Q M Sergt T M Foster, 1st N Y Cav—breast.
J W Murray, 55th Pa—arm.
Ober Plumer, 47th New-York—head.
J W Capps, 188th New-York—finger.
L Miller, 188th N Y—hand.
J W Dunbar, 55th Pennsylvania—hand.
G M Rayling, 7th Conn—hip.
Frank McNamara, 7th Ct—hip.
Scott Rees, 9th N Y Cav—sick.
A Shelden, 9th N Y Cav—hand.
George Wileox, 9th N Y Cavalry—hip.
K P Ford, 8th Me—cheek.
F Beale, 8th Me—arm.
Corp A Wormwood, 8th Me—shoulder.
Sergt W A Brown, 8th Me—hand.
J Jenkins, 8th Me—side.
H Schicker, 109th New-York—head.
H Burton, 1st U S Artillery—hand.
A Johnson, 1st U S Artillery—arm.
M Zimmerman, 8th Penn cavalry—hand.
Also ten wounded rebels.
Daniel Nador, 100th N Y—
H Welmouth, 12th Connecticut—foot.
J Connolly, 76th Pennsylvania—hand.
A Murphy, 48th New-York—finger.
Charles Mitchell, 48th New-York—hand.
Patrick Fayy, 48th New-York—leg.
Corp A B White, 3d New-Hampshire—shoulder.
Ed Shrean, 3d N H—arm.
J Varill, 3d N H—hand.
John Hart, 3d N H—hand.
Wm Carroll, 3d New-Hampshire—hand.
J Galvin, 3d N H—hand.
E Slack, 1st N J Cav—ruptured.
B Hutchinson, 1st N J Cav—bruised.
Andrew Briggs, 10th N Y Cav—sick.
John Guissell, 16th N Y Cav—sick.
Harvey Stone, 8th Ill Cav—sick.
Charles Jasner, 96th N Y—finger.
J P Perkins, 93th N Y—sick.
Joseph Chalifour, 96th N Y—hand.
T Dolan, 39th Ill—hand.
Corp L Ketchell, 6th Conn—leg.
Sergt-Major C C Chase, 8th Maine—Mouth.
J E Rogers, 1st D C Cavalry—hand.
J Dinger, 6th Conn—wrist.
J Bruce, 8th Conn—arm.
A Lewis 169th N Y—neck.
G A Hill, 6th Conn—thigh.
L Hanter, 9th Me—shoulder.
— Donivan, 55th Penn—leg.
Pat Hogan, 55th Penn—arm
A Barber, 8th Maine—side.
E T Chapman, 1st Maine Cav—arm.
Sergt John F Hill, 1st Maine Cav—leg.
N L Farrington, 1st Maine Cav—sick.
Sergt John Wyman, 1st Maine Cav—arm.
John Jenkins, 1st Maine Cav—sick.
E Corville, 3d N H—face.
C Shellbrick, 100th N Y—leg.
J Greech, 3d N Y—leg.
A Merrill, 39th Ill—foot.
Jos Heron, 2d U S Ar—sick.
J B Hyde, 7th Conn—breast.
T Defvaugh, 73d N Y—hand.
John Fire, 7th Conn—arm.
G H Young, 7th Conn—arm.
Jas Patter, 9th Me—wrist.
L Lafayette, 118th N Y—arm and thigh.
J Ryan, 2d N H—leg.
J Smith, 7th Conn—arm.
C C Dalph, 7th Conn—side and back.
H M Hallenbaugh, 76th Penn—shoulder.
F A Turtler, 48th New-York—arm.
Wm Lynch, 3d New-Hampshire—thigh.
Fred Bartmacher, 7th Conn—face.
Wm L Bouton, 6th Conn—sick.
J H Holland, 3d N Y—unknown.
R O Connell, 3d N H—unknown.
A F Barnes, 3d N Y—hip.
C Mosier, 3d N Y—ankle.
R F Bowden, 3d N Y—leg.
J F Cragin, 3d N Y—elbow.
C W Harmond, 118th N Y.
John Hackett, 14th N Y.
Thos Kelley, 9th Maine.
James Breslan, 6th Conn.
Corp. J. Burden, 48th New-York.
J Sullivan, 47th N Y.
J M Kelley, 76th Penn.
J W McCool, 188th Penn.
Jas Maley, 7th Conn—leg.
Daniel Haley, 18th Wis—side
C N Bissell, 1st Conn Battery—arm.
Peter Hilton, 3d N H—breast.
C E Colcord, 4th N H—leg.
Albert Alders, 6th Conn—leg.
C F Mason, 11th Me—arm.
J C Fagan, 85th Penn—leg.
Sergt Norman Provost, 6th Connecticut—leg.
Capt John M Tracy, 6th Connecticut—arm.
Sergt Z D Hale, 100th N Y—arm.
J H Hayes, 142d New-York—foot.
J P Fenderson, 9th Maine—sunstruck.
M B Nagle, 7th Conn—sick.
James Passenger, 3d N Y—leg.
E Cosgro, 3d N Y—shoulder.
David Bowser, 55th Penn, shoulder.
David Stormit, 76th Penn, neck.
Jas Miller, 75th Penn, thgh.
Thos Donnell, 76th Pa, leg.

Recruiting in New-Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Thursday, May 19.

The recruiting here for the one hundred day's men is quite lively. Three companies are nearly ready for muster.

The State Treasurer will advertise to-morrow for proposals for State bonds, redeemable as follows: $100,000 on the 1st of January, 1887; $100,000 on the 1st of January, 1888; $100,000 on the 1st of January, 1889, and $100,000 on the 1st of January, 1890, bearing interest at six per cent., and exempt from taxation. The bids will be opened on the 15th of June, 1864.

A Prize Steamer at Boston.

BOSTON, Thursday, May 19.

The prize steamer *Greyhound*, captured off Wilmington, arrived here this afternoon. The famous rebel spy BELLE BOYD is a passenger.

GEN. SHERMAN'S ARMY.

Occupation of Rome and Kingston.

CONTINUED RETREAT OF JOHNSTON.

TRIUMPHAL MARCH OF SHERMAN

Heavy Fighting Going on at Kingston.

THE ARMY BOUND FOR ATLANTA.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

The intelligence received here to-night from Gen. SHERMAN is not only very late, but very gratifying. His army had reached the important town of Kingston, Ga., on the Etowah River, in pursuit of JOHNSTON, which place is 35 miles below Resaca, and less than 60 miles from Atlanta, evidently the point now aimed for by both armies. Rome had also been occupied by a portion of SHERMAN'S army. This news has caused much jubilation here to-night.

The Battle at Mill Creek Gap—An Unsuccessful Assault.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MILL CREEK GAP, ROCKY FACE, Ga.,
Tuesday, May 10, 1864.

A battle was fought at this point on the afternoon of the 8th inst., the primary object of which was to engage the attention of the enemy immediately around Dalton, while McPHERSON was penetrating the mountain at Snake Gap, some six or seven miles further south, and gaining a position in the enemy's rear. The plan was successful, and McPHERSON passed through the defile without opposition. We are here immediately abreast of Dalton, distant four miles, and the mountain pass is strongly fortified. Rocky Face is about one thousand feet in height, and this point difficult of access. There is really no gap, but only a mountain road crossing at a slight depression in the crest.

Two brigades of Gen. GRANT'S division, HOOKER'S corps, made the attack. They were led by Gen. GRANT in person, and much regret was felt by him at the absence of his Third Brigade, which had been detached to support Gen. KILPATRICK in a reconnoissance southward. It was scarcely expected that the pass could be gained by so small a force as 4,000 men, but our men fought resolutely and with great determination, and at one time had gained the crest, but were forced to retire by overwhelming numbers.

In the attack Col. BUSCHBECK'S brigade led the advance, but were speedily reinforced by CANBY'S brigade, which is much the larger. The troops were formed in line of battle at the base of the mountain, the line extending to the right and left of the road leading through the gap.

Skirmishers were thrown forward and the whole force advanced steadily and in good order. Little resistance was offered until quite near the crest, where the acclivity is so steep that it was almost a physical impossibility for the men to retain their footing. On the summit the enemy had a formidable breastwork, from behind which they poured down a merciless fire upon our men.

Gen. GRANT'S orders were to take the position if he could do so without fighting to disadvantage, but in no case to hazard his small command in a futile effort against a larger force in impregnable position. Our men were furiously eager to gain the crest. CANBY'S brigade, which took

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE DRAFT IN THE SECOND DISTRICT.

The draft in the Second District was commenced yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock. The officials present were CAPT. MADDOX, Commissioner CHAS. W. CHESEBRO, Surgeon G. S. WOODWARD, and Col. CHAS. B. MERTON, Recorder of the Board. The office of the Provost-Marshal was at No. 26 Grand-street. There was no excitement during the progress of the drawing, and but few persons were present besides the officials, a squad of police and about thirty members of the Veteran Reserve Corps, under Lieut. S. S. DUGAW.

The first names drawn were from the

SIXTH WARD,

which out of 4,660 names placed in the wheel, had to furnish 100. The following persons were drawn:

Dulis, Wm. 44 Pacific.
Madden, Jer. Sedgwick near Columbia.
Merser, Geo. 105 Union-
Stevens, Jos. H. 549 Colum'a.
Swayne, C. P. 193 Harrison.
Vanlon, M. 102 Degraw.
Singley, D. 39 W Warren.
Van Nostrand, J. no resid'e.
Hogan, Pat. 49 Willow.
Mate, Godfrey 121 Sackett.
Gilbey, Jerry 49 Willow-pl.
Bissell, Jno. 2 Degraw-place.
Foote, — 52 Wilson.
Farrell, F. Van Brunt and President.
Lewis, Thos. F. 398 Hicks.
Burgess, C. 62 Woodhull.
Nichols, W. 22 Woodhull.
Edwards, Geo. 99 Union.
Gardner, J. 114 Degraw.
Blake, Peter 47 Warren.
McCabe, Pat. 318 Hicks.
Condit, S. 137 Atlantic.
Whitman, A. 57 Caroli.
Stoddart, G. 41 President.
Hartnett, J. T. 72 Harrison.
Mulligan, J. 470 Columbia.
Whiting, F. P. 140 Congress.
Bonifoe, C. 52 Van Brust.
Ely, Jas. A. 134 Union.
Besser, Geo. 46 Carroll.
D'Ester, F. 109 Union.
Bierman, J. 48 Hamilton-av.
Buts, C. 1 Woodhull.
McMahon, Ross 42 Carroll.
Kelly, John 68 President.
Clemens, J. R. 194 Sackett.
Burgess, W. 73 Congress.
Christian, A. 99 President.
Helmuth, C. 236 Charles.
Woodward, N. 70 Harrison.
Lee, P.— Hicks.
Walker, J. 2 Union.
Vodges, I. 58 Second-place.
Dally, S. 126 Degraw.
Savage, W. 267 Court.
Dwyer, M. J. 3 Tiffany-pl.
Beiman, J. 64 Union.
Herring, J. Degraw, corner Columbia.
Nelson, A. 2 Pacific.
Yall, S. 2 Pacific.
Jells, Osborne 94 Congress.
Greenwood, Henry Willow and Atlantic.
Murray, Thos. 259 Court.
Carr, Jas. 33 Amity.
Cusick, John 361 Columbia.
Fishley, Lewis 62 Union.
Jones, Wm. 557 Columbia.
Spinola, Jno. 98 Sackett.
Vandyke, A. B B. 410 Henry.
Desk, Chas. 62 2d-place.
Archibald, Jas. 18 Woodhul.
Dunn, R. Amity near Hicks.
Conkell, S. 506 Columbia.
Lait, Chas. H 21 President.
Dwyer, Dennis, 2 Tiffany-place.
Phillips, Jas. 236 Clinton.
Noonan, Jere. 439 Columbia.
Schiebel, Edmu'd 39 Carroll.
Barber, W. Clinton and Union.
Boyer, Chan'y 62 President
Cameron, R. C. 34 Baltic.
McMillan, D. 331 Columbia.
Dewitt, W. R. cor. Degraw.
Ferry, D. 77 Carroll.
Lillie, T. 75 President.
Cornell, H. 43 Columbia.
McMullen, J. 296 Hicks.
Comes, F. 84 Union.
Holstein, H. 66 Hamilton-av.
Thompson, J. 9 President.
Sullivan, E. 9 Carroll.
Brennan, T. 312 Hicks.
Lefferts, J. R. 200 Court.
Spencer, J. A. 169 Clinton.
Rahmor, F. W. 150 Court.
Sweet, John 141 Sackett.
Cassidy, P. 552 Columbia.
Hirst, C. 198 Union.
Stubbell, R. 176 Atlantic.
Sweeny, Thos. 94 Degraw.
Hopkins, J. R. 280 Degraw.
Cullen, W. 99 Pacific.
Kelly, P. 49 Pacific.
Emerson, C. F. 15 Second-pl
Nikerman, W 13 Tompkns-pl
Dodge, W. R. 120 Congress.
Beyles, W. 11 President.
Gelten, G. W. 462 Columbia.
Hopkins, J. 105 Union.
Tenney, T. 1 Van Brunt
Dennis T, Amity, near Columbia.
Dunch, J 328 Hicks.
France, C 116 Degraw.
Burkeman, William 313 Henry.
Corbee, John 136 Sackett.
Lyonson, Fer. 198 Sackett.
Barret, Thos. 302 Hicks.
Avery, Jas. 124 Union.
Schesch, J 447 Columbia.

For the town of

NEW-LOTS,

768 names were placed in the wheel, out of which the following, 18 in number, were drawn,

Heins, Michael, East N. Y.
Fution, Matthias East N. Y.
Duryea, John East N. Y.
Foreman, Peter East N. Y.
Tomas, Amiel New-Lots.
Cliffe, Patrick East N. Y.
Laughet, Fran. Sr., E. N. Y.
Palmer, Geo. W. East N. Y.
Hegeman, Joseph New-Lots.
Reakter, Adolph, East N.Y.
Brown, John New-Lots.
Kennedy, Peter East N.Y.
Wilder, Theo New-Lots.
Bertweetel, G. W. E. N. Y.
Smith, John East N. Y.
Ruland, Nath'l East N. Y.
McGee, Chas. East N. Y.
Relling, Geo. East N. Y.

TOWN OF GRAVESEND.

Number enrolled, 216; drawn, 6.

Mulligan, Chas. Coney Island.
Stillwell, Jacques J. Gravesend.
Battersby, James Neck Lane.
Jackson, Cornelius West Meadow.
Williams, Samuel colored, Coney Island.
Haley, Patrick Sheepshead Bay.

TOWN OF FLATBUSH.

Number enrolled, 487; drawn, 12.

Russell, Thomas
Breeham, Philip
Williams, W H
Staats, Walter
Hamblin, George
Cotton, Joshua
Mitchell, William
Brown, Michael
Bedell, John
Bedell, Thomas
McKeever, J
Lovell, Thomas

TOWN OF FLATLANDS.

Number enrolled, 369; drawn, 8.

Haskett, Peter
Coleman, Ferdinand P
Phelps, Charles
Bergen, Jacob
Smalley, Elbert
Camm, John
Donnelson, John
Lott, Geo L

NEW-UTRECHT.

Number enrolled, 542; drawn, 12.

Krasger, David Bay Ridge.
Hornet, Thos. Fort Hamilton.
Cropsey, Wm. J. Fort Hamilton.
Falsgraf, Philip Bay Ridge.
Gilbert, Thos. Bath.
Contalogroff, Chas. Bay Ridge.
Homan, Sno Fort Hamilton.
Farey, Jno. Fort Hamilton.
McNally, Jas. Fort Hamilton.
Clark, Burnet Bay Ridge.
Vilt, Homan H. Bay Ridge
Kennedy, Wm. Fort Hamilton.
Bennett, David C. Bay Ridge, along shore.

The drawing for yesterday concluded with the

EIGHTH WARD.

Number enrolled 1,220; drawn 29.

Williams, John M. 18th.
Hough, Michael 18th.
Hogan, Henry 4th-av.
Hannah, Henry 53 1st.
Lyman, Jas. 40 17th.
Hamm, Leonard J. 105 12th.
Kimball, Oliver A. 84 17th.
Lehman, William 5th-av., near 14th-st.
Hart, John 25th-st., near 3d-av.
Conklin, Thomas 3d-av. and 16th-st.
Haines, Alex. 9th-st., near 2d-av.
O'Neil, Andrew McCombst., near 4th-st.
Coulter, John 9th-st., near 2d-av.
Gould, Thomas 17th-st., near 4th-av.
Clayton, Henry 114 9th-st.
Frost, Benj. 17th.
Morrow, Cornelius 3d-av.
Dwyer, Michael 3d-av.
Anderson, John 100 9th.
Geffins, Jacob 17th.
Houck, Jacob Douglas.
Constantine, John 16th
Cummings, Thomas 16th-st., near 8th-av.
Macomb, Thomas Macombst., near 4th-av.
Firth, Wm. 21st-st., near 4th-av.
McFastard, Edward 76 15th-st.
Barrows, Robert near river and 3d-av.
Poynton, John corner 21st-st. and 3d-av.
Lurey, Jesse B. corner 17th-st. and 3d-av.

The drawing will be continued to-day in the following wards:

9th Ward	3,086	enrolled	87 to be drawn.
17th Ward	2,305	enrolled	54 to be drawn.
18th Ward	969	enrolled	22 to be drawn.
10th Ward	4,191	enrolled	99 to be drawn.
12th Ward	2,098	enrolled	49 to be drawn.
14th Ward	3,204	enrolled	75 to be drawn.

The New Enrollment.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE DRAFT.

In pursuance of instructions received from the War Department, the Provost-Marshals of this City are preparing to make out a new enrollment of persons liable to a draft,—a labor which will require the services of about forty clerks in each office for a month or longer. All persons not liable to draft, will save themselves much trouble by immediately securing their exemptions at the offices where they may be enrolled. Persons liable to duty, can secure exemptions for three years, if drafted, by furnishing an alien as a substitute.

The following order to the Provost-Marshals has been issued by Gen. HAYS:

OFFICE OF THE A. A. PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL, AND SUPERINTENDENT VOLUNTEER RECRUITING SERVICE, SOUTHERN DIVISION OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, May 10, 1864.

CIRCULAR No. 46.—The following telegram from the Provost-Marshal General has been received:

Brig.-Gen Wm. Hays, A. A. Provost-Marshal-General:

Require Boards of Enrollment in your State to commence immediately and carry out promptly and thoroughly the sixth section of the amended Enrollment Act. Let the boards appoint and put the necessary enrolling officers to duty without delay, and let the questions of striking from the list the names of persons not liable to duty be determined by the boards as promptly as practicable. It is desired to get a revised and perfected enrollment at the earliest day possible. Whenever the execution of this order conflicts or interferes with orders or duties connected with the current draft, it must yield and be suspended as far as may be necessary to give precedence to the business of the draft.

JAMES R. FRY, Provost-Marshal-General.

The A. A. Provost-Marsal-General directs that the Provost-Marshals, in this Division, carry the above instructions into effect as soon as practicable.

E. C. BROWNSON, Assist. Adjutant-General.

The following telegram from Gen. FRY was received by Gen. HAYS yesterday morning. It shows the benefits of securing a correct enrollment:

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1864.

Brig.-Gen. Wm. Hays, A. A. Provost-Marshal-General:

Let the revision of the enrollment be pushed to completion at the earliest possible day, and make known to the people that it is plainly for the interest of each town, Ward, &c., to have stricken from the list all names improperly enrolled, because an excess of names increases the quota called for such town, Ward, &c. It is equally for the interest of each person enrolled in a given town or Ward, to place upon the list all persons in his town, Ward, &c., liable to do military duty, because the greater the number to be drawn from, the less chance that any particular individual will be drawn, as it is the personal interest of every enrolled man that the quota in which he is concerned shall not be made too large, and that his own chances for draft shall not be unjustly increased; and as both these objects will be attained by striking out the wrong names and putting in the right ones, there can be no difficulty in securing the coöperation of citizens for the purpose of making a correct enrollment.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal-General.

The Metropolitan Fair.

THE CITIZENS OF HARLEM.

The Committee of the Ladies Union Aid Society of Harlem publish the following card:

The Committee of "The Ladies Union Aid Society of Harlem" wish to thank the citizens of Harlem for the many liberal contributions made by them in aid of the Metropolitan Fair for the benefit of the United States Sanitary Commission, and especially the ladies and pupils of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, for their valuable gifts, also the First Baptist Church of New-York, the Columbian vocalists under direction of Mr. CHAS. MCGREGOR, Mr. A. R. TULLY, and Mr. PATTON, for their patriotic coöperation and generous aid.

The committee would further state that they have paid to the Treasurer of the Metropolitan Fair $3,883 86, which sum will be considerably augmented by the proceeds of the sale of a few articles not yet reported to them. By order of the Committee.

MRS. J. L. COLBY, Secretary.
MRS. J. H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

HARLEM, May 18, 1864.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—(Short causes.)—Nos. 1923, 2238, 2239, 2082, 2108, 2054, 2199, 2211, 2092, 2216. *Part II.*—No. 73 Duane-street.—Nos. 392, 473, 366, 78, 1180, 1248, 1540, 1584, 1636, 1522, 220, 626, 762, 142, 681, 1534, 1166, 1338, 888, 404.

SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 180, 221, 264, 281, 284, 269, 282, 62.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Part I.*—Nos. 905, 4411, 4503, 4505, 4507, 4509, 4511, 4513, 4515, 4517, 4519, 4521, 4523, 4525, 4527, 4529, 4531, 4533, 4535, 4539, 4541, 4543, 4545, 4547, 4549, 4551, 4553, 4555, 4557, 4559, 4561, 4563, 4569, 4571, 4573, 4575, 4577, 4579, 4581, 4583, 4585, 4587, 4589, 4591, 4593, 4595. *Part II.*—Nos. 2770, 3340, 3720, 3814, 3794, 3820, 3824, 3830, 3832, 3834, 3836, 3838, 3840, 3842, 3844.

The Kohnstamm Frauds—Developments as to the Extent and Magnitude of Prisoner's Transactions.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Justice Nelson.

The trial of Salomon Kohnstamm was resumed yesterday morning. Shortly before the opening of the court, Hon. William M. Evarts, who arrived home from Europe on Wednesday, appeared and took his seat as one of the counsel for the accused. The crowd in the court-room was very dense, and exceedingly German.

The first witness was *John Bauer*, recalled. [Heustzer's bill shown witness.] The filling in is in Vincent's handwriting; the entries in Heustzer's book at page 100 are in my handwriting; I was ordered by Kohnstamm to go to Heustzer's piece, and I made there the entries in his book to correspond to the particulars in the bill; Kohnstamm told me to tell Heustzer that somebody might come to see if this was correct, and he must say that the entries were all right; I have seen Dering in Kohnstamm's office; did not see the check given to Dering. [Exhibit No. 143 shown witness.] The body of this bill is in my handwriting; Bessold, a runner in the office of Kohnstamm, brought it to me and told me to make it out.

By the Court.—Bessold told me how large to make out the bill, about $2,200 he said; I asked him how many men, he said about 75; then I made out the bill for enough days' rations and lodgings to make up that amount of $2,200; then Bessold went away and got the signature of a man named Killian, and he sold it to Mr. Kohnstamm; I was present when he sold it to Kohnstamm; I think he sold it for about $300 or $350; after the bill was in Kohnstamm's possession, he told me to go to Killian's house and make entries in his books to correspond with the items in the bill; Killian had a small book, and in his house I wrote in his book the list to correspond with the items in the bill; I believe that the bill was false; it seemed that there was not so much due.

Cross-examined.—Never knew Killian before; never knew Bessold; by a runner I mean a man who went out to hunt up claims; I was not a runner; I received a compensation for specific jobs; sometimes made out bills for other parties; was engaged in no other occupation except for Mr. Kohnstamm; I think I did not know that it was cheating to make out these bills; I did as Mr. Kohnstamm told me; Mr. Kohnstamm gave me a list, and told me to enter the items in Heustzer's book, and to tell him that if a certain officer from the disbursing office came there, to say that it was a correct list of the men and rations; Mr. Kohnstamm did not pay me a regular salary; when I first came there Kohnstamm said: "Bauer, I engage you; I think I make a big man of you;" then he sent me down to the disbursing office to see if any men were there trying to get claims paid and to bring them to him; I did not know that it was intended to defraud the Government; Killian kept a lager-bier saloon in Chatham-st.; do not think all the articles in his saloon were worth more $250; I made out this bill, and think that I was present when Bessold sold the bill to Kohnstamm; when I went to Killian I told Killian that Kohnstamm sent me to make these entries in his book; do not recollect whether we gave him a book or not; Kohnstamm told me to say to him that if a certain officer came there, that he should say the book was correct; it was not till later that I suspected these to be frauds; I suspected that Bessold had not so many bills as he sold; Bessold wore the uniform of a Captain; the items of these bills were made out to suit the amount; Bessold had no items; I sold my own bill to Mr. Kohnstamm; about the time of Kohnstamm's arrest I handed over a lot of papers to Eisenzer; some of them might have been bills; some other bills I burned; I knew Mr. Weisegerber; she is in court; she was the landlady of the house where the business was carried on; I have talked with her, and told her that I made out bills; I told her that I made money that way; after I left the court yesterday, I went into the District-Attorney's office to ask how long this matter would go on; I was there again this morning; do not know how long I was there; have been in the employ of a man named Allen; he is in the National Police Office at Chicago; was in his employ for a number of months; my business was an honest business; the nature of it was to do what he told me; it was writing on foolscap and note paper; have received no compensation in this case.

Re-direct.—I am now a member of the firm of Morris & Co., grocers; I told Mr. Kohnstamm that I would not make out any more bills for Bessold, he had too many of them; Bessold went into Mr. Kohnstamm's, and Kohnstamm came out and told me to make out Bessold's bill. [Exhibit No. 83 shown witness.] That bill is in my handwriting; that man, Schober, came into the office, and Mr. Kohnstamm told me to make out his bill for $1,608; I made it out; I believe Schober got about $200 for the bill; I saw Mr. Bauch hand him some money; heard it was $200; Mr. Schober signed the bill for $1,600 in my presence; Kohnstamm was there.

Cross-examined.—Schober was dressed in citizen's clothes; I believe he is here in scout; I knew Colonel, the Baron Egloffstein; went to see him by direction of Kohnstamm; he was at the Brevoort House; have seen him at Kohnstamm's place of business several times; I had no item for this bill; I asked Schober what time he commenced receiving troops in his house; he told me, and I made it out; Baron Egloffstein certified it; do not know where Schober lived.

Re-direct—Mr. Schober is now in court; I have made out a great many of these bills; in some I had a list, and some I had none.

George Schober sworn for the prosecution—I live at No. 206 Centre-street; formerly kept a boarding-house and lager-bier saloon in Howard-street; the exact amount of the real bill that I claimed for boarding soldiers that I spoke of at Kohnstamm's office was $203; I had no other claim; Kohnstamm paid me $200; the bill as made out at Kohnstamm's office was not all shown me; the amount of the bill over $203 is a swindle.

By the Court—When I came to Kohnstann's office, I brought the true bill; this is not the bill; it was for $203.

Cross-examined—I know Col. Egelloffstein; he had men at my house, when he was recruiting; the original bill was rejected in the office at White-street, because it was not made out in proper shape; five or six others that were made out were rejected for the same reason; then Col. Egelloffstein told me to go to Kohnstann's office, and have him make out a bill for me; the bill was made out then, and I signed it, and got my money. Kohnstann was in an adjoining office, when I got my money; I paid nothing for making out the bill; I gave no items from which to make out the bill; I gave the original bill.

Re-direct—I presented my honest bill of $203 at the disbursing office at White-street, and it was rejected over twenty times, because they said it was not made out right; then I was directed to go to Kohnstamm's office and get my money; I never made any claim to the disbursing office or to Kohnstamm for over $203.

Patrick Quirk, sworn for the prosecution—In 1862 I lived in East Thirteenth-street [Exhibit No. 17 shown witness;] my signature to all these bills, orders and other papers is a forgery and a poor attempt; I never subsisted any troops.

Cross-examined—I can write; neither of these signatures is mine; I know Capt. J. T. Maguire, whose name is signed to these papers; never have seen him write his name; the Government never owed me a cent, and I never received any money on this claim. [Another paper shown witness.] This is not my signature to this paper; I cannot explain it; I lived at the number mentioned in the bill—that is all I know about it; nobody ever spoke a word to me about this claim; Maguire lived next; never knew Kohnstamm, or had anything to do with him, or spoke to him in my life.

William Roll sworn for the prosecution. I have been blind for five years past; I have worked for Steinway & Son since I have been blind; I have kept a lager beer saloon in Suffolk-street; my wife attended to the business.

[Exhibit 633 and 639 produced.] Mr. Pierrepont stated that one of them was for $1,366, the other for $88.

Q.—Did you have any claim on the Government for $1,366 or $88? A.—Never one cent; I never made or had any claim against the Government, or had any business with them; I never signed any bill or paper, except a lease referring to my house, since I have been blind.

By the Court.—I do not know Charles F. Leutze, Captain of Company D, Forty-fifth Regiment; I can only remember the name of a man named Lueiz, who lived opposite my house, but whether he was a Captain or no, I do not know.

Cross-examined.—Mr. Brady to the interpreter: "Ask this gentleman if he will oblige us by writing his name on a piece of paper." Paper and ink ware given to witness and he wrote his name. The signature, as written by him in court, and the alleged forged name on the bills and vouchers, were handed to the jury for their inspection.

Question by a Juror—Has the witness never written with a pen since he was blind, except on the lease and this time? A.—I have often signed my name, but only in my household affairs.

There never was a recruiting office in my house. Capt. Meinocht never spoke to me about signing a paper. Witness desired the interpreter to say that he never had anything to do with any such swindle; that he never had anything to do with any Colonel, Captain or corporal, in relation to this or any other claim.

John Bauer recalled—[Quirk's bill shown witness.] The body of this bill is in a hand writing unknown to me; the order attached to Roll's bill is in Banks' handwriting.

Cross-examined—I do not know, but I think I have seen Maguire; I have never seen Quirk's bill before; neither have I had any money for it.

Peter Dolan sworn for the prosecution. [Voucher No. 664 shown witness, being a bill for $2,004 80 against the Government, and paid by a check on Sub-Treasury.] Never lodged any soldiers; the signatures to these bills are forgeries; I never received any soldiers or boarded any, or had any claim against the Government, or pretended to have.

Cross-examined.—I know W. W. Croft and Capt. Marrist; I never subsisted any soldiers; there was a man named Croft and a man named O'Connor came to my place of business and wanted me to sign a bill against the Government; I told him I had no bill against the Government, and could not sign a paper that I knew nothing about; never knew Kohnstamm or Bauck, or Vincent, or Bauer.

John Bauer recalled.—The order attached to Dolan's bill is in Bauck's hand-writing.

John Bauer recalled.—The order attached to Dolan's bill is in Bauch's hand-writing.

Mr. Kerr recalled.—Was a clerk in Capt. Sardand's United States Disbursing Office. [Killian's bill shown witness.] The endorsement purports that the bill was paid Aug. 2; Schober's, Quirr's, Roll's and Dolan's bills are all marked paid in my handwriting.

Mr. Hughes recalled—Am also a clerk in the Disbursing office. The witness testified to certain marks on the bills that proved that they passed through the United States Disbursing office in the regular course.

Frederick Avery sworn for the prosecution—In July, 1862, I was clerk in the United States Mustering office. [Check-book shown witness.] Witness read a check to Salomon Kohnstamm, for $13,070 signed by Capt. Larnard, and testified that it was drawn by him at Capt. Larnard's directions; the Killian bill was included in this check. [Counsel for defence admitted that the check had been paid.] Kohnstamm was often at the office; on the 15th of July, 1862, Capt. Larnard handed me several bills, and asked me to look at the bills, and see if they were correct; Kohnstamm was sitting by; I objected to most of them, if not the whole; in two of the bills the signature of the officers certifying them were forgeries, and I so stated; he wished me to show if they were forgeries, and I did so; Kohnstamm after my collection of these bills; Col. Sackett appointed me in the disbursing office; on the 21st of July, Capt. Larnard discharged me, because he said that I spoke of forged bills. [Letter of Capt. Larnard to witness, discharging, produced, and read in evidence.] I communicated the facts within my knowledge to the Adjutant-General; I addressed two statements to the Secretary of War; I know Mr. Vincent; never spoke to him about dealing in bills against Government; never sold any bills. [Bill shown witness.] I identify this as one of the bills handed to me by Capt. Larnard, and which I saw was forged; the signature of Emil Leost, Lieutenant-Colonel, is different from his other signatures in the office.

Re-direct—Never heard what became of Larnard; received the letter from him on the 23d of July.

Capt. Carr recalled—Schober's bill was paid, and is included in the check for $15,500 given to Kohnstamm's order.

Cross-examination—Most large checks were drawn to order; Kohnstamm's checks were all drawn to order at his request.

Isaac B. P. Reeves—Came to the disbursing office on the 25th of August, 1862; I am an officer of the United States; witness identified the check for $9,000 given to Kohnstamm, and testified that Doian's and Roll's bills were included in that check; knew Capt. Larnard and knew Kohnstamm; talked with Kohnstamm about the house that Larnard occupied; he said that he rented the house.

Cross-examined—Capt. Larnard had been in service since the commencement of the war.

After some unimportant testimony in regard to the payment of these claims, the prosecution rested, and the hour for adjournment having arrived, the Court adjourned until this morning at 11 o'clock.

Argument of Criminal Cases—Technical Objections to the Indictment.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Leonard, Clerke and Welles.

People vs. *Patrick Byrne.*—In this case Byrne was convicted in the General Sessions in February last of grand larceny, in stealing a watch, chain and seal, valued altogether at $63. He was sentenced to the State Prison for four years and nine months. The case was appealed, Counsel for the prisoner claiming that the articles alleged to have been stolen were not definitely enough set forth in the indictment.

The District-Attorney contended that the indictment was sufficiently explicit in setting forth the articles charged to have been stolen, and being so, no defect in names and designations could be questioned after verdict. Decision was resumed.

H. L. Clinton for prisoner; A. Oakey Hall for people.

People vs. *Charles Roberts.*—The prisoner, Roberts, was convicted of robery and sentenced to confinement for life. His case was appealed, on the ground that the indictment was defective in stating the defence.

People vs. *Henry Engle.*—This prisoner was convicted of burglary in the first degree, and the appeal in the case was based on the same technical objections to the indictment as taken in the above cases. Decision reserved.

L. H. Stuart for prisoner; A. Oakey Hall for people.

Columbia College Law Class Admitted to the Bar.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Leonard, Clerke and Welles.

The following graduates of the Columbia College Law School yesterday appeared in court, and on motion of Prof. Theodore W. Dwight, were admitted to the Bar and signed the roll of Attorneys: Hiram R. Dixon, Jesse Donovan, Thos. B. Connery, Richard Armstrong, Samuel E. Evans, Wm. A. O. Hegemord, Wm. H. Hoes, Burrell Hoffman, Harlow M. Hoyt, Arthur M. Lee, Albert McNulty, J. Franklin McVeagh, Israel Minon, Jr., Aug. N. Morris, Charles H. Munday, Charles W. Ogden, Frank A. Otis, Henry D. Phelps, Albert A. Benwell, Russell A. Seaman, Wm. Shrady, Fred. W. Stevens, John Stout, Sidney H. Stuart, Fred. Swartz, Richard S. Van Buskirk, Robert K. Weeks and Buchanan Muthross.

More Lawyers—"Plenty of Room in the Front."

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Leonard, Clerke and Welles.

Admitted to the Bar.—The following list of fresh candidates for forensic fame were recommended by the examiner for admission to the Bar. They should each remember the words of Rufus Choate, when asked by a young man concerning the chances in entering upon the profession of the law. He answered: "There is plenty of room in the front:"

Charles D. Adams, Wyllys P. Baxter, Edward F. Brown, Wm. H. Bertling, Hilard D. Batcheller, Ben. K. Brown, James Y. Byanter, John C. Bushnell, Robert H. Bulkley, John H. Cornell, Joseph C. Cram, James Campbell, Abraham S. Conen, Thomas Cushing, Edward A. Davis, Henry E. Fitzsimmons, Stephen R. Fisk, Formon Whitney, Samuel B. House, Richard M. Henry, Peter Kelley, William G. Lathrop, Jr., Wm. V. Leary, Harmon Molberger, Howard H. Morse, Geo. W. Monell, Gratz Nathan, Erastus New, Dan. J. Noyes, Michael T. O'Brien, John J. Reilly, Wm. E. Rogers, N. A. Prentiss, Ben. F. Pinckney, Jacob P. Solomon, John C. Shaw, John McSutherland, Winthrop Sergeant, Irving C. Smith, Chas. Vincent, John Whipple, David E. Watkins.

Replevin—A Question of Fact Disposed of.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Monell.

Alexis E. M'Ilvaine et al. vs. *Israel Slocumb.*—The plaintiff seeks to recover $1,700, the value of a quantity of bacon shipped at this port on board the *Malta* for Liverpool by John Rea & Co., of which vessel defendant was master. The plaintiffs sold the bacon to the firm of John Rea & Co., in May, 1863. On the 25th of that month John Rea & Co. confessed judgment to a brother of one of the firm for the sum of $41,000. It is alleged that this bacon was purchased a few days before the confession of judgment and immediately shipped on the *Malta* for Liverpool, with intent to defraud plaintiffs. The plaintiffs notified the defendant that they intended to stop the goods, and before the vessel sailed they seized them by writ of replevin. The defendant claims that the goods were received in good faith from Rea & Co.; that the bills of lading had been given and forwarded to Europe; that he had a lien on them for freight, and that he had been damaged to the extent of $2,000 by the breaking up of his cargo. Verdict for defendant, with an allowance of $112 damages.

Man & Parsons for plaintiffs; Hawkins & Western for defendant

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Barnard.

Evans vs. *Truberlier.*—The costs as taxed by the Clerk, $157, allowed.

McNamara vs. *Sexton.*—The commissioner must take into consideration the lease to Bernstein.

Vallening vs. *Miller.*—Case sent to Justice Foster for hearing.

Scott vs. *Perkins.*—Motion granted for May 27.

Hagan vs. *Solomon.*—Order settled.

Black vs. *Babcock.*—Motion granted on payment of all the costs subsequent to the service of the summons, and $10 costs of motion.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MAY 19, 1864.

$3,000	U. S. 6s,'81...C	114¾	100	Hud. R. R.	s10 155
1,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C		700	do	156¼
	Small	107⅜	155	do	156¼
15,500	do...Large	107	100	do	154⅝
5,000	do	106⅞	100	do	154⅛
3,000	do	106¾	100	Harlem R.	280
3,000	U. S. 5s,'74...C	104⅜	50	do	276
5,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr. C..	96⅜	2800	Reading R.	145
50,000	Ind. State 5s	88	400	do	144¾
2,000	N. C. State 6s	60	400	do	145
2,000	Mo. State 6s	71⅜	300	do	144
3,000	Mo. 6s, issued to Pac. R.	79	2000	do	b10 145
5,000	Ohio & Miss. C.	85	400	Mich. Cen. R.	146
50,000	do	85⅜	300	do	146¾
10,000	do	b30 56	100	M. S. & N. I. R.	b30 101
30,000	O. & M. Pref. C	90	200	do	101¼
2,000	N. Y. Cen 6s	111	10	do	100
5,000	E. 5th M. Bs	120	800	do	100⅝
1,000	Mich. So. S. F. B	111	200	do	100⅝
1,000	Alton & T. H., 2d M. Pref	95	100	do	100⅝
5,000	Al. & T. H. In.	87	100	M. S. & N. I. R. G. S.	141⅜
5,000	C. & N. W. 1st M.	95	100	do	141⅜
1,800	A. & T. B. 1st M.	109¼	100	Ill. Cen. Scrip.	s10 134⅜
11,000	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	118	500	do	134⅜
3,000	At. & W. 1st M.		200	do	133⅞
	Ohio Div.	100	100	do	133⅞
5,000	Am. Gold	181⅝	300	do	133¾
20,000	do	181⅞	100	do	133¾
	11 Continental Bank	103	400	Cleve. & Pitts. R.	116⅝
	20 Shoe & Leath. Bk.	107	1800	do	116⅜
	5 Fourth Nat. Bank	100	100	do	116⅜
400	Canton Co	47	600	do	116¼
200	do	46⅜	1000	do	116
200	do	46	15	Gal. & Chi. R.	132
200	do	47⅜	300	do	134¾
100	do	47	400	Cle. & Tol. R.	154⅜
100	Del. & H. Ca. Co	231	1200	do	154⅜
100	Cen. Coal	73	500	do	s10 154⅜
100	Consold. Coal	90	300	do	b30 155
500	do	82⅜	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	118
400	Qtz. Hill M. Co	15	100	do	119
100	Cham. Coal Pf	79	400	do	118⅝
100	do	78⅜	600	Cle. & Tol. R.	122⅝
100	do	s10 78	300	Gal. & Chi. R.	124
200	do	78	500	do	118⅜
800	do	78	100	do	b30 119¾
28	do	77	100	do	s60 117⅜
100	do	78¼	400	do	118¼
385	do	79	100	Chi., B. & Q. R.	130
280	Am. Coal Co	100	900	do	131
800	Quick. M. Co	74	450	Mil. & P. Du C. R.	71
10	Minn. Mining Co	60	50	do	71
50	Can. Am. Transit	50	100	do	72
200	Cepake Iron M	12¾	1200	Toledo & Wab R.	73
100	Bucks Co. Lead	1¾	250	Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	119
400	Mariposa M. Co	35¾	900	do	118¾
200	do	35¾	900	do	118
100	do	36	100	Alt. & T. H.	67
100	N. Y Cen. R.	135	200	do	s15 67¾
300	do	134¾	200	Chic. & N. W.	63
300	do	134⅝	600	do	63¼
225	do	134¾	200	do	62¾
100	Erie R.	116¾	800	do	62¾
600	do	116¾	500	do	b10 62¾
400	do	116⅝	100	Chic. & N. W. Pref.	87
1000	do	116¾	100	do	87¼
400	do	116⅞	80	Chic. & Alt. R.	94¾
24	Erie Pref.	108¾	50	do	95¾
200	do	108¾	100	Chic. & Al. Pref.	97
300	do	108¾	200	Mar. & Cin. 1st P.	78
100	Miss. & Mo. R.	52	50	Cin., Ham. & D.	134

SECOND BOARD.

$6,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C	114	300	Mich. Cen	146
5,000	U. S. 5-20s...C.	106⅝	300	do	b30 146¾
50	Canton Co	45	400	do	146⅝
500	Cumb. Coal P.	s10 78¾	450	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	141
400	do	78⅝	500	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	131
100	Quicksil. M. Co	73⅛	600	do	130⅜
350	Pacific M. S. Co	231	300	Clev. & Pitts	114
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	134	100	do	114⅜
30	do	134⅜	100	do	114⅜
300	Erie R.	115⅜	700	Gal. & Chi	122
200	do	115⅛	100	do	122
100	do	115⅛	200	Cleve. & Tol. R.	153
200	M. S. & N. I.	99	100	do	152
400	do	98⅜	250	Chi. & R. I.	117
200	do	98¼	100

DRY GOODS.

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A NEW AND GREAT INVENTION IN HOOP SKIRTS.
THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) STEEL SPRING.
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Very flexible, folded easily when in use to occupy a small space, making the most agreeable skirt worn.
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FOR LIGHTNESS, ELASTICITY, ELEGANCE, DURABILITY, AND COMFORT,
is superior to all others.
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PLIABLE, GRACEFUL AND COMFORTABLE SKIRT EVER WORN.
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MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF
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AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.

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Call early if you want choice styles at a bargain.

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Tambord, Application and Nottingham Vestibule Laces, lace and muslin Draperies.
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all kinds, grained, gilt or wooden, of the newest styles, at reasonable prices.
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SOLOMON & HART,
Have now ready a large supply of all kinds of the above goods (which they offer to parties furnishing houses), consisting of
SATIN, BROCATEL and DAMASK for CURTAINS,
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Also, CORNICES and TRIMMINGS.

WINDOW SHADES of all descriptions, put up in the best manner.

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Have just imported a fine stock
BROCATELS, SATINS,
PLUSHES, LASTINGS,
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and every variety of COVERINGS of the LATEST STYLES and NEWEST DESIGNS.

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SOLOMON & HART,
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IMPORTERS OF PAPER HANGINGS,
Have just received in store a
MAGNIFICENT VARIETY OF
FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS,
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STRAW BONNETS AND HATS
For ladies and children,
In great variety,
Trimmed or untrimmed,
At low prices.
Also, a fine stock of
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REID & BROTHER,
No. 367 Bowery, east side, near 4th-st., two blocks from Broadway.

SUMMER BLANKETS.

A new lot just received, very suitable as sheets for invalids.
QUILTS,
All sizes and descriptions, and in every variety. At retail.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

R. H. MACY.
NOW OPEN
OUR SPRING IMPORTATION OF KID GLOVES,
ELEGANT SHADES,
BEST QUALITY,
AT LOW PRICES.
NOS. 204 AND 206 SIXTH-AVENUE,
TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.

LINEN SHEETINGS

9-4	10-4	11-4	12-4

wide.
PILLOW LINENS
all widths and qualities. At retail.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

AWNING STRIPES.

A fine assortment of plain and fancy Stripes in Linen or Cotton, at retail.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADway, all kinds of children's cloaks and suits, dresses, blankets, jaconets, corsets, chemises, infants' waists, aprons, bibs, baskets, &c., &c.; ladies' embroidered chemises and nightgowns, yokes; ladies' ready-made under-garments, fluted handkerchiefs, &c.; initials and coats of arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bed-clothes; braiding, cotton and silk embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroiderers and braiding executed perfectly.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS.—MRS. ELGER HAS the best and cheapest assortment in the City. Nice fitting Corsets from $1; new shape skirts, best steels, our own make from etc. Also, Werley's Paris made patent Corsets. Misses' corsets, pads, steels, busts, &c., &c. N. B.—Crochet and needle-work edgings, frillings, ruffings, real and imitation laces, for dress trimmings and under-garments. Ladies and Children's plain hem-stitched and embroidered handkerchiefs very cheap. Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A LOT OF GOOD NEW and second-hand carpets, velvet, Brussels, axminster and ingrain. Also, one elegant rosewood piano, four round corners 7-octave and City made, and a quantity of other furniture but little used. Inquire at BENDULL'S, Nos. 209 and 211 Hudson-st., cor ner of Canal.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN desires to correspond with some sweet angel in short dresses, with a view to fun and social acquaintance. Address H. T., Station D.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION NOTICE
WE BEG TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF ALL BUYERS TO OUR FOLLOWING SALES.
THIS DAY, (FRIDAY,) MAY 20,
LARGE REGULAR SALE OF
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
CATALOGUES AND GOODS NOW READY.
ALSO,
ON MONDAY NEXT, MAY 23,
400 CASES STRAW AND P. L. LACE GOODS,
INCLUDING CHOICE ASSORTMENTS OF NEW GOODS
MANUFACTURED FOR THIS SEASON'S SALES.
WM. TOPPING & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
NOS. 9 AND 11 PARK-PLACE, AND
8 MURRAY-STREET.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., Auctioneers.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

JAMES B. COLGATE, assignee of the estate of the late firm of Beebee & Co., of the City of New-York, will sell at public auction, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, on the 28th day of May, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesrooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, the following described lots of land, and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter mentioned:

1. A lot of land in the City of New-York, situated on the easterly side of Broadway, one hundred and twenty-six feet five inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of Broadway and 49th st., said lot being twenty-five feet three inches front, twenty-five feet one inch rear, and extending back from Broadway to a point distant ninety feet westerly from the westerly line of 7th-av.

This lot will be sold subject to a mortgage of $1,700, which the purchaser must assume, and also subject to the inchoate right of dower of Mrs. Geo. W. Beebee.

2. A lot of land in New-York City, on the easterly side of Broadway, one hundred and one feet two inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of Broadway and 49th-st., said lot being twenty-five feet three inches front, twenty-five feet one inch rear, and extending back from Broadway to a point distant ninety feet westerly from the westerly line of 7th-av.

This lot will be sold subject to a mortgage of $1,750, which the purchaser must assume, and also subject to the inchoate right of dower of Mrs. Geo. W. Beebee.

3. A lot of land in New-York City, on the easterly side of Broadway, twenty-five feet five inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of Broadway and 49th-st., said lot being twenty-five feet one inch in front and rear, and ninety feet in depth on each side.

This lot will be sold subject to a mortgage of $1,900 which the purchaser must assume, and also subject to the inchoate right of dower of Mrs. Geo. W. Beebee.

4. A lot of land in New-York City, on the westerly side of 7th-av., one hundred feet five inches northerly from the northwesterly corner of 7th-av. and 49th-st., said lot being twenty-five feet one inch in front and rear, and ninety feet in depth on each side.

This lot will be sold subject to a mortgage of $1,100, which the purchaser must assume, and also subject to the inchoate right of dower of Mrs. Geo. W. Beebee.

5. A lot of land in New-York City, on the westerly side of 7th-av., twenty-five feet two inches northerly from the northwesterly corner of 7th-av. and 49th-st., said lot being twenty-five feet and one inch in front and rear, and ninety feet in depth on each side.

This lot will be sold subject to a mortgage of $1,100, which the purchaser must assume, and also subject to the inchoate right of dower of Mrs Geo. W. Beebee.

All the lots hereinbefore described are held by James B. Colgate, as assignee of Samuel J. and George W. Beebee, and will be sold as above specified in single lots. The Assignee will give his quit-claim deed to the purchaser. Ten per cent. of the amount bid and the auctioneer's fees must be paid down on the day of sale, and the remainder in twenty days.

JAMES B. COLGATE, Assignee of Beebee & Co.
ANDREWS, COLBY & THOMPSON, Assignee's Attorneys, No. 47 Wall-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF FIRST-CLASS STOCKS AND BONDS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on SATURDAY, May 21, 1864, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Samuel T. Hillman, Esq., executor of Wm. Hillman, deceased:

$3,600 United States 7 3-10s, of 1861.
$7,000 United States 5-20s, of 1862.
$1,000 Treasury Certificate, 1864, 6 per cent.
$24,000 Hudson River Railroad 7 per cent. Second Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, due 1885.

Shares.		Each.
70	Corn Exchange Bank	$100
40	Marine Bank	50
80	Metropolitan Bank	100
20	Bank of Commerce	100
40	United States Trust Co	100
20	Manhattan Life Insurance Co	50
80	Corn Exchange Insurance Co	50
100	Lorillard Fire Insurance Co	25

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON LEONARD-STREET AND WEST BROADWAY.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 24, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of B. F. & G. H. Johnson, Executors of John Johnson, deceased, the following described real estate, viz.:

WEST BROADWAY AND LEONARD-ST.—The lot of land, with the four-story brick building thereon, situate on the southeast corner of Leonard-st. and West Broadway, known as No. 40 Leonard-st., being 25 feet 6 inches in width by 74 feet 3¼ inches in depth.

WEST BROADWAY.—The three-story brick front house and lot on the east side, between Worth and Leonard sts., known as No. 73. Lot 21 feet 9 inches by 58 feet 6 inches.

Two-story frame house and lot on the east side of West Broadway, between Worth and Leonard sts., and known as No. 71. Lot 20 by 25 feet 6 inches. These last two parcels are entitled to a right of way over an alley passing between them.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1864.

SALE OF CONDEMNED CLOTHING, CAMP AND GARRISON EQUIPAGE, TENT CUTTINGS, &c.

Will be sold at public auction, at Government Warehouse, No. 6, 17th-st., between H and I sts., Washington City, D. C., at 12 o'clock M., THURSDAY, May 26, 1864, under the supervision of Capt. D. G. Thomas, M. S. K., U. S. A., a large lot of stores condemned as unfit for public service, viz.:

Infantry and cavalry coats and trowsers, shirts, drawers, stockings, felt hats, caps, trumpets, bugles, flags, drums, tents, tent poles, mess pans, camp kettles, spades, shovels, knapsacks, haversacks, bed sacks, &c., &c., &c.

Also, about sixty (60) tons of tent cuttings.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

Successful bidders will be required to remove the stores within five (5) days from date of sale.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier General and Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington, D. C.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell the following described stocks at auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 25, 1864, at 12½ o'clock, viz.:

$4,000 Illinois 6 per cent. Coupon Bonds of 1862.
$1,000 Illinois 6 per cent. Coupon Bonds of 1870.
$2,000 North Carolina 6 per cent. Coupon Bonds of 1899.

These stocks will be sold by virtue of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, entitled "An act to establish a general system of banking, and the amendments thereto," said stocks being the assets of the Bank of Ashland, now in liquidation.

JESSE K. DUBOIS,
Auditor of the State of Illinois.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO, mirrors, &c.—ON GOOD & COOKE will sell THIS DAY, FRIDAY, May 20, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 16 Dey-st., near Broadway, a large assortment of household furniture, consisting of elegant 7-octave rosewood piano, with splendid carved case; two gilt frame French plate pier mirrors, two suites rosewood parlor furniture in plush and brocatelle, oak dining-room suite in morocco, rosewood stageres, centre table, extension dining table, sofas, arm chairs, tete-a-tetes, hat racks, wardrobe, carved rosewood bedsteads, black walnut bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus to match, washstands, pier tables, lounges, divans, hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, spring beds, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil cloths, matting, cottage furniture, lace and brocatelle window curtains, shades, standing and sitting desks, office stools, a large assortment of kitchen ware, refrigerators, &c., with which the sale will commence.

D. D. CAULKINS, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—D. D. CAULKINS & CO. will sell this day, (FRIDAY) May 20, at 10½ o'clock precisely, all the costly furniture, paintings, rosewood drawing-room suites, elegant 7-octave piano-forte, mirrors, &c., in the residence No. 218 14th-st., near 8th-av., consisting of very elegant pier and mantel mirrors, lace and brocade curtains, rich carved rosewood etageres, with mirror fronts; three solid rosewood parlor suites, in satin; rosewood centre tables, piano-forte, stool and cover; oil-paintings, Turkish easy chairs, elegant china vases and other mantel ornaments; ask dining-table, chairs, china tea and dinner sets, cut glassware; a large assortment of fine silverware, ivory, cutlery, together with an extensive variety of chamber furniture, in rosewood and mahogany; beds and bedding, pure hair mattresses, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, clocks, mirrors, mahogany chairs, sofas, lounges, rockers, oil-cloths, &c. Sale positive. Dealers attend.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL SELL at auction on TUESDAY, May 24, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesrooms, No. 111 Broadway—Supreme Court, under the direction of Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., Referee;

Stone-st. premises, No. 31.
Pine st. premises, No. 56.
Washington-st. premises, No. 198.
Water-st. premises, No. 271.
South-st. premises, No. 156.
Front-st premises, No. 249.
Baxter-st. premises, Nos. 58, 60, 62, 64.
Thompson-st. premises, No. 16.

For full particulars apply to the Referee, No. 39 Wall-st., or to the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.—On FRIDAY, May 20, at 10 o'clock, at salesrooms, No. 141 Broadway, a large stock of fine furniture, second hand and new, including parlor suites of various styles, superb chamber suites, library and dining-room suites, rosewood mirror-front wardrobes, etageres, bookcases, buffets, extension dining-tables, lounges, easy chairs, hall-stands, Brussells carpets, &c. The above is a fine lot, removed for convenience of sale, which will be absolute. Catalogues at sale.

E. T. WILLS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, ON FRIDAY, 20th inst., a large assortment of glassware, open and in packages, of the manufacture of the Boston and Sandwich and New-England Glass Company, at the store of T. D. MOORE & CO., No. 89 Water-st., prior to their removal to 54 Barclay-st. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

D. W. IVES, Auctioneer.

D. W. IVES & CO. WILL SELL AT THEIR store, No. 99 Liberty-st., THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock, $41,000 of stocks and bonds, to close an assignment. A list can be seen by applying at the office of the auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, THIS DAY, May 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, by order of the Supreme Court, one lot on south side 26th-st., 216 feet west of 8th-av.

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

BURDETT, JONES & CO.,
Store No. 109 Wall-st.
THIS DAY,
FRIDAY, May 20,
At 11 o'clock, in front of store.
[By order of Assignee.]
LETTER PAPER—150 reams Crown Mills while laid Letter Paper, ruled.
[Per Inspector's Ticket.]
(Under the inspection of the Wardens of the Port, for account of the underwriters.)
PEARL ASHES—23 bbls. Pearl Ashes.
POT ASHES—7 bbls. Pot Ashes, slightly damaged on voyage of importation, per Mecklenburg ship *Henry*, now lying at the Pot Ash inspection.
[For account of whom it may concern.]
COFFEE SKIMMINGS—100 bags Maracaibo Coffee Skimmings.
RED PEPPER—10 bags African Bird Pepper, sound.
JUTE—45 bdls. Jute, sound and in good order.
BALE ROPE—120 coils Richardson's Bale Rope.
WOOL—1 bale Wool.
7 bags Maracaibo Coffee.
TOBACCO—8 bales Cuba Tobacco.
SUGAR—3 bbls. Sugar, 4 bbls. Molasses.
COFFEE BAGS—777 empty Coffee Bags.
AFRICAN GINGER—150 bags African Ginger.
VINEGAR—8 bbls. Vinegar.
At 12 o'clock, on board thereof, at foot of 5th-st., East River.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction—
The bark QUEEN MAB, her tackle, apparel, &c., as she lies at foot of 5th-st., East River.
TUESDAY, 24th,
At 11 o'clock, in front of store.
For account of whom it may concern,
CASTILE SOAP—115 boxes Castile Soap, slightly damaged on the voyage.
THURSDAY, 26th,
At 12 o'clock, at store No. 40 Fletcher-st.,
GOAT SKINS,
133 bales, 66,900 pieces prime PATNA and CAWNPORE GOATSKINS, just landed.
Return of weights may be seen at our office.
At 1 o'clock, with n the store.
SIDE-WHEEL STEAMER ANNIE—307 tons register, 160 feet long, 21 feet beam, 11 feet depth of hold; in good running order; 50-inch square cylinder; engine built by Napier, Glasgow; speed, 11 miles per hour; 4,000 barrels capacity. She can be seen at Tucker's Railway, Red-Hook, Brooklyn.
FRIDAY, June 4,
At 12 o'clock, on board thereof,
[By order of U. S. Marshal.]
STEAMSHIP JOSIE, her tackle, apparel and furniture, as she now lies at Wheeler's, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.
AT PRIVATE SALE.
The new sloop JEANETTE, 18 tons, as she lies at the foot of Delancy-st., E. R., built of white oak and galvanized fastenings, sails of cotton duck. Inquire of C. M. KLOTS, Ship Chandler, foot of Delancy-st., E. R.
Also, schooner-yacht NORMA, of 23 tons, in perfect order, as she now lies at City Island. Inquire at No. 109 Wall-st.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer, by J. E. COOLEY.
BOOK TRADE SALE—Rooms No. 498 Broadway, Nearly opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
AUCTION NOTICE.
WEDNESDAY, May 25, and THURSDAY, May 26, at 6 o'clock P. M., each day.
IMPORTANT SALE OF ENGLISH BOOKS,
Single and in quantities.
PUBLICATIONS
AND OTHER BOOK PROPERTY OF MR. HENRY G. BOHN, LONDON,
Comprising his
ENTIRE STOCK OF BOOKS IN THIS COUNTRY,
Amounting, at wholesale prices, to more than
SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

In consequence of Mr. Bohn's retiring from business, he has ordered his ENTIRE STOCK OF BOOKS to be sold by auction, without reserve. Such an opportunity for the purchase of these valuable books has never before occurred, and the present occasion is owing solely to the unusual above-mentioned.

The principal feature of this sale will be the large number of volumes of the books popularly known as "Bohn's Libraries," to be sold in COMPLETE SETS, and also the works embraced in the libraries separately. These libraries comprise over
FIVE HUNDRED VOLUMES
of the "very best English and foreign authors, printed in a new and elegant form, equally adapted to the library and the fireside."

Catalogues ready and books on exhibition Monday morning, 23d inst.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

SPLENDID HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—DESIRABLE PROPERTY—FAMILY DECLINING HOUSEKEEPING—MADE TO ORDER BY PELTER, ROUX & OTHERS—ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY PIANOS, GILT FRAME PIER AND MANTLE MIRRORS, &c.—HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on FRIDAY, May 20, at 10½ o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st., elegant household furniture, consisting of velvet, Brussels, wool and three-ply carpets; carved rosewood suites, with solid rosewood backs, covered in gold and crimson brocatel and blue plush; carved rosewood bedsteads, rosewood and mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, hair mattresses, straw palliasses, bolsters and pillows; cottage suites, rosewood wardrobes, lounges, in lasting; reception chairs in lasting, with other furniture; china, crockery and glass-ware, kitchen furniture, &c.; also, several elegant rosewood piano-fortes, of exquisite tone, made by Gale, Walker, and other celebrated makers; also, gas brackets, chandeliers, &c.
Also, at 12 o'clock,
several plated and gold watches, for account of whom it may concern, without reserve. Also, eighty-eight Franklin sewing machines, all complete and in fine order; packed in cases ready for shipment. To be sold without reserve to close an account.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

EXTRA LARGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD furniture, rich carpets and oil-cloths. French plate pier and mantel mirrors, one mahogany piano-forte, parlor suites, oil-paintings, mantel clocks, &c., THIS DAY, (Friday,) May 20, at 10½ o'clock, at 734 Broadway, opposite New-York Hotel, a very large and extensive assortment of good new and second-hand furniture, from twenty or thirty families, and will comprise, in part, of rich parlor suites, in rosewood and brocatel, oak and black walnut do., dining-room furniture, in suites, wardrobes, bookcases, secretaries, marble-top dressing bureaus, mahogany, black walnut and oak extension tables, centre and card do., French bedsteads, sofas, divans, fifty or sixty Wilton tapestry, Brussels and three-ply carpets, oil-cloths, oil-paintings, French plate mantel and pier mirrors, china and glassware, cutlery, kitchen furniture, &c., &c. Also, one very fine piano-forte, in good order. N. B.—The carpets, will be sold about 1 o'clock P. M.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY AT VERPLANCK'S POINT FOR SALE AT AUCTION.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell, at auction, on FRIDAY, May 27, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York: 152 acres of land at Verplanck's Point, this side of Peekskill, distant about 33 miles, a little more than one hour from this City. It is a splendidly located for gentlemen's country seats, having a fine and extensive front of over a quarter of a mile on the Hudson River. A part is under good cultivation. Parties wishing to view the property before the sale, can do so free of charge, by applying to Mr. D. R. SLOAT, at the Continental Hotel, Peekskill. A map of the property can be seen at the auction room, No. 77 Cedar-st., New-York. Title perfect.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL at auction on FRIDAY, May 20, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 93 Liberty-st.: A very fine dog-cart, light and elegant, built to order for road and park use, with pole and shafts, best City maker, and warranted in every particular. Also, two piano-body, no-top road-wagons, entirely new, warranted and City made.

GILBERT G. HORTON, Auctioneer, No. 5 Greenwich-av.
WILL SELL ON MONDAY, THE 23D INST., at 12 o'clock A. M., an engine, boiler, three lathes, and lot of military equipments, at the corner of Bedford and Houston sts.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A YOUNG BOOK-KEEPER, IN A DOWN-TOWN commission house, desires a comfortable home in an American or English family, in a nice neighborhood. Address with particulars, FRONT-ST., Box No. 1,074 Post-office.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED parlor and extension room on first floor; also a double and single room on third floor, to let to single gentlemen, with breakfast if desired. Apply at No. 24 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

AT NOS. 174, 176 AND 178 BLEECKER-ST., six blocks west of Broadway. Pleasant rooms, furnished, with excellent board, from $6 to $10 per week. Families accordingly. Breakfast 6 to 9 o'clock. Dinner 12½ and 6 o'clock.

PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS can find elegant accommodations at Nos. 55 and 57 West 11th-st., one door from 5th-av. References exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED—By a lady, one or two, in good locality, with or without board. Address Mrs. J. M. CARTER, Station G, Post-office, giving all particulars.

AT NO. 176 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST.—Rooms to let, with full or partial board, also a handsome extension parlor, to single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives. References exchanged.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—ON THE second floor, to a gentleman, at No. 8 East 32d-st.; references exchanged.

VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, FURNISHED, with or without board, at No. 187 East 26th-st., at moderate rates. Persons of religious habits preferred.

ROOMS TO LET, WITHOUT BOARD, at No. 54 West 17th-st.

SANITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION,
WOMAN'S CENTRAL ASSOCIATION OF RELIEF,
10 Cooper Union, 3d-av., NEW-YORK, May 16, 1864.

A TELEGRAM FROM WASHINGTON urges us to collect large quantities of OLD LINEN AND COTTON AND ROLLED BANDAGES. Will all interested for the wounded of the recent and now pending battles, please send their contributions at once. Country papers please copy.

ELLEN COLLINS, Chairman.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times*, Jan. 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne," by order of the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT STATEN ISLAND FOR SALE—Situated about one mile from the Port Richmond and Factoryville. Landings. The grounds, consisting of twelve acres, are tastefully laid out; choicest kinds of evergreens, deciduous trees and shrubs were grown. Large kitchen garden and orchards in full bearing. The lands have a long front on Cleve Road; fine stream of water bounds them on the other side. House suitable for a large family, containing about 26 rooms, and has every convenience—gas, hot and cold water, &c. Fine kitchen, laundry, pantry, &c. Fine spring of water for table use; excellent furnace. Drainage has been thoroughly attended to. The place is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty; suitable for a gentleman's residence. For further particulars, apply to HENRY PARISH, No. 1 West 19th-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $80 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. L. BARNES, No. 302 Broadway, third floor, rear.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A handsome country residence, situated in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; the place contains between three and four acres of land, divided into lawn and garden, beautifully diversified and ornamented with shrubbery and lofty forest trees. The garden is stocked with a great abundance of the choicest fruit. The land lies partly within the city limits—the house standing just outside the line, being less than three-quarters of a mile from the centre. The house is modern built, and contains ten rooms, with every convenience. The situation is extremely healthful, and the neighborhood unexceptionable. Apply to JOHN S. CROUSE, Bank of Poughkeepsie, or to GEO. F. KETTELL, Rhinebeck, N. Y.

ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT Pleasant Valley, near Poughkeepsie, for sale; delightfully situated on a pleasant road. It consists of a large double house, nearly new, with all the modern improvements and in fine order; gas, hot and cold water in every room in the house; Brown's hot air furnace; splendid stable, carriage-house, ice-house, and all necessary outbuildings. The fruit trees on the place have been selected with great care, and yield a great abundance of the choicest kinds of every variety of fruit.

There are 34 acres of land in pasture, wood, lawn, garden, &c., &c.

This estate will be exchanged for City property. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A SUMMER HOTEL AT STAMFORD, Conn., situate on Henry-st., midway between the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Depot and the steamboat landing, about eighty rods from either. The premises consist of about two acres of land, with a large three-story and basement house, capable of accommodating some eighty boarders, built expressly for the business; good barn, abundance of fruit trees, &c. Is accessibility, health and beautiful drives, Stamford is not surpassed by any place in the vicinity of New-York. For price and more full particulars, apply to E. A. QUINTARD, No. 9 Pine-st., or to MULLER, WILKENS & CO., No. 53½ Pine-st., New-York.

$4.800.—FOR SALE—A DELIGHTFUL RESidence on Roseville-av., in the suburbs of Newark; the house is 24x33, (with addition,) well built, convenient and pleasant in every respect: has furnace, cistern, &c. The lot is 100x200 feet, and garden well stocked with vines and fruit trees in good bearing condition. The location is good, and combines the advantages of a City and country residence. Cars by horse and steam furnish access to New-York and lower part of Newark every hour during the day. Apply to D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY ELEGANT PRIVATE residence, on Wyckoff-st., Brooklyn, third house east of New-York-av., with 16 lots of ground, and brick stable. The house is of Philadelphia brick, with stone archatrives to doors and windows. Has all the modern improvements. Contains 16 rooms and a large and elegant music room and picture gallery. The grounds are tastefully arranged with the choicest shrubbery, and fruit in great variety and abundance. Inquire on the premises, or of J. CAMPBELL, Pacific Bank.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS, DESIROUS OF CHANGING LOCATION OR STARTING ANEW.—Your attention is called to Elizabethport, New-Jersey, as being the best point near New-York, on account of the low cost of coal, iron and lumber, low taxes, and offering all the advantages of the City. Please examine the place before locating elsewhere. Lots for sale on very favorable terms. For particulars apply to COOLEY & HEIDRITTER, Agents, Elizabethport, or E. B. KELLOGG, 138 Pearl-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE—20,000 ACRES IOWA LANDS OF THE Dubuque and Pacific grant, lying between Fort Dodge and the Mississippi River. A premium was paid for the privilege of selecting these lands. They are of the best quality, and adjacent to the Dubuque and Pacific Road. To farmers or others wishing to emigrate West, they will be sold for approved securities, on very favorable terms and on long time, or will be exchanged for first-class property near New-York.

W. L. BARNES, Agent, No. 302 Broadway.

HOUSE FOR SALE—IN GREENWICH, CONN., with five to six acres of land; house has bathroom, stationary washtubs, hot and cold water, and every convenience for a large family. Barns commodious and in perfect order. Lawn covered with fruit and shade trees, and having a pleasant water front, with bathing and boat house. The premises are in a remarkably healthy location, within ten minutes' walk of all trains on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, and have excellent schools in the vicinity. Apply on the premises, or to S. S. TIFFANY, No. 28 Park-place.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A handsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, 1½ miles from railroad depot. On the premises are a double house, with kitchen wing attached, furnished with hot-air furnace, bath-rooms, range, &c.; a large barn, with cellar, hen-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings, all nearly new and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, evergreens and shrubbery, grounds bounded by water on one side. Apply on the premises, to J. N. ISELAND, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE SPLENDID MANSION AND farm of George Bradish, on Little Neck Bay, near Flushing, 100 acres of first-class land; pear orchard of 900 trees; fruit of all kinds, of first quality. The Bay is famous for shell and other fish in season; boat and bath houses at foot of lawn; two dwelling houses; the new one a first-class residence, complete in every particular; buildings on premises could not be replaced for $50,000. Views over Bay and Sound unsurpassed. Inquire of R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st., Room No. 22, GEORGE BRADISH, No. 37 Cortlandt-st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE FARM OF 170 AC

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S—The Wife.

WINTER GARDEN—Ticket-of-Leave Man

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Satan in Paris—Life of an Unprotected Female.

BROADWAY THEATRE—An English Tragedy.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Bel Demonio, A Love Story.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Great Arabian Giant, French Giant, Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Moving Wax Figures, Infant Drummer, &c., at all hours; Belphegor; Harrison, Comic Singer and Tyrolean Whistler, at 3 and 7½ P. M.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—Hippotheatronic Performances.

SALON DIABOLIQUE—(No. 585 Broadway)—Mysterious Performances.

IRVING HALL—Stereopticon.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The important intelligence that the great struggle in Virginia was renewed on Wednesday, which was announced exclusively in the TIMES of yesterday, is fully confirmed this morning by later dispatches, which state that the battle was quite general, and that HANCOCK'S gallant corps had made another famous charge, capturing the first line of the enemy's works on our right, and turning the left flank of the enemy. Along the other portions of the line the results were encouraging, as our line had steadily pushed the enemy back. Up to 10 o'clock yesterday morning the battle had not been renewed, the day having been spent in manœuvering by both armies.

From Gen. BUTLER'S army there is confirmatory intelligence of the complete success of Gen. KAUTZ'S cavalry expedition, which most effectually destroyed the long iron bridge over the Appomattox River, and also the locks, dams and embankments of the James River Canal, west of Richmond. SHERIDAN had refreshed his command and started on his way back to join Gen. MEADE'S army. He will undoubtedly give the rebels another severe cut in the rear before he turns up again. BUTLER was all quiet in his position near Bermuda, to which he fell back after the fight on Monday. Gen. SHERMAN'S army continues to make the most gratifying, not to say surprising, progress. A dispatch from him to the War Department dated at 2 P. M. of Thursday, from Kingston, Ga., announced the occupation of that place, and of the important City of Rome, by his army. Kingston is on the Etowah River, 35 miles south of Resaca, and 59 miles north of Atlanta. Both armies were undoubtedly moving for the latter place. At Kingston, JOHNSTON'S rear was being severely hammered by HOOKER and HOWARD yesterday.

Advices from Port Hudson to 7th inst., state that the rebels had been making considerable demonstrations in that vicinity, and that they were supposed to be in considerable force at and near Clinton. Brig.-Gen. ULLMANN has so completely strengthened the fortifications of Port Hudson as to feel perfectly safe against any attack. He has received important additions to his army. The rebels are said to have planted a gun on the banks of the Mississippi.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of May 12, says: "The enemy have concentrated in Virginia. If beaten here, he is beaten everywhere. If he wins here, he wins everything. The war might continue, the Confederacy might possibly survive—but if Virginia is lost, the present Confederate organization will not probably survive. Heaven and earth now calls on the Government to bring up all the troops at its command."

Advices from Little Rock to the 10th inst., report that PRICE was retreating in the direction of Camden. The rebels admit a loss of 2,000 in the fight with STEELE on the Saline River—among the killed, Gens. SURREY and RANDALL. Gen. WALL, of Texas, was severely wounded. The guerrillas were at work between the Arkansas and Washita Rivers; they had captured and robbed a number of cotton traders.

The United States supply steamer *Union* arrived at this port yesterday morning, bringing mails from the Gulf Blockading Squadron. When coming out of Tampa Bay, Florida, she captured an English schooner from Nassau, well-known as a notorious blockade runner.

Secretary STANTON'S dispatches to the commanders of the different departments vary in some instances. In one to the commander of the Department of Missouri, dated Sunday last, he says: "Reinforcements are going forward rapidly to Gen. GRANT, and it is believed *that his whole loss will be filled up by Tuesday.*"

Intelligence from Richmond advises the arrival there of twenty heavy mortar guns from France, by way of Wilmington, but in what position they were to be placed, is not known.

CONGRESS.

The Senate yesterday passed the bill in relation to donations to settlers upon public lands in California. A report recommending that the Senate insist on the amendments to the Army Appropriation Bill, and ask for another committee of conference, was agreed to. The report of the Committee of Conference on the Territory of Montana was agreed to by the following vote: Yeas, 26; Nays, 13. The Pacific Railroad Bill was debated at length on its minor amendments.

The House yesterday passed the Senate bill amendatory of the Act authorizing Nevada to form a State Government. The Indian Appropriation Bill was passed as amended. Mr. DAWES rose to a personal explanation, and spoke very bitterly of remarks made with reference to him by Mr. LOAN. Mr. LOAN, in reply, said he believed his speech to have been a just and legitimate defence, from an attack made upon him in a most unprovoked manner. Mr. MALLORY rose to make a personal explanation, and caused to be read a reported colloquy between Mr. JULIAN and himself from the *Daily Globe*. Some very strong remarks passed between Mr. MALLORY, Mr. JULIAN and Mr. WADSWORTH.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Board of Councilmen yesterday adopted a resolution that the pork and oyster stands in Washington Market be closed after 1 P. M., from June 1 to Sept. 1. A resolution appropriating $10,000 for the celebration of the Fourth of July, was laid over. The Mayor transmitted a communication from the Kings County Supervisors, asking that some reciprocal arrangement may be made whereby the families of volunteers from New-York residing in Brooklyn, and the families of volunteers from Brooklyn, residing in New-York, may be benefitted by the relief funds of the respective counties from which they are now enlisted. The ordinance of the Aldermen, appropriating $500,000 additional for the relief of families of volunteers was concurred in, as also the resolution to lease the upper floors of Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street for the accommodation of the First District Court. Adjourned to Monday next.

Yesterday the draft in the Second Congressional District was begun at No. 26 Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D. The quotas for the Sixth and Eighth Wards, and the towns of Flatbush, Flatlands, Gravesend, New-Utrecht and New-Lots, were drawn as follows:

	Enrolled.	Drawn.
Sixth Ward	4,560	100
Eighth Ward	1,220	29
New-Lots	786	18
Flatbush	489	12
Flatlands	369	8
New-Utrecht	543	13
Gravesend	210	6

In the Sixth Ward there were drafted Ex-Alderman FRANKS, WM. BARBER, of the Union General Committee, and DANIEL FERRY, Captain of the Fiftieth Precinct Police force. Supervisor STILLWELL, of Gravesend, and Supervisor CROPSEY, of New-Utrecht, were drawn. To-day the following will be drawn:

	Enrolled.	Drawn
Ninth Ward	3,836	87
Tenth Ward	4,191	99
Twelfth Ward	2,098	40
Fourteenth Ward	3,204	75
Sixteenth Ward	4,485	104
Seventeenth Ward	2,305	54
Eighteenth Ward	969	23

On Wednesday night Officers O'BRIEN and HAMBLIN, of the Harbor Police, boarded the ship *Emily Farnham*, from Newport, Wales, and arrested WM. H. CLEARY, the third mate, on a charge of murdering a sailor named VICTOR. He had ordered VICTOR, it is alleged, to do some hazardous duty, and on his refusal struck him on the head with brass knuckles. From the effects of the blow he died.

The Massachusetts Republican State Convention met yesterday at the Tremont Temple, Boston. Gov. ANDREW, ALEX. H. BULLOCK, WILLIAM CLAFLIN and JAMES T. ROBINSON were selected as delegates to the National Convention at Baltimore. WENDELL PHILLIPS spoke in opposition to the renomination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. The voice of the convention was, however, decidedly against him, and a resolution was adopted strongly advocating Mr. LINCLON as candidate for the next Presidency.

The remains of Gen. WADSWORTH reached here yesterday afternoon in charge of the Congressional Committee, and under military escort were taken to the Governor's Room, City Hall. At 3 P. M. to-day they will be taken to the New-York and Erie Railroad and conveyed to Geneseo. There will be military and civic escort to the boat.

The offices of the *World*, *Journal of Commerce* and Independent Telegraph Company, remained in possession of the military yesterday. None of the parties guilty of framing or sending the bogus proclamation have yet been discovered. The authorities are using all their skill for the detection, and liberal rewards are offered.

GEORGE EVANS was tried upon an indictment for manslaughter. The charge against prisoner was that of shooting one JOHN BELL, a sailor, in a Dover-street dance-house, some time in March last. There was no evidence against the accused and he was aquitted.

Brig.-Gen. HAYS, A. A. Provost-Marshal of this division, has received orders to push the revision of the enrollment to completion at the earliest possible day. Supervisor BLUNT announces that the quota of this City under the last call is full, and he thinks there are enlistments in excess of it.

An impression prevails that the gas consumed by the Metropolitan Fair was furnished free. The amount paid to the Manhattan Gas Company was $2,799 40. Neither of the gas companies contributed a dollar in any way toward the funds of the fair.

Mr. JAMES GAYLER has been appointed as special agent of the Post-office Department, in place of Mr. HOLBROOK, deceased. He brings qualifications to the offices acquired as the special assistant of his predecessor.

The Mayor, Comptroller and City Inspector, as Commissioners for contracting the cleaning of streets, yesterday agreed on a form of contract, and proposals are directed to be invited forthwith.

In answer to a resolution of inquiry, the Corporation Counsel has replied to the Croton Aqueduct Board that they have no right to extend the time for receiving proposals for contracts. The opening of bids may be postponed, however.

The trial of SALOMON KOHNSTAMM, in the United States Circuit Court, for frauds upon the Government, was continued yesterday. An interesting report will be found in another column.

Breadstuffs were rather less active yesterday, the advanced prices claimed by holders having had the effect of checking transactions. Provisions were in more demand; Pork and Lard were dearer. A good inquiry prevailed for Hay, Tallow, Petroleum, Sugars, Cotton and Whisky at buoyant prices. The freight market was quiet.

The Stock market opened lower yesterday on the Railway speculation and left off very much depressed as compared with the best sales of Wednesday. Gold 181¼ ₩ cent. Money 6 ₩ cent.

Gen. Grant's Successes and President Lincoln.

The Copperhead journals have at last found how to extract some comfort from GRANT'S success. They are discovering that this success is just the thing to defeat the renomination of President LINCOLN! They feel quite certain that the Baltimore Convention, in view of these victories, will adjourn until September, and then select a more available candidate.

Now we would not have the heart to say one word tending to deprive these people of their one poor little solitary consolation, were there a particle of reason in it. But it is better to be rationally unhappy than to live in a fool's paradise. Of course, we appreciate the frame of mind superinduced upon both classes of Copperheads by the achievements in Virginia. To the straight-out "Peace Democrat" they come as gall and wormwood, because they are fast making an end of his favorite assumption that the rebels cannot be conquered. They aggrieve the partisans of MCCLELLAN, because they are proving conclusively, before the eyes of all living men, that the reasons assigned by President LINCOLN, in his memorable correspondence with MCCLELLAN, for the overland, in preference to the Peninsular, campaign against Richmond, were sound reasons, and that MCCLELLAN'S objections and fears were absurd. But, in common decency, the enemies of the Administration ought to submit to all this in silence, if they do not choose to recant. They only make themselves ridiculous by pretending to find in these achievements a cause for the repudiation of President LINCOLN by the people.

Every right-minded man sees in these magnificent successes the crowning glory of President LINCOLN'S administration. If there is a man in the National army who, from the beginning, has been more tenaciously adhered to, through good report and through ill report, by President LINCOLN, than any other, it is ULYSSES S. GRANT. Had his constancy been less, Gen. GRANT long since would have been thrust aside through the influence of his detractors. All the splendid generalship he has revealed during the last year has only justified the early confidence in him which President LINCOLN so notably manifested, by promotion after promotion. The unqualified trust, too, with which the entire planning of the present campaign was committed to Gen. GRANT, and the tremendous energy with which everything needful was supplied, reflects most signal credit upon the Government at Washington. A passer comprehension that any man in his senses should imagine that Gen. GRANT'S success is President LINCOLN'S condemnation. President LINCOLN is to-day more implicitly confided in by the great loyal mass of the people than ever, and his renomination, which two months ago was almost morally certain, is now as fixed as any earthly event can be. We say this not because we assume to know the special intentions of the majority of the Baltimore Convention, but because it is certain that no delegates of the people will or can disregard a popular feeling so decided.

These Copperheads may as well open their eyes to the fact that the success of the war is the success of the Administration. Every advance made in crushing the rebellion is an advance in President LINCOLN'S popularity, and in the public determination that, so long as the war continues, its guidance shall not be transferred to new and untried hands. Gen. Grant himself desires no other sphere of action than that which he is now engaged in. His highest earthly ambition is to force the rebellion to its last ditch, and there either exterminate it, or obtain its unconditional surrender. No grander achievement than that is possible, no higher distinction. Yet it is not at all unlikely, if this is accomplished, that the people will at some future period insist upon testifying their admiration and gratitude by according to him the highest civil office in their gift. The time for that, we trust, will come. But, with his consent, this cannot be until his military work is done. Nor will any true friend of either Gen. GRANT or of the cause which he is so splendidly serving, desire that he should be taken from that work for a day until he executes it to the uttermost iota. The very confidence which the people have in Gen. GRANT only binds them the more devotedly to President LINCOLN, who led the way in showing the same confidence, and who, it is certain, will stand by GRANT to the last, in spite of all professional jealousy or party intrigue. There could be no guarantee that Gen. GRANT'S career will not be arrested before he deals the rebellion the finishing stroke, but the re-election of President LINCOLN. If Gen. MCCLELLAN, or any other man, were in the Presidential chair, Gen. GRANT'S present freedom of action would most certainly be restrained, or at least embarrassed. The civil leadership of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and the military leadership of Lieut.-Gen. GRANT are in entire harmony. They stand in the relation to each other of mutual supports, and both make up the completest public service attainable. The people want no change. There will be no change.

The Campaign—Virginia and Georgia.

The operations of Wednesday, which our special dispatch of yesterday, from headquarters, announced as having opened with skirmishing at daylight, settled into a heavy engagement, lasting through the forenoon. It culminated in a brilliant charge by Gen. HANCOCK, in which he drove the enemy and carried their first line of intrenchments on the Po. The position thus gained was held by our forces up to the latest advices, and so far the result of the day's work was favorable. It is further said that GRANT in the course of the day turned nearly the whole of LEE'S left. The rebels, however, maintained tenaciously the greater part of their line, and officers from headquarters describe their fortifications as exceedingly formidable. The dispatches lead to the opinion that the Lieutenant-General has not paused, and will not pause, in his labor of advancing upon them.

From our other great army in Georgia the news this morning looks highly favorable, though we should have accounted it still better fortune had Gen. SHERMAN been able to bring JOHNSTON to an engagement, and defeated him, before getting so far down into the State. The successive retreats of JOHNSTON from such strong positions as Tunnel Hill, Buzzard's Roost (or Dalton) and Resaca, and his evacuation of such important points as Rome and Kingston, indicate his conscious inferiority to the adversary who is pressing upon him. It is true he has not by any means left these positions willingly; for he stiffly held his ground at Buzzard's Roost against our attack from the front, and it was only by the flanking movement of MCPHERSON that he was compelled to retreat from it. Resaca he left equally unwillingly, and only after two days of unsuccessful fighting on his part.

The point now reached by our army at Kingston and Rome is between sixty and seventy miles south of Chattanooga, and more than half-way to the objective, Atlanta. Our official dispatches from this army are very late—later even than from the Army of the Potomac, being up to Thursday afternoon. At that time firing was reported as going on in our advance columns—supposed to be engaging the rear of the pursuing force. We suppose JOHNSTON will soon give general battle—in fact he must quickly do so if he is going to attempt to hold Georgia at all. If he does not fight before getting to Atlanta—and certainly if he does not fight when he gets there—we shall begin to credit the story we heard some time since that he has been sending his troops from Georgia as reinforcements to LEE in Virginia.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.—The New-York Central and the Hudson River Railroads have come to an understanding, by which through express trains are run from New-York to Buffalo *without change of cars*. The trains cross the bridge at Troy, instead of stopping at Albany and tranferring passengers, baggage, &c., by ferry across the river.

This is one of the first of the reforms consequent upon the recent change in the Presidency of the Central. Hitherto the interest of Albany has been allowed to control and override alike the interest of the road and the convenience of passengers, and stockholders and the travelling community have suffered accordingly. The accession of DEAN RICHMOND to the Presidency changes this line of policy, and we presume that hereafter this immense property will be managed upon business principles, rather than in any private and local interest. This is precisely the reform aimed at by those who endeavored to change the Board of Directors at the last election, and it is undoubtedly to the strength then shown, and the general demand for reform then exhibited, that the change is due. We have no doubt this system of reform will be vigorously pushed, and result in the substantial advantage of the road and the public.

Blackguardism in the House.

While our soldiers are bareing their breasts to the storm of war, with a heroism that makes all true men proud to be their countrymen, the representatives of the people are besliming the American name with their unclean tongues. No decent man can read the scurrility bandied in the sitting of yesterday without shame. Though but a meagre outline of it is reported, it excites absolute disgust. It passes comprehension how gentlemen—and we know there are some in the body—could sit so quietly, and endure the exhibition in all its foul reality. Talk of purging the House by the expulsion of ALEXANDER LONG! ALEXANDER LONG is Hyperion himself in comparison with the members who, at such a time as this, can indulge in such mutual abuse. Fallacious as were his arguments, disloyal as were his sentiments, LONG in no wise infringed upon the dignity of the House. His words were the words of a gentleman. They were words that could be neutralized by sober reason, and leave no stain. The feeling they aroused was pure and generous indignation, which is a feeling essentially healthful and invigorating. They sickened no man with disgust. Men could listen to what he said and breathe freely—could sternly rejoice even that it gave truth one more chance to grapple with error. But no such sensation is possible in such a commingling of filthy spite as that of yesterday—Yahoo with Yahoo. The only effect is unmixed, overpowering loathing. The House ought to have purged itself on the spot. No silencing could have been too summary, no rebuke too severe. If the House has no care for its own dignity, it at least has no moral right to allow such ribaldry to be thrust upon the people, who have a sense of the requirements of civilized society, and whose hearts are now less than ever in a frame to abide the outrage patiently. Blackguards are never so intolerable as when solemnity should rule the hour.

THE FORGED PROCLAMATION.

Large Rewards for Detection of the Forger.

During yesterday, the offices of the *World*, *Journal of Commerce*, and Independent Line of Telegraph, were in charge of the military guard, and no business was allowed to be transacted. There was no excitement among the citizens in consequence of the suppressions, and the only feeling was of curiosity as parties passed the several offices at the novel sight of "military occupation." There was a very general impression that both the papers and the Telegraph Company would be permitted to resume business, but up to a late hour last evening no orders to that effect had been made public.

Representations had been made by all the parties implicated to the authorities in Washington, they having gone on for the purpose, which it is alleged, will entirely exonerate them from all intentional wrong.

The parties arrested at the office of the Independent line of telegraph and sent to Fort Lafayette are WALLACE LEANING, manager; A. N. APLIN, J. W. FISH, EDWARD JOHNSON, ROBT. C. EDWARDS, operators.

Besides the rewards already offered, some $2,000, a subscription paper has also been put in circulation for the raising of a fund as a reward for the discovery. This will undoubtedly swell the amount (already $3,500) to a very large sum. Citizens should enlist themselves in the matter and let this fact be generally known. The messenger who carried the bogus dispatches was but a tool, doubtless, ignorant of any wrong, and, beside receiving thousands of dollars for revealing who has imposed on him, will receive the thanks and approval of the public by the exposure. If he does not he will be considered equally guilty, and on detection will doubtless be as severely punished.

THE SEIZURE OF THE INDEPENDENT TELEGRAPH.

OFFICE OF THE INDEPENDENT LINE OF TELEGRAPH,
No. 28 Nassau-street, New-York, May 19, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The following telegram has just been received at this office:

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 19, 1864.

To Col. J. J. Speed, President Independent Line of Telegraph, New-York City:

Myself and the operators here have been released. Just been to see the Secretary of War and the President, and expect the line and operators will be to-morrow released. I have an interview with the President and Secretary to-morrow morning.

J. N. WOOL, Manager.

The President of this line and one of the Directors are on their way to Washington, and will have an interview with President LINCOLN and the Secretary of War to-morrow.

This line has, to-day, been under military surveillance, and no business has been allowed to pass over our wires.

We expect that to-morrow's interview with the President and Secretary of War will fully exonerate this Company from all complicity in the bogus proclamation, and from all censure, and that the Government will promptly permit us to transact our regular business. SILAS C. HAY,

Secretary of the Independent Line of Telegraph.

CARD FROM PRESIDENT SPEED.

To the Public.

The Government have taken possession of the Independent Telegraph office. What offence the company have committed we do not know, as no one, it is believed, connected with the company had any agency, directly or indirectly, in the production or circulation of the bogus proclamation. The officers of the company will see the President at the earliest practical moment, and learn the cause of complaint.

When the nation is striving for its existence, and the critical moment is at hand when free government will be established forever or cease to exist on this continent, the Government are justified in acting upon such information as they believe to be true, and will doubtless correct their error when satisfied that they are wrong. J. J. SPEED, President
Independent Telegraph Company.

A REWARD FROM MARSHAL MURRAY.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, May 19, 1864.

I am authorized to pay the sum of $500 to the messenger who delivered the manifold copies of the bogus Proclamation to the newspaper press on the morning of the 18th inst. I am also authorized to guarantee him protection from any action at law in the matter against himself. Information may be left at the Marshal's office, No. 41 Chambers-street.

ROBT. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

Obituary.

NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

The telegraph brings us the mournful and unexpected news of the death of the most charming of American novelists, and one of the foremost descriptive writers in the language. NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE was found dead in his bed yesterday morning, at Plymouth, N. H., where, in the companionship of one or more of his earliest friends, he was spending some days for the benefit of his health. Mr. HAWTHORNE was all but 60 years of age, having been born at Salem, Mass., on the 4th of July, 1804. Of his ancestry, the current biographies profess to find records in the witch-burning era of Salem, and by the same authorities, he is affiliated to a line of seafaring colonists who combined the pursuits of agriculture and commerce on a scale of uncertain magnitude, but with steady perseverance. The salient points in his private and official life are briefly these: His father having died at Havana in 1810, young HAWTHORNE was shortly afterward put under the charge of a farmer near Sobago Lake, Maine, chiefly with a view to the recruitment of his health, which was delicate. He entered Bowdoin College, Maine, (where FRANKLIN PIERCE and GEORGE B. CHEEVER were his fellow-students,) in 1825, and at the close of his collegiate career he settled at Salem. Fortune some time later (in 1838) found him a Government position as gauger in the Boston Custom-house, under Mr. BANCROFT, then the collector at that port during the VAN BUREN Administration. When the Whigs came into power in 1841, HAWTHORNE lost his appointment, and, conceiving (probably like SOUTHEY, COLERIDGE and LOVELL) the idea of a pantocracy, he joined the famous Brook Farm Association, returning, however, fully satisfied with his experience of "a perfect state of society" to Boston 1843. Here he married and made his home; subsequently for some years in "the Old Manse," at Concord, Mass. His party affiliations again brough him official position and promotion, on the accession of the Polk Administration, and he received the appointment of Surveyor of the port of Salem. When the Whigs returned to power, HAWTHORNE return to his retreat, and to his studies among the hills of Berkshire. Once agan, in 1842, he was tendered and accepted office under Government—the Consulate at Liverpool, one of the most lucrative appointments in the gift of the President being placed at his disposal by Mr. PIERCE, partly, no doubt, as a tribute of long-standing personal friendship, and partly as a reward also for important service as a party penman. His remaining days, after his return from Liverpool, were spent at Concord.

HAWTHORNE'S literary life commenced at Salem on the close of his college days. Leading, for several years al most the life of a recluse, he here produced a series of sketches, tales and romances, some of which were found worthy of revival in his maturer years, under the title of a *Twice-Told Tales*. Then followed, after his retirement from the Boston gaugership, the papers called *Mosses from an Old Manse*, succeeded by the most widely known of all his works, *The Scarlet Letter*, in 1850; by the *House of Seven Gables*, in 1851; by the *Blithesdale Romance*, in 1852; by the *Marble Faun*, in 1859; and by *Our Old Home*, his last work, in 1863. His minor sketches would be difficult of enumeration. They continued to grace the pages of the best cotemporary periodicals, occasionally, up to the time of his death.

HAWTHORNE, in his sudden and comparatively early death, was saved the most awful of miseries that can befall the aspirant for permanent renown—that of seeing the honor and glory of youth extinguished in his own presence. *The Force of Beauty and of Reason* were conspicuous in all he did to the last. A profound apprehensiveness of truth, a deep sincerity and unvarying kindness uniformly to the end, restrained and modulated his facile humor; and probably no class of his admirers will be more deeply touched with the sad intelligence of his death than our cousins of the *Old Home*, whose national and social foibles receive such humorous treatment in the last important effort of his pen.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

Mr. HARDING, of Oregon, (Union,) from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the bill to amend the Act of Sept. 27, 1850, in relation to donation to settlers upon public lands in California, and it was passed.

THE ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL.

Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Union,) from the Committee of Conference on the Army Appropriation Bill, made a report recommending that the Senate insist on the amendments thereto and ask for another Committee of Conference, which was agreed to.

THE TERRITORY OF MONTANA.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, (Union,) from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes of both Houses on the bill for erecting the Territorial Government of Montana, made a report which recommends that the Senate recede from its amendment striking out the words "every free white inhabitant," in regard to voters, and inserting "all citizens of the United States and those who have declared their intention to become such."

Mr. MORRILL said the effect of the amendment would be to authorize the temporary organization of the Government of Montana by that class of persons who were authorized to organize the Territory of Idaho.

Mr. SUMNER asked what class of persons were they?

Mr. MORRILL answered they were citizens of the United States, and such other white inhabitants as had declared their intention to become such. He understood it to mean white citizens. The difference between the two Houses was that the House allowed all free white males of 21 years to vote, and the Senate restricted that privilege to citizens of the United States. In order to secure the passage of the bill the Committees of the two Houses agreed to this new proposition, and after the territory was organized the whole question of suffrage would rest with the territorial authority.

Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) said the whole question of suffrage before the Senate was whether we should adhere to that which was right, or consent to that which was wrong. He hoped the Senate would adhere to its original position.

Mr. MORRILL explained that this was a practical question and where the two Houses find themselves at loggerheads, and when it became necessary for one party or the other to yield, the party invading should be the one. How else could legislation go on? The bill as it will stand, will invade no man's rights, colored or white.

Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Union,) would vote against the report of the committee, simply because he did not believe there was a necessity for any new Territorial Government in that portion of Idaho, as the population was not enough to entitle them to it. He was willing that the subject should fail and go over to the next session.

Mr. WADE, of Ohio, (Union,) said that while he held as a settled principle that the black man, in a Republican Government like ours, had the same infallible right to vote as a white man, he considered the original Senate amendment the mere shadow of a shade and a miserable abstraction. He could not be deluded by the mere shadow of things. There were no negroes in this Territory, and there were never likely to be any. Whenever the question should be raised to affect any man's rights, white or colored, he should stand where he always had stood.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) differed from the Senator from Ohio, and quoted from the Ordinance of 1787, organizing the Northwestern Territory to show that our fathers had a wise foresight in providing not only for the present, but for the future of the new Territories, though these Territories were mere wildernesses at that time.

Mr. HOWARD, of Michigan, (Union,) said the whole Northwest was a slave territory at the time of the passage of the Ordinance of 1787, and there were hundreds of slaves there held by French Canadians and others.

Mr. HALE replied that so far as regards the condition of the Territory, it was a wilderness. Oregon, in 1848, when its Territorial Government was organized, was a wilderness, and we sat here, week after week, contending for what Senators would now call an abstraction. The abstraction was in holding out against the demand of Southern Senators, that the prohibition of slavery should not extend beyond the line of 36° 30'. We sat until August, and refused their demand, and if Senators since that time had stood where we stood, we should have had no compromise in 1850 and no rebellion in 1861. The policy we were now establishing for the new Territory would be the policy for all ages to come. He did not care whether this bill failed or not. The only persons upon whom disaster would fall would be those who were disappointed in obtaining offices under the recent Territorial organization of Idaho. They divided the territory for office once, and if we allowed it another disappointed set would divide it again for the sake of the offices. In saying what he did he did not mean to express what course he should take on the bill before the Senate in reference to free suffrage in the District of Columbia.

Mr. MORRILL reiterated that the bill would not disfranchise any man on account of his color, as there was not a colored man in the territory. And yet the Senator from New-Hampshire while favoring this impracticable measure, appeared to dodge the question where it was practicable in the District of Columbia.

Mr. HALE said the Senator was mistaken. Mr. MORRILL was the last man from whom he expected to hear such old Whig doctrine. In the discussion on the Wilmot Proviso, Mr. WEBSTER took the ground that the written law of God had decreed that slavery could go into the territories, and he did not wish to repeal the law of God. He (HALE,) thought at the time that that very reason made the measure practicable. Precisely the same issues are presented to the country as were then, and he should act upon them according to the light God gave him as they respectively arose.

Mr. NESMITH, of Oregon, (Union,) hoped the Senate would not concur with the Senator from New-Hampshire, and allow the bill to be lost. He had no particular interest in the subject so far as the negro was concerned, but he did take some interest in the white people there, whom he supposed now numbered sixty to seventy thousand, mostly engaged in mining pursuits. The object of the bill was to give a good government to this people. It would also be to the advantage of the Government in enabling it more effectually to carry out its laws, and especially to collect its revenue tax.

Mr. SUMNER had no hesitation in saying that the principle involved in the Senate position was more important than the passage of the bill. It was proposed to exclude the African race from suffrage, and the argument made here in defence of it was but a reproduction of the old well-known Slavery arguments on the subject. He was opposed to the infringement of human rights, and more especially in the formation of a new community—for just as the twig was bent the tree inclined. It was his wont that the tree should shelter all mankind.

The report of the Committee of Conference was then agreed to. Yeas, 26; Nays, 13; as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Buckalew, Carlile, Collamer, Cowan, Davis, Doolittle, Foot, Fessenden, Harding, Harris, Henderson, Hendricks, Howard, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, Morrill, Nesmith, Powell, Ramsay, Saulsbury, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wade, Wilkinson, Willey.

NAYS—Messrs. Anthony, Chandler, Clark, Dixon, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Lane of Kansas, Morgan, Pomeroy, Sprague, Sumner, Wilson.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL.

The Pacific Railroad Bill came up as unfinished business, and was debated at considerable length on its minor amendments.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE BILL.

Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Union,) reported from the Finance Committee the House Internal Revenue Bill with amendments, and 500 additional copies were ordered to be printed.

PRINTING.

Mr. ANTHONY, of Rhode Island, (Union,) from the Committee on Printing, reported a resolution authorizing the printing of 1,000 additional copies of the report of the Commissioner of the General Land-office.

Mr. COWAN, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill for the relief of sufferers by the depredations of the Sioux Indians, with a recommendation that it pass.

Mr. CONNESS, of California, (Union,) presented a bill to amend the act approved Feb. 29, 1864, extending the time for the withdrawal of goods in bond from the warehouses in California, which passed.

The consideration of the Pacific Railroad Bill was then resumed.

At a quarter to five o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

THE NEVADA STATE GOVERNMENT.

The House passed the Senate bill, amendatory of the act authorizing Nevada to form a State Government. It changes the time for submitting the Constitution to the vote of the people to the first Wednesday in September.

THE INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL.

The House then took up the Indian Appropriation Bill.

All the amendments of the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union were concurred in, excepting one reducing the appropriation for the Sioux Indians of Minnesota from $150,000 to $50,000. The bill passed.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts, (Union,) rising to a personal explanation, said since he had been here he had never for a single moment indulged in personalities toward any individual, and his object in now rising was to refer to the remarks of Mr. LOAN, of Missouri, who, during the debate on the contested election case from the Seventh District of that State, had taken occasion to hurl at him shafts surcharged with hate and malice, and this, too, while he was necessarily absent from Washington. That Representative had no just complaint of what he had said. Whatever allusion was made to him was in the kindest terms and honorably expressed. But the gentleman, four days after he (DAWES) had spoken, had appeared here with a deliberately written speech, making a gross attack on his personal integrity—a speech the bitterness and malignity of which found no parallel in the records of the House. The gentleman knew when the speech was made he (DAWES) was not here to defend himself, and he (LOAN) said the only epithet he could apply to him (DAWES) was that applied by Col. BENTON to Mr. PRETTY, of Indiana, but that the language would not be parliamentary. If any gentleman would furnish him with a parliamentary phrase similarly expressive, he would use it. The gentleman (LOAN) had also called him a political guerrilla, who flies a friendly flag in order that he may strike more effectually, and that he had earned and would receive the scorn and contempt of every honorable man. The gentleman from Missouri had appended a foot-note in the *Congressional Globe*, giving the remarks of Col. BENTON as applied to Mr. PRETTY, namely, he is a great liar and a dirty dog. He Mr. (DAWES) submitted the remarks he made on that occasion, and which were printed in the *Globe*. There was not in them a syllable which was intended or could be tortured into an offence against the Representative of the Seventh District of Missouri, who had prepared his speech in cold blood, and had added a foot note, giving language which he (Mr. LOAN) himself admitted would be a violation of the rules, if uttered on this floor. So far as he was concerned, he would leave all the laurels which could thus be won to grace the brows of those who thought it an honor to wear them. He had made up his record, and would abide the judgment passed upon it.

Mr. LOAN, of Missouri, (Union,) desired to state to the House that if in that discussion he had used any language not justified by the gentleman's speech, it was unintentional and he regretted it. It was true, he had the notes of the gentleman's speech before him, and that he framed his reply to it after careful consideration. He believed that the reply was nothing but a just and legitimate defence from an attack made upon him in a most unprovoked manner. The attack was not on his cause, but on his personal integrity. There was no ground for it. He repeated, the gentleman from Massachusetts made deliberate and premeditated attack on his personal honor. If, in the opinion of the House, he had made an unjustifiable reply, he asked their pardon for having done so. After what was said by the gentleman, he (LOAN) had no pardon to ask at his hands. His rule never was to aggrese upon others, and he never would allow a sentiment of malice to rankle in his heart. But when he felt his personal honor attacked it was his duty to defend it to the best of his ability. The gentleman said he (LOAN) made the reply when his (DAWES) back was turned. It was not his fault that the gentleman vacated his seat and was not here to answer; he shot a Parthian arrow and then left. A friend had called his attention to the foot-note, and said it being improper and wrong, should not appear in the *Congressional Globe*, and this was the reason why he should withdraw that foot-note from his speech. He honestly and sincerely believed the gentleman had made an unprovoked assault upon him. He had done what he believed to be right, though members might differ from him in this case.

Mr. MALLORY, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) rose to make a personal explanation, and caused to be read a reported colloquy between Mr. JULIAN, of Indiana, and himself, from the *Daily Globe*.

Mr. JULIAN, among other things, on that occasion said, after an inquiry from Mr. MALLORY, "We, who are known as Republicans, and unconditional Union men, sometimes associate with negroes. They live among us, and, of course, we have dealings with them. But no such intimate relations exist between them and the Democrats of the South."

Mr. MALLORY—The Census Bureau establishes the fact that one-sixth of the colored population of the North have white blood in their veins; while only one-ninth of the slave population have white blood in them.

Mr. JULIAN—I have not examined the census tables as to the fact stated by the gentleman. It may be true; for I believe mulattoes more generally come into the Northern States than those of a darker color, and of course their increase will be mulattoes continually and habitually. As the result of a well-recognized law of social order, the slave mothers and the slave masters of the South are brought on to the level of social equality in its most loathsome forms. In one of the rebel States I believe the number of mulattoes is nearly equal to the number of Democratic voters. In the State of Mississippi, if I am not mistaken, wherever you find an Orthodox modern Democrat, you will find a mulatto not far off, &c. The gentleman is not at all relieved, however, by the white blood in the veins of these negroes in the North, for they have migrated from the South, bringing with them from Kentucky other distinguished leaders of his party." [Laughter.]

Mr. MALLORY said his object in now rising was to correct a habit which had grown to be a nuisance, and against which he uttered his solemn protest. Members of Congress had been permitted, as an act of courtesy, to correct their remarks from the notes of the reporters of the *Globe* and then to destroy those notes entirely. The point he made was, the gentleman never entered the reply printed in the *Globe* as applied to himself. It was a forgery. Rarely, if ever, had it occurred among gentlemen to insert in the official reports remarks of a personal character uttered. This course was left for the member from Indiana, (JULIAN) for the first time in the history of this body. He would leave the member in possession of all the laurels he could gather by that act. An end ought to be put to these things. And the member went further and inserted the word "laugh

state another fact. He had seen in the report of the official proceedings of half a column, when the member had spoken only five minutes, the member having substituted his own pages for those furnished by the reporter. He did given this merely as an example. But he did not complain of it. The gentleman from Kentucky took exception to his remarks, which were not intended to be offensive and personal. They could not bear such an interpretation. He had no recollection of having interpolated the word "laughter." If he did insert that word it was an inadvertence.

Mr. MALLORY, resuming, said, the privilege had been exercised of changing the phraseology, but not the substance of remarks. He had himself rarely exercised it. He had never known any gentleman of proper responsibility to attempt to change a colloquy without the consent and concurrence of the other party in the act. No gentleman would undertake to do it. He declared, and called on every gentleman present, to attest the truth of the declaration that the personal remarks directed against him were never uttered by the member. It was a forgery, and there were sheets of manuscript to show that the member had substituted his own handwriting for the note of the reporter. No such remark was uttered as "perhaps the blood of the gentleman from Kentucky coursed in their veins," etc. It was never uttered.

Mr. JULIAN—It is false.

Mr. MALLORY, of Kentucky—And it is false; you never uttered it.

Mr. WADSWORTH, of Kentucky—The member from Indiana states what is a lie, and he knows it.

This hurried colloquy occasioned much excitement, and many members rose to their feet, among them Mr. COX, of Ohio, who demanded that the offensive words be taken down at the Clerk's desk.

Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, (Union,)—I demand that the words of the gentleman from Kentucky be taken down.

Mr. MALLORY—I suppose the reporters have taken them down.

Mr. MILLER, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) wished to know whether, while that was being done, it would be in order for the House to take a laugh?

The Speaker said it would not.

Mr. WINDOM, of Minnesota, (Union,) in his seat, asked whether it would be in order for gentlemen on the opposite side to cry?

The Speaker said, as no one had called Mr. MALLORY to order, as was required by the rules in such cases, the gentleman would proceed.

Mr. GARFIELD said both the gentlemen from Indiana and Kentucky were out of order.

The Speaker replied, the point comes too late.

Mr. NORTON, of Illinois, (Union,) said that he had called the gentleman from Indiana to order.

After further conversation permission was given to Mr. MALLORY to proceed in order. He apologized to the House for any language he may have uttered violative of the rules of the House. He rose to protest against the practice of members altering the official reports. The member was not only guilty of forgery, but had destroyed the reporters notes, the legal evidence on which he could be convicted. He had piled crime on crime, Pelion on Ossa, and added larceny to forgery.

The Speaker said these remarks were out of order.

Mr. MALLORY—I beg pardon. I did not know whether they came within the rule or not. I express my regret that I was out of order.

Mr. JULIAN—I appeal to my friends from Michigan and Massachusetts, who heard my remarks, to sustain the truth of my assertion, that I may brand as false the assertion of the gentleman from Kentucky.

Mr. MALLORY—Is that in order? It is a cheap way he has.

The Speaker said that when the House gave permission for an explanation, they expected remarks of a personal character, and the Chair waited for the member to be called to order for improper language. This was the usage in such cases, and for this reason he had not interfered.

Mr. LONGYEAR, of Michigan, (Union,) having been appealed to by Mr. JULIAN, said he was paying particular attention to the latter's remarks, and remembered distinctly that he used the language substantially, if not identically, as applied to the gentleman from Kentucky.

Mr. JULIAN next appealed to Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) who said he remembered the remarks of the gentleman from Indiana, and thought at the time that they were rude.

Mr. DEWEES, of Michigan, (Union,) next indorsed what was said by his colleague.

Mr. MALLORY said the truth could be established only by the reporter's notes.

Mr. JULIAN—I have thus branded the statement of the gentleman that I am guilty of forgery. I arraign him on the evidence of the gentlemen who heard me say the identical words. I throw back into the teeth of the member—

The Speaker interrupted by saying:

If no member rises to call the gentleman to order, the Chair will call him to order.

Mr. JULIAN resuming, remarked that the gentleman from Kentucky knew nothing was more common than for members to take the reporters' notes, and substitute them the same number of pages, withholding the notes. If the member thinks proper to be a blackguard and ruffian, I cannot help it.

Mr. MALLORY repeated that his declaration was clear and distinct, that no such language was uttered. None of the gentlemen called upon to prove it say he uttered these words; but substantially what is printed in the *Globe*.

Mr. KERNAN, of New-York, (Dem.,) having been appealed to by Mr. MALLORY, said he sat near to Mr. JULIAN, but did not hear him say that the blood of the gentleman from Kentucky coursed in negroes' veins, or anything to that effect.

Mr. BALDWIN, of Michigan, (Dem.,) who also sat by Mr. JULIAN on that occasion, said that the latter had made no such reference.

Mr. GRINWOLD, of New-York, (Dem.,) remarked that Mr. JULIAN's remarks were in the character of general expressions.

AMOS MYERS, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) asked: Will the gentleman from Indiana be allowed to call rebutting witnesses?" [Laughter.]

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio—Will the gentleman from Kentucky allow a chapter from the Pickwick posthumous papers to be read?

Mr. MALLORY—Some of your remarks would answer just as well. [Laughter.]

Mr. PRUYN, of New-York, (Dem.,) confirmed the statement of the witnesses called out by Mr. MALLORY. He heard every word Mr. JULIAN said, having sat in front of him.

Mr. MILLER, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) said his own recollection squared with the gentleman's. The gentleman from Indiana did not utter the language in the *Globe*. He did not believe the gentleman would have uttered it unless under lock and key, or under the protection of the House.

AMOS MYERS objected to his colleague's expressing such an opinion.

Mr. BLISS, of Ohio, (Dem.,) said he did not hear Mr. JULIAN use the language as printed.

Mr. MALLORY—The gentleman from Indiana has the only absolute and conclusive proof, namely, the reporters' notes, to show whether he uttered the expression or not. If he can show that he did utter the language, I will retract my charge.

Mr. JULIAN then called upon Mr. ORTH, who said he did not remember Mr. JULIAN's exact words, but the impression on his mind was that they were as printed in the *Globe*.

Mr. DENNING said he at the time looked to see whether there were any ladies in the gallery, and therefore he paid particular attention to the gentleman's remark. He could not assert that the identical language appeared in the *Globe*, but he distinctly remembered the same idea.

Mr. JULIAN said the gentleman from Kentucky had proven by several members that they did not hear him, and now, having proven that he did use the language, he submitted his case as made out. He commended the gentleman to the *Globe* reporters. Let him ask them.

At a subsequent period Mr. JULIAN having succeeded in finding part of the reporter's notes, produced them for the inspection of Mr. MALLORY, who, after examining them, said they were in accordance with what had been printed, and, of course, he retracted the charge of forgery. He (MALLORY) would not have made the charge but for the distinct recollection of the matter. He understood the member from Indiana as bringing charges against Southerners as a class, of mingling their blood with that of blacks, and for that reason he replied that the emigration of a certain class of white men to the South accounted for the number of mulattoes going North. If he had at the time understood the member as addressing him personally, his reply would have been different. The gentleman has relieved himself of the charge of forgery, and I retract.

Mr. JULIAN, in replying to Mr. MILLER, (of Pennsylvania,) said: I suppose he speaks from his own feelings and possesses the cowardice he charges on me.

Here the matter ended.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the joint resolution heretofore reported, providing for the appointment of commissioners in order to effect a more perfect reciprocity of trade between the United States and the British Provinces.

Mr. PIKE said the Reciprocity Treaty had now been in operation ten years, and we could judge fairly of its influence on the trade of the country. As a business arrangement it was an entire failure. It had not fulfilled any considerable expectation of its originators. The fishermen had expected benefits from it, but were losers. Mr. CARTIER said the other day in the Canadian Parliament that the codfish had made the treaty and would continue it. But, he understood, the codfish, which was a valuable fish, had neither made the treaty nor desired its continuance. The manufacturing and commercial interests of the country had both suffered from the treaty. At the time of its ratification we were exporting to the provinces about $3 for every $1 imported, and were receiving annually a balance from them of about $16,000,000 in gold. Now the balance of trade was against us. The treaty had failed to bring about good feeling between the two countries. Great Britain had acted badly during the war, and so had the provinces. British ships, like the *Alabama* and *Florida*, were destroying our commerce. The provincials at Nassau were busy aiding the rebels and running the blockade, which was violated by vessels of no other nationality except the British. And on our Northern and Eastern frontiers they were busy in defrauding our revenues, and smuggling into our markets goods which had received drawbacks at our Custom-houses, and were sent to the provinces for the purpose of being smuggled back. In these various ways we were seriously injured, and it was high time to put an end to granting this large bonus to the provinces.

Mr. ARNOLD maintained that the subject now under consideration should be viewed not in a sectional, but a national aspect. Experience had shown that the treaty needed many essential modifications, but it should not be abrogated. He dwelt upon the importance of this measure to the agricultural interests of the Northwest, in connection with a communication with the Atlantic. These great objects are a necessity to that portion of the Union.

Without further proceedings, the House adjourned.

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A Shower of Straws!

Fashion has descended in a shower of superb SUMMER HATS AT GENIN'S HAT-STORE, No. 513 Broadway, (St. Nicholas Hotel.)
The stock comprises all the new Paris styles of straw hats for gentlemen and boys, with an immense variety of fancy straws for misses and infants. The straw department of this capacious hat establishment (the largest in America) presents a complete INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, embracing every novelty in the line manufactured for the present season.

Important to Shareholders in the Mount VISTA GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY.—The first dividend probably will be equal to the cost of shares.
A few shares can be secured by such as apply soon at $5 per share. This opportunity may never occur again. For full particulars address MOUNT VISTA GOLD COMPANY, Box No. 5,365 New-York.
Samples of ore can be seen at the office No. 161 Broadway.
Send for a pamphlet.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Trichopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read MEDICAL COMMON SENSE.
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price $1 50. To be had at all news depots Contents tables mailed free. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

The Arm and Leg (Palmer's Patent,) supplied soldiers by the inventor, Broadway, corner Astor-place, New-York, and No. 1,609 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, by order of the SURGEON-GENERAL.
B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon-Artist.

Second-Hand Safes for Sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, AT No. 100 MAIDEN-LANE.

City Ladies and Ladies Visiting the City— If you wish handsome Boots and Shoes for yourselves and families, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Sewing-machines to Rent. And for Sale—New. V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 456 Broadway, Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Ladies' Light Colored Gaiters, AT ONE DOLLAR A PAIR. S. CANTRELL, 813 Broadway, bet. 11th and 12th sts.

Gold Pens. FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. Store and Factory, No. 169 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stich Sewing Machines. SALESROOMS NO. 495 BROADWAY.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heart-burn, &c., prepared only by S. G. WELLING, 207 Centre st., and sold by Druggists generally. 50 cents a box.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 625 Broadway.

MARRIED.

BEND—TOMES.—On Thursday, May 19, at St. Thomas' Church, by Rev. Wm. F. Morgan, D. D., WILLIAM B. BEND to ISABELLA, daughter of the late Rev. Charles Tomes.

☞ Nashville, Tenn., papers please copy.

DOTY—WHITLOCK.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 19, by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, WILLIAM F. DOTY to CAROLINE S., daughter of the late Wm. H. Whitlock, all of Brooklyn. No cards.

HULBE—LIPPINCOTT.—On Wednesday, May 18, by Rev. B. C. Lippincott, of Hurley, N. Y., BARNA H. HULBE to ANNA E., daughter of Wm. H. Lippincott, of this City.

MAY—PAINTER.—In Paris, on Monday, MAY 2, at the Legation of the United States, by Rev. Edward Anthon, of New-York, and on the following day at the Chapel of the Luxembourg, by Rev. Pasteur Georges Fisch, of Paris, CHARLES W. MAY and MARY C. PAINTER, daughter of the late Samuel Painter, of New-York.

THOMPSON—REEVE.—At Chatham, N. J., on Wednesday, May 18, by Rev. J. M. Ogden, GEORGE S. THOMPSON, of Brooklyn, N. Y., to JOSIA M., daughter of David Reeve, Esq., of the former place.

WOOLLEY—DAY.—On Wednesday, May 18, by Rev. J. C. Dutcher, GEORGE WOOLLEY to Miss MARGARET A. DAY, both of this City.

DIED:

ARMSTRONG.—In Williamsburgh, on Thursday, May 19, HENRY E. ARMSTRONG, in the 24th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, No. 91 South 3d-st., this day, (Friday,) at 1 o'clock, without further invitation.
☞ Rochester and Philadelphia papers please copy.

BORROWS.—On Wednesday, May 18, FANNY, wife of Chas. E. Borrows, and daughter of the late Wm. Nelson.
The funeral will take place on Sunday next, at 2½ o'clock, from Calvary Church. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend

BURLEIGH.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, May 18, HARRIET A., wife of Wm. H. Burleigh.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her husband's residence, No. 37 Huntington-st., Brooklyn, this day, (Friday,) the 20th inst., at 3 P. M.

BARRY.—On Wednesday, May 18, SARAH AGNES, wife of G. R. Barry, U. S. N., and daughter of the late Thos. Glover.
The relatives and friends of the family are requested, without further invitation, to attend her funeral, at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 16th st., on Friday morning, the 20th inst., at 10 o'clock.

COOPER.—THOMAS COLDEN COOPER, Captain in the 67th Regiment N. Y. S. Vols. He was killed in the battle of the Wilderness, on the 6th inst., and fell while gallantly leading a charge against the enemy.
He was formerly at the head of the Institution for the Blind here, and was a highly educated and accomplished man. He leaves three orphan children unprovided for.

DU BOIS.—At Stockport, Columbia County, on Wednesday, May 18, WALTER, only child of Samuel T. and Celia M. Du Bois.

DILLINGHAM.—In Virginia City, Idaho Territory, June, 1863, D. HARRINGTON, aged 36 years, eldest son of Wm. S. and Julia Dillingham, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOOTE.—At Tarrytown, on Wednesday, May 18, of consumption, HELEN M., wife of Daniel D. Foote, in the 32d year of her age.
The funeral services will take place at her late residence, on Saturday, at 11½ o'clock A. M. Trains leave Ohnanders-st. at 7¾ and 8 o'clock A. M.

GREGORY.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday, May 17, after a long illness, GEORGE W., eldest son of D. S. Gregory, in the 37th year of his age.
The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his father's residence, on Friday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock, without further invitation.

HEYER.—At Staten Island, at the residence of her son, on Thursday morning, May 19, LOUISA FISH, widow of Edward P. Heyer, and daughter of Whitehead Fish, deceased.
Notice of funeral in the evening papers.

JOHNES.—At Newburgh, on Wednesday, May 18, AARON P. JOHNES.
The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, this day, (Friday,) at 3 o'clock P. M.

JAUNCEY.—On Wednesday, May 18, after a short illness, JANE HEIRS, widow of the late Theodore M. Jauncey.
The relatives and friends are requested to attend her funeral, at her late residence, No. 162 West 48th-st., on Friday, May 20, at 12 o'clock, noon, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood.

JOHNSTON.—On Wednesday, May 11, of a wound received in the late battle in Virginia, Lieut. THOMAS JOHNSTON, of Company I, 66th N. Y. V., eldest son of William and Sarah Johnston, aged 23 years and 2 months.
The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 3 o'clock, from the Presbyterian Church in 42d-st., (Rev. Dr. Scott's,) without further invitation.

MILLS.—On Wednesday night, May 18, SARA EVELINA, eldest child of Charles C. and the late Sara J. Mills, aged 9 years, 6 months and 1 day.
The relatives and friends of the family, also those of her grandfather, John O'Hara, Esq., are invited to attend her funeral, without further invitation, this day, (Friday,) the 20th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., from the residence of her father, No. 242 West 23d-st.

MERRITT.—At New-Brighton, Staten Island, on Wednesday evening, May 18, EDWARD MERRITT, aged 41 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, without further invitation.

MCGUIRE.—On Thursday morning, May 19, CATHERINE MCGUIRE, aged 32 years.
On Saturday, May 21, at 10 o'clock A. M., there will be a solemn Requiem Mass at St. Peter's Church, Barclay-st., for the repose of her soul. The funeral will take place immediately after Mass. Her friends are invited to attend.

MOORHEAD.—On Thursday, May 19, ELIZABETH MOORHEAD, daughter of James Moorhead, aged 23 years and 7 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 163 Grand-st., on Saturday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock.

RATHBUN.—At Paris, France, on Monday, May 2, MILTON G. RATHBUN, of the firm of Abbott & Rathbun, of this City.

SHADDICK.—In Middletown, Conn., on Thursday, May 19, LOUISA WARNER, relict of the late Stephen M. Shaddick, aged 47 years.
Funeral from the Episcopal Church, on Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

TOMPKINS.—On Thursday, May 19, after a short and painful illness, Col. GEO. W. B. TOMPKINS, in the 41st year of his age.
The friends of the family, and those of his father, Col. W. W. Tompkins, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Fordham, Westchester County, on Saturday afternoon, at 3½ o'clock. The cars leave the depot, corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., at 2½ o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to White Plains for interment.

WHEELER.—At the residence of his mother, in Westport, Conn., after a long and severe illness, MORRIS B. WHEELER, aged 32 years.
Funeral to commence at 2½ o'clock this (Friday) afternoon, at the Episcopal Church. Friends and relatives are respectfully requested to attend.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 235.—May 19, 1864.
40, 37, 31, 69, 12, 28, 5, 18, 1, 9, 19, 44, 7.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 236.—May 19, 1864.
40, 41, 63, 24, 57, 46, 71, 37, 3, 32, 56, 7.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to MURRAY, EDDY & CO., Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.
EXTRA CLASS 239—May 19, 1864.
13, 70, 18, 23, 75, 56, 60, 3, 4, 5, 61, 44, 57,
CLASS 240—May 19, 1864.
6, 62, 31, 72, 58, 37, 23, 9, 66, 42, 16, 56.
Z. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.

GRAND SCHEME ON THE ROYAL HAVANA plan of the Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky. Prizes cashed and information furnished. ALECK & CO., Brokers, Nos. 24 and 26 Pine-st., New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—FORTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

FOUNTAINS, VASES AND GARDEN ORNAMENTS AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
JANES, FOWLER, KIRTLAND & CO., Corner of Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

THE AMERICAN YOKE SHIRT, with a fine assortment of ROBES DE CHAMBRE, SMOKING JACKETS, and gentlemen's furnishing goods. DEVLIN & CO., BROADWAY, New-York.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS, Manufacturers of SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled, Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

CUMBERLAND SAUCE GIVES A BETTER relish to meats, poultry, game, fish, &c., than any other in use. For sale by family grocers generally.
Wholesale Agent, U. H. DUDLEY, Nos. 168 and 172 Front-st., New-York.

HUGE SALE OF GENT'S LINEN COLLARS AT RETAIL.
P. F. SMITH & BLAKE, No. 379 BROADWAY, corner of White-st., Are now receiving from the celebrated "TROY COLLAR WORKS," OVER SEVEN THOUSAND DOZEN Gent's three and four ply LINEN COLLARS of superior quality and finish, TO BE CLOSED OUT at the extraordinary low price of TWO DOLLARS PER DOZEN, SIX COLLARS FOR ONE DOLLAR, THREE COLLARS FOR 50 CENTS, A SINGLE COLLAR 20 CENTS.
These goods are all of the latest styles in "turn down" and "garrote," and are the quality usually retailed at $3 per dozen.
EVERY COLLAR WARRANTED.
P. F. SMITH & BLAKE, No. 379 Broadway.
Large store corner of White-st.

UNION DEFENCE COMMITTEE, NEW-YORK, May 19, 1864.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE members of this committee will be held at the Chamber of Commerce, on SATURDAY, 21st instant, at 12 o'clock, to adopt measures of respect for the memory of their late associate, GEN. JAMES S. WADSWORTH. By request, HAMILTON FISH, Chairman.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Bremen, per steamer HANSA, and for Ireland via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF WASHINGTON, will close at this Office on SATURDAY, the 21st day of May, at 10½ o'clock A. M.; and at the uptown stations as follows: Stations A & B, 10 A. M.; Stations C & D, 9½ A. M.; Stations E & F, 9½ A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M.
ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

DEAFNESS, IMPAIRED SIGHT, NOISES IN THE HEAD, CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS IN THE THROAT, CHRONIC CATARRH, CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED, CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with a New Mode of Treatment," at his office,

NO. 816 BROADWAY.

No. 816 BROADWAY.

OPINIONS OF THE NEW-YORK PRESS:

From the Journal of Commerce.

CATARRH CURED
CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.

THE CASE OF HUTCHINGS, THE "LIGHTNING CALCULATOR."

There was published in these columns a few days since the remarkable cure of Hutchings, the "Lightning Calculator," so well known to the public during the many years he exhibited his wonderful arithmetical powers at Barnum's Museum, by the celebrated Oculist and Aurist, Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Hutchings is represented to have been at the point of death, and but for the timely interference of the Doctor, would now be resting in his grave. This is a remarkable case, and worthy of the attention of persons similarly afflicted.

We think it is but just to Doctor Von Eisenberg to call public attention to this case. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, who, like the "Lightning Calculator," if not actually praying for death, are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is within his power to make them whole or not.

DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.

From the Tribune.

EARS TO THE DEAF.

Every man, and especially every woman, believes in his or her physician. There are philosophical minds which hold to an abstract faith in Allopathy, or Homeopathy, or Hydropathy, or some other form of scientific cure; but with the world at large the belief is not in the system, but in the doctor. Especially is this true as regards aurists and oculists. The patient who has recovered his sight or his hearing is sure that the blessing could have been restored to him by no other practitioner than that particular one by whom his eyes or ears were opened. Dr. Von Eisenberg is among our best-known aurists. He has not lent us ears as a brother practitioner has eyes, and in whose skill, therefore, we believe above all others. But we hear of him from those who esteem him not merely as a surgeon, but as a benefactor. A recent case has been related to us, for the truthfulness of which we can vouch, though we can name no names. The patient was a lady who had been deaf from infancy, as a consequence of some of the ailments to which children are liable. Latterly the disease had taken an acute form, and the patient was subject to intense suffering. The deafness was rapidly becoming complete, and the general health breaking down under the physical exhaustion attendant upon constant pain. Ordinary remedies and ordinary advice were useless, and Dr. Von Eisenberg was called in. We need not repeat his diagnosis, for that would be only a list of hard names to the general reader. But he detected at sight the seat of disease, first in one portion of the organism, then in another, and with manipulation as skillful as his insight was accurate, he removed the causes, and she who, from infancy, had heard with difficulty, and latterly hardly at all, was restored first to perfect hearing and then to perfect health. Dr. Von Eisenberg's advertisement reminds us of this case, which we thus briefly relate, though not at his solicitation. Let him that hath not ears, hear.

From the Christian Times.

SIGHT RESTORED,

CONCERNING EYES AND OCULISTS.

Of the five senses, that which we call seeing is the most important and most valued. In proportion as this sense fails us, we are reduced to helplessness. If entirely destitute of sight, how slow would be our progress in knowledge, and how limited our sphere of action and usefulness. Endowed with it, the universe becomes a new creation, clothed with beauty and diversified by that infinite variety which never fails to attract the mind and heart.

For several months past this has been a practical subject to us. An inflamed condition of the eyelids communicating itself to the pupil, rendered the discharge of daily duties not only painful, but dangerous. Attributing it to the effect of a cold, we endured it through the Spring, with the hope that with the return of warm weather it would entirely disappear. But in this we were doomed to disappointment. Summer returned, but not our wonted sight. What might have been the result, either of further neglect or of incompetent treatment, we cannot say.

Stating our case to a friend, he assured us that a similar one in his own family had recently been treated with entire success by Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Satisfying ourselves by more particular inquiries that the doctor is no empiric, but a scientific oculist and aurist, we concluded to seek the benefits of his treatment, which we have now reason to acknowledge is very great. Though but a few weeks under his care, the appearance of our eyes has totally changed. The pupil is now full and clear, and the lids are entirely free from inflammation. The doctor says that the optic nerve has been weakened and the retina assumed a chronic, inflammatory state, affecting more or less all the other tissues, and threatening, if neglected, to end in Amaurosis. Opthalmitis, is the term we believe, which oculists apply to eyes affected as were ours. Having obtained the much desired relief, we take great pleasure in acknowledging our indebtedness to the talent of Dr. Von Eisenberg, and of calling to it the attention of others who may be suffering from a similar or even worse condition of their eyes. It is said that Providence provides an antidote for every bane. It is certain that the eye is, in these times, subject to severer trials than formerly. Let us be thankful, then, that as we increase the tendencies which destroy the organ of vision, the progress of science keeps pace with these tendencies, if not in advance of them.

OFFICE NO 816 BROADWAY,

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this act shall be BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption, FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. As these Bonds, by act of Congress, are EXEMPT FROM MUNICIPAL OR STATE TAXATION,

their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1864, was $783,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $46,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $180,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

The authorized amount of this loan is Two Hundred Million Dollars. Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued until March 26, but the amount of Bonds reported sold at the United States Treasury up to May 14 was

$48,964,900.

Subscriptions will be received by the TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES at Washington, and the ASSISTANT TREASURERS at New-York, Boston and Philadelphia, and by the

First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
Second National Bank of New-York, 23d-st. and B'way.
Fourth National Bank of New-York, Pine-st.
Fifth National Bank of New-York, No. 338 3d-av.
Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and B'way
Ninth National Bank of New-York, No. 363 Broadway.
Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 240 Broadway.
New-York Nat. Exchange Bank, No. 184 Greenwich-st.

AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS which are depositaries of public money, and all RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country (acting as agents of the National Depository Banks) will furnish further information on application and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

THE DRAFT POSTPONED.

TWELVE HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

A CHANCE FOR PATRIOTS!

It having been determined that the City of New-York is deficient only TWELVE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEEN men, in its quota under the President's call for 200,000 men, the Draft has been postponed for a few days, in order to enable the filling of the quota, if possible, by volunteering.

The County Volunteer Committee now appeal to the patriotism of the citizens of this County to aid them in raising the Twelve Hundred and Seventeen Men needed, and thus save the County from the misfortune of a Draft.

The County Volunteer Committee will pay the following bounties until further notice:

FOR ARMY RECRUITS.....$300
FOR MARINES.....300
FOR NAVAL RECRUITS FOR THREE YEARS...300
FOR NAVAL RECRUITS FOR TWO YEARS.....200
FOR NAVAL RECRUITS FOR ONE YEAR.....100

A County premium of $10 will also be paid for bringing an army recruit to this office, in addition to the Government premium of $10, and a County premium of $20 will be paid for bringing a naval recruit.

Let the citizens of New-York make one grand and final rally to save us from the impending draft.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, May 11, 1864.

THE REMEDY OF THE AGE.
THE CELEBRATED TROPICAL BALSAM,
PREPARED BY CARREÑO BROTHERS & CO.
Known as INFALLIBLE for the speedy cure of PHTHISIS, CROUP, and all other affections of the CHEST AND THROAT.
Affections resulting from FALLS, BLOWS OR BRUISES, HEMORRHAGES, WOUNDS, CONTUSIONS, ULCERS, PILES, FELONS, BURNS, CHAPPED LIPS, HANDS, &c.; HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, EARACHE, AND ALL OTHER NEURALGIC, RHEUMATIC and SPASMODIC PAINS.
Valuable letters certifying to the wonderful cures effected by this precious medicine, are published in the TRIBUNE, the INDEPENDENT and the COURRIER DES ETATS-UNIS.
Full directions for use are around each bottle; and circulars containing said directions and a large number of testimonial letters, can be had at the General Depot, and will be sent to private residences on request.
Heads of families are advised to keep always this Balsam by them

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including

U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.

MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

U. S. FIVE PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.

We keep on hand, for immediate delivery, an assortment of Bonds of this new Loan.

VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

ROBINSON & OGDEN,
(Late with Fisk & Hatch,)
COMMISSION BROKERS,
No. 14 Broad-street,
Two doors from Wall.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.

Quartermasters Checks and Government Vouchers bought, sold, and negotiated.

Subscriptions received for the New National 10-40 Loan.

Particular attention given to the collection of U. S. one year six per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness, and to the conversion of 7-3-10 Treasury Notes into U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canadas, with prompt returns.

ARTHUR ROBINSON, REFERENCES: I. G. OGDEN, Jr.

NEW-YORK: Fisk & Hatch, Bankers. Jay Cooke, & Co., Bankers. R. S. Whelen & Co., Bankers.
BOSTON: Hon. S. H. Walley, President of the Revere Bank. Brewster, Sweet, & Co., Bankers.
PHILADELPHIA:
WASHINGTON: Hon. L. E. Chittenden, Register of the Treasury. J. B. Hutchisson & Co., Bankers.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
BY
H. J. MESSENGER, Banker,
No. 139 BROADWAY, New-York.
¼ Commission allowed to Banks and Bankers.
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.

U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES.

U. S. 6s of 1881, and all other U. S. SECURITIES bought and sold, and furnished to order.

STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

Accounts received from Banks, Bankers, and individuals.

Four per cent interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS
and
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
and
U. S. LOAN AGENTS.
NO. 38 WALL-STREET,
receive subscriptions to the NEW U. S. 10-40 LOAN, allowing the usual commission to BANKERS and DEALERS.

Also,
BUY and SELL all classes of U. S. SECURITIES at market rates.

U. S. 7-30 TUEASURY NOTES, converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881, on favorable terms.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,
issue circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

Subscriptions received to the NATIONAL 10-40 LOAN.

All the various denominations on hand ready for immediate delivery. One-eighth commission allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.

U. S. SECURITIES of all descriptions purchased and for sale.

COLLECTIONS made on Washington and on all other points of the United States and Canada, at low rates and quick returns.

7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
Converted into 1881 Bonds.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS
made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

TEN-FORTY GOVERNMENT BONDS.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 BROADWAY.

Has on hand for immediate delivery an assortment of these Bonds—one-eighth of one per cent. allowed buyers.

D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

U. S. 10-40
FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

E. MORRISON & CO., Bankers, No. 17 Nassau-st., Subscription Agents for the above loan, are now prepared to receive subscriptions and furnish the Bonds. One-eighth per cent. commission allowed to banks, bankers and brokers. Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.

J. N. PERKINS & CO.,
NO. 50 WALL-ST.,
are prepared to furnish the TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT. BONDS of the United States to parties desiring to invest. A commission of ONE-EIGHTH per cent. will be allowed to all applicants.

MINING STOCKS,
as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY } COMPANY, April 28, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BOARD and stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 2d day of June, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M. WILLIAM B. OGDEN, President.

OFFICE OF THE HOPE FIRE INS. CO., No. 92 Broadway. } NEW-YORK, April 28, 1864.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, held on the 5th inst., the following gentlemen were chosen for the ensuing year:

STEPH. CAMBRELENG,	HENRY S. LEVERICH,
ROBERT SCHELL,	JOSEPH GRAFTON,
JACOB REESE,	JNO. W. MERSEREAU,
JAMES S. SANDFORD,	WM. REMSEN,
HENRY M. TABER,	THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOHN PENFOLD,	AMOS ROBBINS,
STEPHEN HYATT,	LEBBEUS B. WARD,
D. LYDIG SUYDAM,	JOSEPH BRITTON,
JOSEPH FOULKE,	WM. H. TERRY,
THEODORE W. RILEY,	FRED'K SCHUCHARDT.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board, JACOB REESE, Esq., was unanimously reelected President, and CHARLES D. HARTSHORNE was appointed Assistan Secretary. THOMAS GREENLEAF, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, May 11, 1864.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given to the subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, that a call for a further payment of Ten Per Cent. upon the amount of their subscriptions has been made this day, payable at the office of the Company, No. 13 William-st., New-York, on or before the 20th of June next.

NEW-YORK, May 10, 1864.
By order of the Executive Committee.
JOHN A. DIX, President.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, } Washington, April 16, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Eighth National Bank, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.

Now, therefore I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

Seal of the Comptroller of the Currency.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this sixteenth day of April, 1864.
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD CO., } ST. LOUIS, April, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE HOLDERS and Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at Peoria, Christian County, Illinois, on MONDAY, the 6th day of June, 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M. All the transfer books of the Company, both of bonds and stocks, will be closed on the 6th May, until the 6th June, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. B. RALSTON, Secretary.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, April 28, 1864.

WE ARE PREPARED TO ISSUE, FOR MESSRS. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., TRAVELING CREDITS available in all the PRINCIPAL CITIES OF GREAT BRITAIN, the CONTINENT and the EAST.

BILLS ON LONDON at three days' sight, sixty days' sight, or seventy-five days' date, for sale in sums to suit purchasers.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

FINANCIAL.

GREAT WESTERN
(Marine)
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 39 William-street,
NEW YORK.

BRANCH OFFICE IN LONDON.
BRANCH OFFICE IN LIVERPOOL.

Authorized Capital	$5,000,000
Cash Capital and Surplus	2,052,253
Assets, Jan. 1, 1864	2,902,145
Dividend paid Policy Holders and Stockholders to date	3,275,000

A LIBERAL CASH DISCOUNT IN LIEU OF SCRIP DIVIDEND allowed to those who prefer it at the inception of the risk.

Losses adjusted and paid in London on shipments to Europe.

Losses also paid in gold when the premium is paid in gold.

DIRECTORS:

W. C. Pickersgill, of W. C. Pickersgill & Co., New-York, and of Fielden Bros. & Co., Liverpool.
William H. Guion, of Williams & Guion, New-York. and of Guion & Co., Liverpool.
Samuel D. Babcock, of Babcock Bros. & Co., New-York, and of B. F. Babcock & Co., Liverpool.
James M. Brown, of Brown Brothers & Co., New-York, and of Brown, Shipley & Co., London, and Liverpool.
N. Chandler, of J. Munroe & Co., New-York and Paris.
George W. Hennings, of Hennings & Gosling, New-York and of Hennings, Gosling & Co., Liverpool.
W. Butler Duncan, of Duncan, Sherman & Co., N. Y.
Henry F. Spaulding, of Spaulding Hunt & Co., New-York
John L. Aspinwall, New-York.
John Allen, New-York.
James Benkard, of Benkard & Hutton, New-York.
Gustavus Kutter, or Loeschigh Wesendeck & Co., N. Y.
L. H. Brigham
John A. Mecke, New-York.
John R. Gardner, New-York.
Wm. M. Evarts, of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, N. Y.
Robert Spedding, of Henry A. Swift & Co., New-York.
J. B. Johnston, of J. Boorman, Johnston & Co., N. Y.
Frederick C. Gebhard, of Schuchardt & Gebhard, N. Y.
Samuel B. Caldwell, of Caldwell & Morris, New-York.
Wilson G. Hunt.
John J. Crane, of Bucklin & Crane, New-York.
J. Pierpont Morgan, of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., N. Y.
George W. Bee, of Williams, Bee & Co., New-York.
William Wright, of R. L. Maitland & Co., New-York.
Emil Heinemann, of Heineman & Payson, New-York.
Thomas Slocomb, New-York.
George A. Phelps, Jr., of Chamberlain, Phelps & Co., N.Y.
M. A. Sorchan, of Sorchan, Allien & Diggelmann, N. Y.
Douglas Robinson, of Robinson & Co., New-York.
Edward Van Der Heydt, of J. W. Schmidt & Co., N. Y.
David P. Sellar, of Dennistoun & Co., New-York. of Dennistoun, Cross & Co., London.
Charles G. Landon, New-York.

RICHARD LATHERS, President.
JOHN A. PARKER, Vice-President. ALEXANDER MACKAY, 2d Vice-President.
WILLIAM T. LOCKWOOD, Secretary.

THE COMPANY REFERS IN EUROPE TO
City Bank of London, London.
Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co., London and Liverpool.
Messrs. Fielden Brothers & Co., Liverpool.
Messrs. B. F. Babcock & Co., Liverpool.
Consolidated Bank, Manchester.
Messrs. J. F. Jamieson & Co., Glasgow.
Rougement De Lewenberg, Esq., Paris.
Messrs. John Munroe & Co., Paris.
William Iselin, Esq., Havre.
Michiels Loos, Esq., Antwerp.
Messrs. Jonn Louis Lemme & Co., Antwerp.
Messrs. John Berenberg, Gossler & Co., Hamburg.
Messrs. Van Regnen & Co., Amsterdam.
Messrs. Carl F. Plump & Co., Bremen.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS.

Your Trustees hereby inform and notify you that the Company have made the payment due the Sinking Fund April 1, 1864, and that we have designated by lot for payment, as required by the Trust Deed, the following mortgage bonds, viz.:

Nos. 27, 36, 66, 190, 244, 258, 293, 334, 444, 548, 697, 711, 754, 836, 895, 961, 1,027, 1,085, 1,096, 1,411, 1,511, 1,694, 1,873, 2,047, 2,063, 2,067, 2,165, 2,269, of $1,000 each, and 2,514, 2,529, 2,626, 2,639 of $500 each.

The holders of the bonds thus designated for payment can receive their money, at par and interest, upon surrendering the bonds to us, at the office of W. Schall & Co., No. 58 Exchange-place, City of New-York.

The above bonds will not draw interest after July 1, 1864. The next payment will be due October 1, 1864.

W. SCHALL, } Trustees.
N. A. COWDREY, }

$50,000
NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., WATER LOAN, SIX PER CENT. COUPON BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at "the State Bank of New-Brunswick" until the 25th day of May, 1864, at 12 o'clock at noon, at which time the bids will be opened for the whole, or any part of $50,000 New-Brunswick Water Loan Six Per Cent. Bonds. Each bond will be of the denomination of $500, with coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July. The issue of these bonds is authorized by an act of the Legislature of New-Jersey. The bonds will be payable as follows: $5,000 on the 1st day of July, 1879, and $5,000 on the 1st day of July in each subsequent year, until the whole amount is paid.

Proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the term of years, and the price therefor.

The Committee reserve to themselves the right to reject all or any of the bids, if deemed for the interest of the city.

Proposals should be sealed, and addressed to the undersigned.

FREDERICK STAAT,
WARREN HARDENBERGH,
JOHN V. HENRY,
Finance Committee of the Common Council.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 10, 1864.

Population of New-Brunswick about	15,000
Assessors valuation	$5,000,000
Debt of the City	None.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY.
DIVIDEND NO. SEVEN.

A dividend of four dollars per share in cash, free of Government tax, is declared payable on 25th May, prox., to holders of stock at the close of business on 6th May, prox. The transfer books will be closed from that date to the morning of 26th May.

Person holding stock registered at the transfer agency in Boston will receive their dividends at the office of Messrs. J. E. Thayer & Brother in Boston; those holding stock registered at the transfer agency in New-York will receive their dividends at the Bank of Commerce in New-York. All other shareholders will receive their dividends at the Treasurer's office in Chicago. Stockholders who do not receive by mail circulars informing them of this dividend, and of their rights to take new stock at par, can receive one by writing the undersigned at Chicago, or to Edward L. Baker, Chairman, No. 48 City Exchange, Boston. Per order.

AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer.
CHICAGO, April 29, 1864.

INTERNATIONAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK.

OFFICE, No. 113 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

WILLIAM E. WARREN, President.
HAMILTON BRUCE, Vice-President.
GEORGE W. SAVAGE, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, May 14, 1864.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF THE THREE YEARS' SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES FALLING DUE AFTER AUG. 19, AND OCT. 1, 1864.—The three years' seven-thirty notes issued under the act of July 17, 1861, are exchangeable at any time before or at maturity, for six per cent. bonds of the act of July 17, and Aug. 5, 1861, when presented in sums not less than five hundred dollars.

The three years' notes were issued bearing date Aug. 19, and Oct. 1, 1861, and become due after Aug. 19, and Oct. 1, 1864.

Holders of the notes, of either date, are hereby notified that they may be presented *for immediate exchange* for six per cent. bonds, with full coupons, drawing interest from July 1, 1864, *up to which date interest will be paid, without delay, on the three years' notes at the rate of seven 30-100 per centum per annum.*

The interest found to be due on the three years' notes up to July 1, 1864, will be transmitted by the United States Treasurer's draft, payable in coin.

The six per cent. bonds which are exchanged for the principal of the three years' notes will be issued drawing interest from July 1, 1864, the date up to which the three years' notes are settled, and will be transmitted as fast as they can conveniently be prepared.

Parties wishing to exchange the three years' notes in the above manner, must send them to this Department, in sums of five hundred dollars or its multiple, indorsed "Pay to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," which indorsement must be signed by the party on whose account they are to be exchanged.

They must be accompanied by a letter stating the numbers, denominations and dates of the notes, and the kind (registered or coupon) and denominations of the six per cent. bonds wanted in exchange.

The six per cent. coupon bonds are of the denominations of five hundred and one thousand dollars; and the registered bonds are of the denominations of five hundred, one thousand, five thousand and ten thousand dollars.

When registered bonds are ordered, parties must state at which of the following places they wish the interest paid, viz.: New-York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore or New-Orleans.

S. P. CHASE, Secretary of the Treasury.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.
CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 34 Wall-st.
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS
for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions, BOUGHT AND SOLD.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, } TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, May 16, 1864.

LOAN OF $3,000,000—DUE 15TH JUNE, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that this Company is now prepared to redeem the bonds of the above issue, on their presentation at THE BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK, at par and accrued interest.

JOHN V. L. PRUYN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND HAVRE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, No. 7 Broadway, NEW-YORK, May 19, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HAVRE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—Annual election of Directors will be held at the office of the company, No. 7 Broadway, on June 2 next, between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD ORE MINING COMPANY
OF COLORADO

THOMSON & TALBOT MINES, GREGORY DISTRICT—ALFRED THOMSON, Managing Superintendent. 900 feet, double lodes, six shafts *in full working order*, CAPITAL, $250,000 SHARES, $10. Issued in payment of property, and not liable to assessments. $50,000 reserved as working capital.

TRUSTEES.

JAMES D. FISH, WM. A. COBB,
JNO. W. B. DOBCYER, WM. L. CORTELYOU.
CHAS. O. MOFFATT, CHAS. H. TODD,
WILBUR F. LETCHERBERT, SAMUEL EDDY.
DAVID S. DUNCOMB.

From Prospectus.

OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, No. 8 PINE-ST., NEW YORK, March 12, 1864.

Wm. T. Dalton, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: A 30-stamp mill (700 pounds each) will crush 30 tons ore, and with 15 Frieburgh Pans, and the Sulphurizer, I believe the Thomson and Talbot Mines will yield $1,200 *per day in gold.*

Yours, respectfully, L. R. BUTLER.

The company will put in operation, as soon as it can be forwarded, a *larger working power* than is above specified.

Subscriptions to 10,000 shares AT PAR may be made at the office of WHITE, MORRIS & CO., Bankers, No. 29 Wall-st. Maps and prospectus may be obtained from either of the offices.

EAST RIVER INSURANCE COMPANY } No. 69 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, May 18, 1864.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, held on the 11th inst., the following-named gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:

JOSEPH KERNOCHAN,	AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK,
J. TAYLOR JOHNSTON,	JAMES COLLES, JR.,
FRED'K SCHUCHARDT,	ALEX'DER I. COTHEAL,
RUSSELL STEBBINS,	CHARLES H. BIRNEY,
DANIEL S. SCHANCK,	WILLIAM WATT,
SAMUEL SLOAN,	ISAAC WALTON,
ISAAC E. COTHEAL,	HENDERSON MOORE,
DAVID WAGSTAFF,	R. W. MONTGOMERY,
HENRY A. HOWE,	FRANCIS B. O'CONNOR,
JAMES A. HAMILTON,	THEO. POLHEMUS, JR.,
THOMAS PALMER, JR.	

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, on the 17th inst., SAMUEL SLOAN, Esq., was elected President, and CHARLES H. BIRNEY, Esq., Vice-President.

W. F. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Capital.....$5,000,000

By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank is prepared to receive subscriptions to the NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN,

issued under an act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide ways and means for the support of the Government," approved March 3, 1863.

THIS LOAN IS

redeemable after ten and payable forty years from date, with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum. Interest and principal payable in coin. Subscriptions to the above must be made in lawful money of the United States, and the accrued interest in coin or in National currency, adding fifty per cent. premium until further notice. MORRIS KETCHUM, President.

A. W. SMITH, Assistant Cashier.

CALL FOR A MEETING OF SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF THE NORTHERN (OGDENSBURG) RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.—Pursuant to the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York to authorize the formation of a Corporation to take the Northern Railroad Company, dissolved, passed March 31, 1857, and amended April 8, 1864, and pursuant to a written request signed by the holders of a majority in amount of the second issue of bonds of the Northern Railroad Company, we, the trustees of the Mortgagees to secure the payment of the second issue of bonds of the said Northern Railroad Company, do hereby give notice that a meeting of all such second mortgage bondholders as choose to attend in person or by proxy will be held at the Northern Railroad office, in the village of Malone, New-York., on the 10th day of JUNE next, at 12 o'clock, at noon, for the purpose of forming a new Railroad Corporation.

Dated Malone, New-York, April 28, 1864.

W. A. WHEELER, } Trustees.
WM. C. BROWN, }

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST., } NEW-YORK, March 7, 1864.

PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be equired.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF THE MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY CO., No. 48 EXCHANGE-PLACE, ROOM No. 20, NEW-YORK, May 18, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Transfer Books of this company will be closed on the 28th May, 1864, at 2 P. M., and will be opened again on the 15th of June next at 10 A. M.

H. F. TAINTOR, Transfer Agent.

THE FIREMEN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY have removed to their new office, No. 20 Broadway. This Company continues to insure property, of all kinds, against loss or damage by fire, on as favorable terms as any other reliable company.

H. BEECKMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE CO., } No. 114 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 16, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the company will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 30th day of May, 1864. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M. By order.

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the New-Jersey Consolidated Copper Company, will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, 31st inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing officers, and transacting such business as may come before the meeting. WM. R. TRAVERS, President.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 3, first floor, over Park Bank.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

ISAAC'S HARBOR GOLD CO.,
OF NOVA SCOTIA,
Office No. 137 Broadway, Room No. 7.

The Trustees have this day declared a Dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable at the office of the Company June 1.

Transfer Books will be closed from May 26, to June 2.

This Company commenced operations April 19.

WM. F. SHIRLEY, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, May 17, 1864.

OFFICE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, } NEW-YORK, May 10, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. out of the net earnings of the last three months, payable at the office of the company, on THURSDAY, the 19th instant. The transfer books will close on the 12th instant, and reopen on the 23d instant. By order of the Board of Directors.

THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

OFFICE DENVER (Gold) MINING COMPANY, } No. 61 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, May 14, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Trustees have this day declared a second (2d) quarterly dividend of two (2) per cent., payable at the office of the company, free from Government tax, on FRIDAY, 20th inst. Transfer books will remain open until the day previous.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
JAMES WADSWORTH, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY, } No. 111 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 10, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN AND ONE-HALF per cent. (7½) on the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Coal Company will be paid at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on and after the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 19th inst., both inclusive.

GEORGE A. HOYT, Treasurer.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS.

An interest in a Foundry and Machine-shop in Saint Louis, Mo., for sale. A party with not less than $25,000, (a larger amount could be used to advantage,) desiring to invest in an old and well established foundry and machine-shop, in Saint Louis, Mo., now doing a large and profitable business, can purchase an interest therein, by addressing the undersigned, who will give all necessary information. By action of the State Convention, Missouri is now a free State, and her immense mineral wealth, developed by free labor, will make her one of the richest States in the West. The abundance of iron and coal in the immediate vicinity of the city, makes this a very desirable investment. WM. H. MARKHAM,
Saint Louis, Mo.

$50,000.—WANTED—A PARTNER, EITHER active or special, who can command the above amount, to take an interest in a banking house already established on Wall-st., and now doing a large Exchange, Stock and Gold Commission business. Address, with real name, Box No. 3,234 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A CROCKERY STORE. FOR PARTICULARS, apply at No. 16 Spruce-st., office of *Thompson's Reporter.*

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MUNRO'S TEN CENT NOVEL. 14.

ZEKE STERNUM, THE LIVE-HEARTED SCOUT.

A SEQUEL TO
THE TORY OUTWITTED.

The readers of this, the People's own Series of Ten Cent Novels, need only to be told that the present number is fully equal to the "Tory Outwitted." No one reading within twenty miles of Uncle Sam's last Post-office should fail to read Zeke's and Jake's ludicrous adventures with Bears, Indians and Britishers.

For sale by all news agents, and sent post-paid, on receipt of price, 10 cents.

GEORGE MUNRO & CO.,
No. 137 William-st., New-York.
American News Company, General Agents.

DENTISTRY.

ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE.

Teeth extracted during a quiet sleep, positively without pain or injurious results. To accommodate the large number of persons requiring his professional services, Dr. HOYT has removed to the four-story building No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—T. G. ARNOLD, GAS BURNER Manufacturer, has removed his office and manufactory from Broome-st., to Nos. 224 and 226 West 21st-st., between 8th and 9th ave.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO EXEMPT FIREMEN.—THE attention of Firemen holding Exempt Badges is called to the following section of the law, relative to the same:

SECTION 7. Every Exempt Fireman receiving a Badge shall have the permission to wear the same renewed some time during the month of May in each year, otherwise such permission shall be deemed revoked, and the said commissioners may, at any time, revoke any permission so granted by them; but in case such permission is not renewed, or is revoked, it shall be the duty of such Exempt Firemen to restore the badge previously worn by him, to the said commissioners.

In accordance with the above section, the Clerks of the Board of Fire Commissioners will be in attendance at Firemen's Hall, on every TUESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, from seven to nine P. M. during the month of May, for the purpose of renewing Exempt Badges. JNO. J. GORMAN, President.

CHARLES P. KNAPP, } Clerks.
R. P. H. ABELL, }

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart for the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman, or Secretary of the committee, No. 8 City Hall. JOHN HARDY Chairman.

E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee, are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK RUSSELL } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE, } Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.

SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committe on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.

CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against harboring or trusting any of the crew of the British brig *Star*, Capt Edwin Wood, from Sunderland, as no debts of their contracting will be paid by the Captain or consignees. JOHN JACKSON & CO., No. 17 Broadway.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE LA TOURETTE HOUSE, BERGEN Point, on the Kill Von Kull, N. J., will open for the Season the latter part of May. Rooms may now be engaged for the Summer. Regular communication by steamboat from Pier No. 2 North River, and by railroad from Jersey City. WESLEY W. HILL,
Proprietor.

MORRISANIA HOTEL.—PLEASANT LOCATION, near depot; desirable rooms, with good board, at reasonable prices; accessible by steamboat, via Harlem and horse cars; trains leave corner 26th-st. and 4th-av. at 10:30, 2:30, 4, 5:10, 6, 6:45 and 8:30.

CHAS. STRINGER.

THE "PAVILION HOTEL," ROCKAWAY, L. I., having changed hands will open for the ensuing Summer on 1st of June. Parties in New-York wishing to engage rooms will find Mr. W. at the office of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., on Wednesdays, from 12 to 2 P. M. WALBRIDGE & CO.

"MANSION HOUSE," LONG BRANCH, N. J., will be open on the 1st of June next. Persons wishing rooms will please apply to

S. LAIRD, Proprietor.

PROPOSALS.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, } FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the FREIGHTING OF FORAGE for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine, TO Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, } TWELFTH AND GIRARD STS., PHILADELPHIA, May 17, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 24th instant, for supplying the SCHUYLKILL ARSENAL with the following articles:

WOOLEN GRAY BLANKETS, army standard, to weigh five pounds, and measure 7 feet by 5 feet 6 inches, with the letters U. S. in black, 4 inches long, in the centre.

FOOTMEN'S TROUSERS, sky-blue kersey, in all respects of material and make, army standard, and in due proportion of sizes.

STOCKINGS, made with fashioned toes, without seams, army standard, to weigh three pounds per dozen.

SACK COATS of blue flannel, unlined, in all respects army standard.

SACK COATS LINED, of blue flannel, in all respects army standard.

WALL TENTS AND FLIES, of 12 ounce 28½ inch cotton or linen duck for the tents, and 10 ounce 28½ inch cotton or linen duck for the flies. Bids invited for both together, or tent and fly separately.

NATIONAL COLORS, for Artillery, of silk, army standard.

NATIONAL COLORS, for Infantry, of silk, army standard.

REGIMENTAL COLORS, for Artillery, of silk, army standard.

COLOR-BELTS and SLINGS, complete, army standard.

BLUE WOOL FLANNELS, for sack coats or blouses, 3-4 or 6-4 wide, army standard.

BLACK SILESIA, sample required.

3-4 COTTON DRILLING, sample required.

BLACK HOOKS AND EYES, sample required.

MACHINE THREAD, No. 7, dark blue, sample required.

4-4 UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, sample required.

Bidders must state in their proposals the price, which must be given in *writing* as well as in figures, also the quantity bid for, and the times of delivery.

The ability of the bidder to fill the contract must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures will be appended

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 26 Aspendard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N.Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Ladies a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP CURES CERtain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is one dollar a vial and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. A book that treats of the dreadful effects of early abuse. Two hundred pages. Sent by mail for ten three-cent stamps. Male and Female Preventive, five dollars.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure is the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England; and sold by their Agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most Druggists.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, whose valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family, with full instructions for restoring the monthly sickness. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,724 New-York City. For sale by E. WARNER, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) No. 13 Ann-st. and No. 13 Court-st., Boston

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours. If of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,339 N. Y. Post-office.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations. Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

MEETINGS.

TESTIMONIAL.—AT A CALLED MEETING OF the teachers and students of Bryant, Stratton & Packard's Commercial College, held at their rooms on Thursday, May 19, the following resolutions, touching the death of Mr. PLATT R. SPENCER, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We have been made acquainted with the fact of the death of our beloved friend and former instructor, Mr. Platt R. Spencer, who died at his residence in Geneva, Ohio, on Monday evening, May 16, inst.; and,

Whereas, We deem it but less a duty than a sacred privilege to memorialize this sad event by a solemn act of the institution of which we are members, and in which he so recently officiated; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in this sad dispensation of Providence, we recognize the hand of a just and wise God, and while we called upon to mourn the loss of one who has upon us a peculiar claim for gratitude and affection, and whose departure from a field of great usefulness has filled our hearts with unalloyed sorrow and regret, we bow with submission to the will of "Him who doeth all things well."

Resolved, That in all our past association with our departed friend we have ever found in him the qualities of a true man; and that the retrospect of this valued acquaintanceship recalls no act or thought to mar the sacred pleasures of memory.

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Spencer, every true friend of education and moral advancement has occasion to mourn the demise of a brother; for in all that tended to benefit society, to advance the cause of virtue, and to administer to a true and healthy social progress, his heart was alive and his hand free.

Resolved, That all lovers of correct penmanship throughout the world have lost in Mr. Spencer a most devoted and faithful exemplar; and that the day is not distant when to him must be universally conceded the honor of having evolved and perfected a system of writing which must remain the business standard for all coming time.

Resolved, That while we sincerely deplore the sad stroke which has placed beyond our reach the living instruction of the revered author of the "Spencerian Penmanship," we will never cease to commemorate his services by a healthful ambition to profit by the works he has left behind him.

Resolved, That we do most earnestly and sincerely sympathize with the immediate family and friends of the deceased, and extend to them our heartfelt condolence in this their hour of deepest sorrow.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the City papers, and that a copy thereof be handsomely engrossed for the family of the deceased.

COMMITTEE

S. S. Packard, W. H. Palmer,
James McGiveran, J. R. Simpson.
G. B. West.
W. W. HARDER, Chairman.
W. ALLAN MILLER, Secretary.

WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION FOR DIMINISHING THE USE OF IMPORTED LUXURIES.—The above association, so successfully inaugurated last Monday, May 16, by a mass meeting at the Cooper Union, of over 2,500 women, held an adjourned meeting on the following day at No. 2 Great Jones-st. Various committees were appointed upon manufactures, correspondence throughout the State, &c. The pledge, as finally adopted, reads as follows:

"We, the undersigned, during the continuance of this war of rebellion, pledge ourselves to refrain from the purchase of imported articles of luxury for which those of home manufacture or production can be substituted."

To this the following names, taken at random from among several hundred, have been attached, and we publish them to show the interest with which the movement is regarded in this City:

Mrs. Ogden Hoffman, Mrs. Alex. Hamilton, Jr.,
Mrs. David Lane, Mrs. Daniel Le Roy,
Mrs. John Jay, Mrs. Jas B. Colgate,
Mrs. Morris Ketchum, Mrs. Benj. Nathan,
Mrs. R. M. Hunt, Mrs. Henry A. Coit,
Mrs. T. F. Meagher, Mrs. John Sherwood,
Mrs. A. V. Stout, Miss Irvine,
Mrs. Gurdon Buck, Miss Nash,
Mrs. A. Schermerhorn, Miss A. P. Carey,
Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, Mrs. W. P. Griffin,
Mrs. F. Billings, Mrs. T. d'Oremieulx,
Mrs. Laura W. Gibbs, Miss Ellen Collins,
Mrs. Geo. J. Cornell, Miss Lou sa Lee Schuyler,
Miss Mary Morris Hamilton, Mrs. S. Weir Roosevelt,
Miss A. H. Nevins, Miss Henrietta D. Haines,
Miss Gardener, Miss Harriet R. Woolsey,
Mrs. Gen. de Trobriand, Mrs. J. A. Dickinson,
Mrs. Moses H. Grinnel, Mrs. James A. Rathyen,
Mrs. George S. Bowdoin, Mrs. Nathaniel Robinson,
Mrs. R. M. Blatchford, Mrs. Joseph Inslee,
Mrs Frederick G. Foster, Mrs. Commodore Eagle, USN
Mrs. Drake Mills, Mrs. Wm. A. Bloodgood,
Mrs. S. B. Schieffelin, Mrs. Wm. B. Allen,
Mrs J. G. Courtney, Mrs. John W. Channey,
Mrs. Francis Lieber, Mrs. Wm. B. Moffat.

We would gladly publish all the names attached to this pledge, if our means would allow. For this, for distributing information, and for other purposes, all persons interested are requested to send money to Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMAN, Treasurer of the Association, No. 2 Great Jones-st., where the register of names is open for signatures from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Signatures will be received by letter.

Retail dealers in American fabrics are also requested to send to the office their names and addresses, with a description of the goods sold by them.

By order, ANNE S. EDWARDS, Secretary.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS AND OLD METALS.—White rags, 10 cents ℔ lb.; cottons and woolens, 3 cents; books and newspapers, 1 cents ℔ lb.; old brass, 22 cents ℔ lb.; copper and pewter, 28 cents ℔ lb.; old lead, 8 cents ℔ lb., at No. 15 New-Bowery, corner Roosevelt-st.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	.....
ERIN—building	3,212	.....
ONTARIO—building	3,212	.....
HELVETIA—building	3,209	.....
LOUISIANA	2,166	Smellie.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Grace.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leave my Pier No. 48, East River, as follows:
VIRGINIA ..... Saturday, April 23.
PENNSYLVANIA ..... Saturday, May 7.
LOUISIANA ..... Saturday, May 21.
WESTMINSTER ..... Saturday, June 4.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed and the rates lower than by any other line.

SALOON PASSAGE to Liverpool—$100, or $85, in Currency, according to the accommodation in State-rooms, but passengers having equal privileges in the Saloon.

THIRD-CLASS PASSAGE to Liverpool—$35 in Currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday ..... May 21
CITY OF LONDON ..... Saturday ..... May 28

and every Succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ANCHOR LINE
OF TRANSATLANTIC STEAM PACKET SHIPS.
Dirict Steam Communication between
NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.

BRITANNIA ..... Capt. Ferrier.
CALEDONIA ..... Capt. Craig.

These A1. and fast-sailing steamships are fitted in the most approved style to insure the comfort and safety of passengers, and are intended to

SAIL FROM NEW-YORK,
BRITANNIA ..... May 25.
CALEDONIA ..... June 4.

Rates of passage, including an abundant supply of well-cooked provisions:

First Cabin ..... $75 | Second Cabin $60
Intermediate ..... 45 | Steerage 35

Payable in United States Currency.
Apply to SHAW, COPLAND & CO., No. 7 Bowling-green.

FOR CALIFORNIA.
M. O. ROBERTS' LINE
TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.
The steamship
ILLINOIS,
2,500 tons.
MONDAY, May 23, at noon.

The finest, fastest and strongest steamship in the California trade, will sail as above, from pier foot of Warren-st., North River.

For freight or passage, apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, corner of Warren and West sts.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 21st of May.
SATURDAY, 18th of June.

Passage money to Nassau $45
Passage money to Havana 50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS, DIRECT.
To sail on SATURDAY, May 28, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M.
The United States Mail side-wheel steamship
EVENING STAR,
W. R. BELL, Commander,
will sail as above from Pier No. 47, N. R., foot of Houston-st. For freight or passage, apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 16 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new United States Mail Steamship GEORGE WASHINGTON, E. V. GAGER, commander, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, May 21, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. No freight received on day of sailing.
Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 56 West-st.

NOTICE.—SHIP IRONSIDES, FROM LIVERPOOL, is now discharging under general order at Pier No. 46, East River. Consignees will please attend to receipt of their goods as once.
NESMITH & SONS, No. 28 South-st.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being completed, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. B. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.
Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 8, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7½ P. M.
Leave Flushing at 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7½ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M. Sunday trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4 and 6 P. M. Leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5 and 7 P. M.

JOHN S. BATTORFF, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yaphank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.

Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:30 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. W. F. GRIFFITH, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE WEST.—Ladies traveling alone or families will find this the shortest and easiest route. There is but one change of cars between New-York and Chicago or Cincinnati, and only two to St. Louis. Office, No. 271 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 9:15 P. M., 4:32 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M. run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. Sunday train, 5 P. M.

EXCURSIONS.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BARGE—THE HARVEST HOME and the RHINEBECK, to charter for excursions, with steamboats and groves such as desired. Committees furnished all information. Excursion office, No. 382 West-st., corner of Barrow.
H. B. CROSSETT.

TO LET FOR EXCURSIONS—STEAMboats, barges and groves. Apply to W. & E. MYERS & CO., foot of Morton-st (office removed from Vestry-st.)

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture: also solid chestnut and walnut chamber sets, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 363 Canal-st., opposite Wooster-st. Established 1843.

FINE ARTS.

FREDRICKS & CO., PHOTOGRAPHERS, No. 179 8th-av., between 22d and 23d sts. Cartes de Visite $2 per dozen. Our work cannot be excelled.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. NAVY.
AND
MARINE CORPS.
NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE,
OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS,
CORNER CHAMBERS-ST. AND BROADWAY.

5,000 RECRUITS WANTED
FOR THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

COUNTY BOUNTY OF $200 AND $100,
CASH DOWN FOR SAILORS,
AND
$300 FOR MARINES AND PRIZE MONEY.

THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES HAVING, in order to fill up the navy and Marine Corps, authorized the raising of recruits for that branch of the service, and guaranteed that recruits for the navy and Marine Corps shall be counted on the quotas of the places where they elect to be credited, the same as if they were recruits for the army, the County Volunteer Committee have resolved to pay recruits for the navy and Marine Corps the following bounty, cash down, upon their being duly mustered into the service:

When enlisting for one year in the navy $100
When enlisting for more than one year in the navy $200
When enlisting for Marine Corps $100

ANY PERSON BRINGING A RECRUIT FOR THE NAVY OR MARINE CORPS TO THIS OFFICE WILL RECEIVE A COUNTY PREMIUM OF $20.

PAY OF THE U. S. MARINE CORPS.

First or Orderly Sergeant	$20 per month.
All other Sergeants, each	17 per month.
Corporals	13 per month.
Drummers and Fifers	13 per month.
Privates in Barracks at Navy-yard	13 per month.
Privates at Sea	14 50 per month.

Seamen and ordinary seamen, who will be shipped for two years, will receive, in addition to the above bounty of $200, three months' pay in advance, and three months' extra pay as Government bounty.

The rates of wages are as follows:

First-class Firemen	$30 per month.
Second-class Firemen	25 per month.
Coal-passers	18 per month.
Seamen	18 per month.
Ordinary Seamen	14 per month.
Landsman	12 per month.
Boys	10 per month.

Boys will not be taken unless they are sixteen years of age, stout, in good health, and not below four feet eight inches in height. In all cases the consent of the parents or guardians must be obtained.

The county bounty and the three months advance pay will be paid to all recruits, irrespective of class; and half-monthly pay can be left at home by application to the Paymasters of the vessels to which the recruits may be assigned.

All needful information can be obtained by applying at the Naval tent in the Park, and persons can be enlisted and sworn in at either of the following rendezvous, which are the only ones authorized by the Navy Department in this City.

All recruits thus enlisted, and receiving the bounties aforesaid, will be credited to the quota of the City and County of New-York.

CAPT. OSCAR BULLUS, U. S. N., No. 9 Cherry-st.
CAPT. EDWARD THOMSON, U. S. N., No. 345 Water-st.
LIEUT.-COMDG. JNO. McLEOD MURPHY, U. S. N., No. 14 State-st.
ACT'G-MASTER JOHN W. GOIN, U. S. N., No. 166 South-st.
CAPT. A. N. BREVOORT, U. S. M. C., No. 18 Bowery.
EDWARD P. MEEKER, U. S. M. C., County Bounty Rooms, No. 18 Bowery.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, April 8, 1864.

N. Y. COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE,
OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS,
Cor. Chambers-st. and Broadway.
Entrance on Broadway.

10,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down $300 00
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional 100 00
Total $400 00

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

☞ Any person bringing a recruit for the army to this office, will receive a premium of twenty dollars.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE OF THE PAYMASTER-GENERAL,
ALBANY, May 9, 1864.

FOR WANT OF LIKE FACILITIES AS are were afforded me in the Northern and Western Divisions, the men enlisted under the recent calls in the Southern Division of the State (comprising the first ten Congressional Districts) were obliged, most of them, to go to the field without the State bounty. In the recent battles many, whom the Paymaster had not as yet been able to reach in the field, may have been killed.

Widows, residing in this City, New-York City and its vicinity, having claims on this office, will, if they call on Maj. ROBERT BENSON, Jr., No. 7 State-street, New-York City, have their papers arranged and forwarded, FREE OF EXPENSE.

JOHN D. VAN BUREN,
Paymaster-General.

STEAMBOATS.

MORNING BOATS FOR ALBANY.—THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER DREW, Capt. JOHN F. TALLMAN, will on and after WEDNESDAY, May 4, leave from Desbrosses-st. at 7 A. M., stopping for passengers at 30th-st., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson.

On and after THURSDAY, May 19, the ARMENIA will run on alternate days with the DREW, forming a daily line. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked to points West and North.

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Rimores. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, CORNwall, Poughkeepsie, and Rondout. The steamer MARY POWELL, leaves Jay-st. Pier, every afternoon, at 3½.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864.

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and sixty-five dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15¾ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 36th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.

STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 27, 1864.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.—HORSES suitable for cavalry purposes, between the ages of 5 and 10 may be presented for inspection at the Government Stables, on 38th-st; $150 will be paid for each horse accepted; no mares received.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE FINEST and latest styles first-class carriages, viz.: Fine shifting-top buggies, two seats, half-tops; also, Germantowns, extension-tops, family Rockaways and family carriages, road wagons of all descriptions, warranted equal to any manufactured. Persons in want of carriages are invited to call and examine the above stock, as it is the largest and best selected assortment of carriages in New-York. C. WITTY, No. 450 Broadway, and 16 Crosby-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY STYLISH SADDLE HORSE; good in single or double harness; sold for want of use. Inquire at LOWERY'S Riding Academy, corner of 39th st. and 5th-av.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND VICTORIA carriage, suitable for one horse. Address Box No. 3,294 Post-office, stating price and where to be seen.

ONE HANDSOME BRETT FOR SALE—AT JOHN C. PARKER & CO.'S, No. 62 East 25th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID—CERTIFICATE NO. 3,396, for one hundred shares ILLINOIS CENTRAL SCRIP STOCK, dated Aug. 12, 1863, in the name of Camman & Co.

The transfer has been stopped, and all persons are notified not to negotiate the certificate.

Application will be made for a new certificate.

The finder is requested to return the same to WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORISON, No. 29 William-st.

LOST OR MISLAID.—CERTIFICATE NO. 10,871 for one hundred shares Erie Railway common stock, in the name of Dwight Townsend. Also, Certificate No. 10,590, for one hundred shares Erie Railway common stock, in the name of Richard Schell, owned by the undersigned. The transfer has been stopped, and all parties are notified not to negotiate the certificates. Application will be made for new certificates. The finder is requested to return the same to PETERS & PROBST, No. 13 Broad-st.

LOST.—MISCARRIED BY MAIL OR STOLEN therefrom, between Iona and Boston, BONDS of the Second Division of the Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad, Nos. 631, 632, 633, 634 and 635; each $1,000. All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase the said Bonds or the Coupons belonging to them as they will not be paid. Signed, CHAS. A. LAMBERT, Treasurer, No. 114 State-st., Boston.

LOST—A CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS from the United States Treasury for five thousand ($5,000) dollars, No. 25,641, due may 23, 1864. All persons are cautioned against the purchase or negotiation of the same as payment thereof has been stopped. Whoever will return the same to No. 113 Liberty-st. will be liberally rewarded.
R. H. MANNING.
New-York, May 14, 1864.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 3,113, OF THE Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company, for 60 Shares, in name of Robert Rogers, transfer of which has been stopped. The finder is requested to return the same to VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 Wall-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

HIPPOTHEATRON
AND NEW-YORK CIRQUE,
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.

POSITIVELY THE LAST DAY BUT ONE, THIS FRIDAY EVENING, OF SPALDING AND ROGERS' GREAT OCEANIAN CIRCUS, And positively LAST WEEK BUT ONE of that COLOSSAL AND TALENTED COMPANY, which proceeds immediately for a short tour to the PRINCIPAL NEW-ENGLAND CITIES, while maturing the preparations for a grand aquatic trip to Constantinople and the Mediterranean.

VAST PREPARATIONS in progress to commemorate this LAST WEEK OF ARENIC SPORTS, WITH NEW FEATS IN HORSEMANSHIP, NEW FEATS IN ACROBATICS, NEW FEATS IN GYMNASTICS, NEW FEATS IN EQUILIBRIA, NEW EQUINE FEATS, AND NEW COMEDIANS, in which the entire encyclopedia of everything NOVEL, THRILLING AND PLEASING known to the circle will be produced by the unapproached and unapproachable CONSTELLATION OF STARS to consummate the climax of Circus display in A FAREWELL PROGRAMME long to be remembered in this City.

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK AND WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.

NO ADVANCE IN THE PRICES.
Reserved Stalls, 75 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; children half price. Amphitheatre, 25 cents. Doors open—Afternoon, at 1½; Evening, 7½ o'clock.

WALLACK'S. FRIDAY.
Doors open at 7½. Overture commences at 7¾. Curtain rises at its conclusion.
Third time this season, with beautiful and appropriate scenery and costumes, Sheridan Knowles' great play of THE WIFE.
A TALE OF MANTUA.

Julian St. Pierre	Mr. Lester Wallack
Leonardo Gonzaga, { Princes of } Mantua	C. Fisher
Ferardo Gonzaga, { Princes of } Mantua	Mr. Norton
Antonio, a Curate	Mr. John Gilbert
Lorenzo, an advocate of Rome	Mr. Daly
Bartolo	Mr. G. Holland
Count Florio	Mr. Parkes
Hugo	Mr. Pope
Advocate to Hugo	Mr. Browne
Bernardo	Mr. Williamson
Mariana	Miss Jane Coombs
Floribel	Miss Mary Barrett

SATURDAY—THE WONDER.
MONDAY—WILD OATS.
TUESDAY—THE JEALOUS WIFE.
WEDNESDAY—THE LOVE CHASE.
In rehearsal, the beautiful play entitled the WIFE'S SECRET, by Lovel, author of "Love's Sacrifice," and will be produced with new scenery, costumes and appointments.
In preparation, an entirely new Drama.

WINTER GARDEN.
FOURTH
And, for the present,
LAST NIGHT
BUT
TWO
of Tom Taylor's great play of THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN, which, when interrupted in the zenith of its triumph, had run for upward of ONE HUNDRED CONSECUTIVE NIGHTS.

The public are respectfully informed that owing to the promise made to produce during the present engagement of MR. and MRS. W. J. FLORENCE, a constant succession of lively and brilliant novelties, THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN can only be presented for two nights more.

MONDAY, the 23d of June, will be produced, with new scenery, costumes, properties and music new and mostly original, the burlesque of FRA DIAVOLO, together with two of those sparkling pieces peculiar to the repertoire of Mr. and Mrs. Florence.

GRAND MATINEE
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN
AT IRVING HALL,
SATURDAY, May 21, at 3 o'clock.
FALLON'S STEREOPTICON.
The most elegant and instructive entertainment of the age. Single tickets 25 cents. Children 15 cents.
Family tickets, admitting six persons, $1.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
The thirty-ninth annual exhibition of original pictures by living artists, is now open, at the Galleries, No. 625 Broadway, daily, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

POLITICAL.

TO THE UNION ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The National Union Convention meets at Baltimore on the 7th of June next, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States for the ensuing four years. The call under which this convention assembles invites all Union men in favor of the vigorous prosecution of the war for the suppression of the rebellion to participate in the election of delegates, and it is the right and duty of every Union loving citizen to do so.

At the last Union State Convention the General Committee was directed to take measures for the purpose of harmonizing and uniting the various Union organizations in this City. The committee having neglected this duty, the leading members of the principal organizations have sought to bring about the desired union by their own action. The result has been that a complete and harmonious fusion has been effected of all the Union organizations except the one formerly known as the Republican Central, which now assumes to be the only "regular Union organization" in this City, which is still entirely controlled by rules adopted to a strictly partisan body, and by men who, by means of that organization are enabled to keep themselves constantly in power without regard to the rights or wishes of the Union citizens whom they assume to represent.

This body was invited and urged to join with the other Union Associations in the choice of delegates, but rejecting all propositions, it has insisted upon keeping exclusive control of the nomination and choice of delegates. A primary election held under such auspices cannot result in the choice of representatives of the Union senti

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE N. Y. TIMES

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

REPORTED SUPERSEDURE OF SIGEL.

Rumors continue rife that SIGEL is to be superseded for his conduct in the recent engagement in the Valley of Virginia. It is believed that the force opposing him only numbered about four thousand, and some express doubts as to whether BRECKINRIDGE was there at all. CROOKS was in the rear of the rebel force, and there are no apprehensions of their making any effort to pursue their advantage over SIGEL.

SANITARY SUPPLIES FOR BUTLER.

The Sanitary Commission have sent two vessels loaded with supplies to the James River, for BUTLER'S command, and they have had two boats engaged in transporting supplies for wounded at Fredericksburgh.

PLANTATION MANNERS IN THE HOUSE.

A bit of the old plantation manners disturbed the proceedings of the House to-day. MALLORY charged JULIAN with having interpolated the *Globe* report of a recent speech, remarks of a personal and insulting nature he had never delivered, and also made free charges of falsehoods, and sneeringly said that he had printed what he did not dare to speak. JULIAN finally ended the matter by producing the official reporter's notes of his speech, and disposed of the question of having courage enough to say what appeared in the report by saying it over again. Therewith the whole difficulty suddenly subsided.

THE TAX BILL REPORTED IN THE SENATE.

Contrary to general expectation, the Finance Committee, late this evening, reported the Tax Bill, and it was sent at once to the printer. The amendments of the committee are very voluminous, numbering in all some three hundred. The committee, after much controversy, adopted the sliding scale on whisky, fixing it at one dollar. After 1st June, $1 25 after October, and $1 50 per gallon after January. WASHBURNE'S amendment, taxing stock on hand, was unanimously stricken out. On tobacco the committee adopted in substance the taxes imposed by the House. The committee reduced the House tax on stock brokers' sales from one-fifth to one-twentieth of one per cent. The bill will be printed by Saturday, and it is the intention of Senator FESSENDEN to take it up on Monday.

TRADE WITH THE REBELS.

The Senate Committee on Commerce had under consideration to-day an important bill relating to trade with rebel States. The object is to prevent indiscriminate trade in cotton with the rebels along the Mississippi. The bill is understood to be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. The committee also had under consideration the subject of overland telegraph to mouth of Amoor River. They will probably report the bill in accordance with the project of the petitioner.

THE PEACE CONVENTION OF 1860.

The full history of the secret Peace Convention of the Winter of 1860-61, with a journal of its proceedings, in course of preparation by its Secretary, L. E. CHITTENDEN, now Register of the Treasury, will shortly be issued by a leading New-York house.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate worked off an immense mass of Executive nominations to-day. Over four hundred confirmations in all, among them two hundred promotions in the regular army.

TREASURER SPINNER'S HEALTH

United States Treasurer SPINNER, who has been confined to his bed by severe illness for several weeks, has so far recovered as to resume his duties, though under protest of his physician.

A DENIAL.

It is denied that Hon. H. WINTER DAVIS is engaged with Admiral DUPONT in writing a reply to the document relating to armed vessels in the attack on Charleston.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

CONSUL-GENERAL OF LIBERIA.

Mr. J. B. PUMEY, who has for some time past resided in the City of New-York, in the character of Consul-General of the Republic of Liberia, presented his credentials, yesterday, and was received by the Secretary of State as Chargé d'Affaires of that Republic near this Government.

CAPTURE OF THE REBEL SCHOONER JUDSON.

The Navy Department has received information of the capture recently, off Mobile Bar, of the schooner *Judson*, with forty bales of cotton. She had run out of Mobile during the night. The master and crew profess to be Union men.

FEES FOR POSTAL MONEY ORDERS.

The postal money order system, just established by the law, provides that no money order shall be issued for any sum less than $1, or more than $30, and all persons who receive money orders are required to pay here for the following charges or fees, viz: For an order of $1, or for any larger sum, but not to exceeding $10, 10 cents shall be charged, and exacted by the Postmaster giving such order; for an order of more than $10 and not exceeding $20, the charge shall be 15 cents; and for every order exceeding $20 a fee of 20 cents.

PROMOTION OF SEAMEN.

Seamen distinguishing themselves in battle, or by extraordinary heroism in the line of their profession, may be promoted to forward warrant officers or acting masters-mates, as they may be best qualified, upon the recommendation of their commanding officer and approved by the flag-officer and the department; upon such promotion they shall receive a gratuity of one hundred dollars, and a medal of honor to be prepared by the Navy Department.

LETTER FROM SECRETARY CHASE TO A BANK OFFICER.

The following letter has been addressed by the Secretary of the Treasury to a bank officer, under date of May 18, 1864:

SIR: Your letter of the 13th, making inquiries in regard to the kind of currency with which the five-twenty years six per cent. and three years' seven-thirty per cent. notes are to be redeemed, has been received. It has been the constant usage of the department to redeem all coupon and registered bonds forming part of the funded or permanent debt of the United States in coin, and this usage has not been departed from during my administration of its affairs. All Treasury notes and other obligations forming part of the temporary loan are payable, and will be redeemed in lawful money, that is to say in United States notes, until after the resumption of specie payments, when they also will doubtless be redeemed in coin, or equivalent notes, the five-twenty sixes being payable twenty years from date, though redeemable after five years, and considered as belonging to the funded or permanent debt, and so also are the twenty-years' sixes into which the three-years' seven-thirty notes are convertible. These bonds, therefore, according to the usage of the Government, are payable in coin. The three years' seven-thirty Treasury notes are part of the temporary loan, and will be paid in United States notes, unless holders prefer conversion to payment.

Very respectfully,

S. P. CHASE, Secretary of the Treasury.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The subscriptions to the Ten-forty Loan amounted to-day to $1,166,000.

The Pennsylvania Militia—Gov. Curtin's Proclamation.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, May 19.

Gov. CURTIN has issued the following proclamation:

Whereas, Circumstances render it not improbable that the President of the United States may, within a short time, call on the Pennsylvania volunteer militia for a brief term of service; *and whereas*, the example of the brave men now in the field from Pennsylvania, heretofore on every battle-field distinguished for courage and efficiency, but who in the recent battles in Virginia have gained an enviable distinction by their deeds of valor and endurance, should stimulate their brothers at home to increase their efforts to sustain their country's flag and terminate the rebellion.

Now, therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do make this my proclamation, earnestly requesting the people of the Commonwealth, who are willing to respond to such a call of the President, to form military organizations without delay, that they may not be found unprepared to do so.

And I do further request that the commanding officers of all military organizations which may be formed in compliance with this proclamation, do forthwith report the condition of their respective commands, that prompt measures may be taken for getting them into the service in case a requisition should be made by the General Government.

Such a call, if made, will be for a term of not less than one hundred days. The troops will be clothed, armed, subsisted and paid by the United States, and mustered into the service thereof.

Given under my hand and seal, at Harrisburgh, this the 18th day of May.

By the Governor.

ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

POSTSCRIPT.

FRIDAY, 4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE LATEST.

DETAILS OF WEDNESDAY'S BATTLE

The First Line of Rebel Works Gallantly Carried.

Further Progress Impeded by an Impenetrable Abattis.

Immense Strength of the Rebel Position.

Our Loss in the Sortie from Eight to Twelve Hundred.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

Your correspondent, Mr. E. A. PAUL, writes as follows to this Bureau, under date:

BELLE PLAINS, Thursday, May 19—1 P. M.

The First Division, Second Corps, Gen. BARLOW, made a charge yesterday morning, and took the enemy's rifle pits in his front and held them, but lost heavily. One other division charge was made, but up to the middle of the day I cannot learn that there was any general engagement.

Maj. LAWLER, of the Twenty-eighth Massachusetts, was killed in BARLOW'S charge. His body was brought to Fredericksburgh last night. The First Division of the Sixth Corps made a charge, and lost considerably—an officer of the command says forty killed and two hundred wounded. Officers here think a general engagement is going on to-day.

The cars will be moving over the Aquia Creek and Fredericksburgh Railroad to-morrow. Some of the artillery recently captured was sent to Washington to-day.

Lieut. PARKER, Headquarters Mail Agent, desires me to correct the erroneous impression, that an order has been issued stopping mail communication with the Army of the Potomac. It was, of course, necessarily interrupted during the late battles, but not by order. Lieut. PARKER has been assiduous in his efforts to get the mail through, and was the last to abandon the Rappahonnock Station route, going to Washington on Sunday, overtaking the last train that left Rappahannock Station. Mails up to the present time, owing to the condition of the roads, have been carried on horseback.

The officer who started with the 390 rebel officers for Fort Delaware a few days ago says the steamer broke down on the way and 100 of the officers were landed at Point Lookout. During the passage the rebel officers concocted a plot to capture the boat and regain their liberty, but the attempt was happily frustrated through the watchfulness of the guard, composed of a company of the Veteran Reserve Corps commanded by Capt. HOOD.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

Another correspondent from the front gives a brief account of yesterday's fighting. All the preparations had been made the night before for a strong reconnoissance that night and a general engagement. The line of battle had been formed with WRIGHT'S Sixth Corps forming the extreme right, the Second holding the centre, and BURNSIDE the left. At daybreak the assault was ordered along the line. Such was its impetuosity that the enemy was borne back, and we speedily carried their outer line of rifle-pits. Further progress was now impeded by a strong abattis, and the enemy poured in a destructive fire from their breastworks. They were found to be in very heavy force and their position was seen to be such that any attempt to storm it would be terribly destructive. After holding the outer works for some time, an order was therefore given to fall back.

Up to the period when dispatches were forwarded this morning, the relative positions of the two armies remained unchanged.

It was supposed, however, that the valuable information gained by yesterday's engagement concerning the enemy's exact position and nature of his fortifications would be of essential service in shaping further operations. Our losses yesterday amounted to about 1,200.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 19.

A dispatch from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, dated at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening, says:

"An attack on the enemy's right was to have been made at an early hour this morning, but, on examining the ground in that vicinity, it was found to be unfaborable for the handling of the army. So the plan was changed, and, at 5 o'clock this morning, HANCOCK, supported by the Sixth Corps on his right and BURNSIDE on his left, advanced against the enemy's works.

The rifle-pits in front were those which had been abandoned by us; but they were filled with rebel sharpshooters, who were soon dislodged, and driven through a second line and behind a thick and impenetrable abattis, which was of a most formidable character.

On examination it was deemed best not to attempt charging through this barrier, and the troops fell back in good order, although exposed to a galling fire of shell and canister from both flanks.

Our loss in this movement was considerable, being about 800 in killed and wounded, among whom were Col. Murphy, commanding the Corcoran Legion, wounded; Lieut.-Col. De Lacy, 164th New-York, wounded in the bowels; Maj. Burns, 155 h New-York, in the head; Lieut.-Col. Vanderharden, 116th Pennsylvania, in the shoulder; Maj. Baker, commanding 39th New-York, wounded, and Maj. Carples, 52d New-York, wounded.

BURNSIDE'S corps were partly engaged, and lost of the above number about one-fourth. The Corcoran Legion acted like veterans, and kept their ground for over an hour under a very hot fire.

An attack was made by the enemy on the left in the afternoon, where WARREN was posted, but our batteries soon drove the enemy back, and silenced their guns.

All was quiet at 6 o'clock in the evening.

LATER.

THURSDAY, May 19—6 A. M.

I have just received intelligence that Guinea Station, on the Fredericksburgh and Virginia Railroad, was entered last night by our scouts. They captured the telegraph operators and apparatus, mail, &c. The station and a large quantity of supplies were destroyed."

From the Mississippi.

CAIRO, Wednesday, May 19.

The steamer *Runyon*, from Duval's Bluff, arrived this evening.

All was quiet along the river, which was overflowing its banks.

Memphis dates up to yesterday evening contain no news.

The Memphis cotton market was quiet; all readily taken at unchanged rates. Receipts during the past 24 hours, 245 bales; shipments, 578 bales.

The steamer *Decatur* passed up to-day for St. Louis with 60 bales of cotton.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

Doings of the Alabama—The Kin-Kiang at the Cape—The Two Vessels Meet in the Bay—The Kin-Kiang with Full Steam on—Semmes Slightly Amused.

The fast and famous paddle-wheel steamer *Kin Kiang*, Capt. TAYLOR, from New-York on the 10th of February, arrived at Table Bay (Cape of Good Hope) on the 26th of March, making the voyage in five weeks. Some interesting incidents of her arrival we gather from the African *Advertiser and Mail*, of the 26th of March. She came into the anchorage ground in Table Bay and was passing Mouille Point with the American flag flying at her mast-head, while the rebel privateer *Alabama* was starting out. Capt. TAYLOR and his officers at first thought the *Alabama* was an English gunboat. But they soon found out their mistake when they saw the rebel colors at her peak. The *Kin Kiang*, however, passed into the anchorage while the *Alabama* steamed away to sea. It will thus be seen that the *Kin Kiang* had a narrow escape; for although she would have easily distanced the *Alabama* in a straight race, she would have had no chance for taking to her heels had the two vessels, on their opposite courses, met a few miles out of the Bay, beyond the boundary-line of British maritime territory. A gentleman who was a passenger in the *Kin Kiang* from New-York, has written an account of the affair to a friend here, and from this letter we make the following extracts:

"We arrived here this morning, after a very rough passage, from Loando. The only thing that happened on our voyage was our entering this port. Just as we came in sight of the town, four pilot, or rather Captain of the port, informed us that it was nothing less than the *Alabama*. If we had been twenty or thirty minutes later, we would have been a prize, as we had not coal enough to stand much of a race; and she (the *Alabama*) would have hoisted the English flag, and been taken for a British dispatch-boat, which are quite numerous here. It was only by our happening to have steamed a little faster than usual the previous night, to take advantage of smooth water, that saved us from capture.

We blew our whistle twice when he came abreast of us, in order to show our contempt of him. He was only about fifty yards from us. SEMMES could easily be seen, a glass in his hand, looking at our name on the stern. The *Alabama* is just such a vessel as the illustrated papers represent her, carrying three broadsides and two pivot guns. She looks rather seedy, and much in want of repairs. Her copper is peeling off her bottom. SEMMES got about 200 tons of coal, but for some reason did not put her on the dock. The *Alabama* will probably wait around and try her luck in catching us; but if we have good weather he cannot catch us. We can pass the steamer ahead pretty fast in ordinary times, and I guess can do better still if the *Alabama* gets in our wake."

A correspondent of the Capetown *Mail* thus refers to the meeting of the *Kin-Kiang* and the *Alabama*, and the sailing of the latter:

"On Good Friday morning the boats in the bay were crowded with those who wished to bid SEMMES and his officers good-bye.

And just while they were doing so, while the *Alabama* was getting up steam to go out of the bay, a signal was made down from the Lion's Rump that an American paddle-steamer was standing into the bay. As she came a little nearer, she looked uncommonly like the *Vanderbilt* to those who looked at her with the naked eye. The news soon spread along the shore and through the town. The streets, which a short time before looked quite deserted, were crowded with people hurrying down to the wharves. The intensest excitement prevailed. When the strange-looking craft was far within the prescribed three miles, the *Alabama* left her anchorage and stood out. 'Daar, gaat de *Alabama* kos haal,' exclaimed a ragged urchin who, mad with excitement, was dancing about on the bales, barrels and coils of rope on the central wharf. 'Kos haal,' answered a companion, 'des nie waar nie, hij het al kos gekrij, waar zal hij dan kos loop zoek in de zee?' 'Weet jij dan nie dit hij de schepe opvriet?' retorted the other, 'hij zal nou maar die groot schip insluk.' And such was the wish, if not the opinion, of more enlightened elders, who were standing round the youngster, as excited as he. The two steamers passed each other just opposite the breakwater. 'Do you know what that steamer is,' said Capt. WILSON to the Captain of the ship coming in. 'No,' I have no idea,' said the Captain. 'That's the *Alabama*,' said WILSON. 'You don't mean to say so!' exclaimed the Captain, with a stare of blank astonishment, and then blew off his steam and whistled derisively at SEMMES. The steamer came up to her anchorage at a rate which must have made even SEMMES look envious. She turned out to be a river boat, with an extraordinary name, going to China. The excitement soon died away, and the crowds dispersed to enjoy their holiday in more odorous places than the wharves are.

Nobody on board the *Alabama*, but SEMMES, can tell where she has gone to now. What she may do next, or when she will be caught, is, of course, as great a mystery to him as it is to anybody else. SEMMES has written like a lawyer, as he is, to Admiral WALKER about the *Tuscaloosa*; but others beside Federals must see at once that he has assumed much which he had no right to assume, and that he reasons from premises which have never been granted."

The Pirate Florida.

HALIFAX, Thursday, May 19.

Her Majesty's steamer *Vesuvius*, from Bermuda 12th inst., reports the pirate steamer *Florida* at that port.

Vermont Union State Convention.

The Vermont Union State Convention met at Burlington on May 17, and renominated the present State ticket. The following were named as delegates-at-large to the Baltimore Convention:

SOLOMON FOOT, Rutland.
E. P. WALTON, Montpelier.
A. P. HUNTON, Bethel.
CAROLUS NORRS, Burlington.

The following were among the resolutions adopted:

Resolved, That with a full appreciation of the cost, the sacrifices, and the unutterable horrors of this war, we yet accept it as one of the terrible necessities which the providence of God, through the mad ambition of slaveholders and their advocates, had imposed upon the nation for its discipline and for its purification, by the utter extinction of human Slavery and serfdom—a necessity to be met heroically, to be borne patiently; a contest never to cease until equal, imparial liberty shall be proclaimed "throughout the land to all the inhabitants thereof," and the whole nation be restored again to Union, and shall attain to a better liberty, under a free Constitution and the protecting folds of the one free flag.

Resolved, That we rejoice that the day has come when the ranks of the armies of the nation are as free to the black man and the man of mixed blood as to the purely white man, and on equal terms as to pay and treatment; and we rejoice that the blood so many fiercely-fought fields has taught those who formerly refused to believe it that bravery depends not upon the color of a man's skin, but upon the manly soul that is within him.

Resolved, That we have an abiding confidence in the sterling honesty and common sense, the sagacity, the statesman-like ability and devoted patriotism of our President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN; who, if he do not attempt to control events, is yet wise enough to be instructed by them, to follow the leadings of Providence and to obey the impulses of the people; and that we will heartily sustain him and his administration in his efforts to crush the rebellion and the cause of the rebellion, and to restore the nation to union and an assured peace.

Resolved, That the choice of the people of Vermont for President of the United States for the next term is that man of the people, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Resolved. That we recommend to the voters of this State the ticket for State officers this day put in nomination, and pledge for it our hearty and undivided support.

The Remains of Gen. Wadsworth.

THEIR ARRIVAL IN THIS CITY.

The remains of Gen. WADSWORTH arrived here last evening, on the half-past six o'clock train from Washington, accompanied by Gen. SPRAGUE, Dr FITZHUGH and the Congressional Committee, Hons. Messrs. Fenton, Odell, Morris, Ganson, Frank and Winfield. The body was escorted by eight of the Veteran Reserves. The remains were received at the foot of Cortlandt-street by a detachment of the Third Regular Infantry, under command of Lieut. FOSMIRE, and Company C, Seventh Regiment, Capt. HAWS commanding. At 7 o'clock the procession was formed under direction of Gen. HALL, and proceeded to the City Hall. The coffin, inclosed in a rough box, was taken to the Governor's room, where the body will remain until 3 o'clock to-day, when it will be escorted to the Erie Railroad Depot by the Seventh Regiment. It will be taken at once to Geneseo. The friends of the deceased are requested to meet at the City Hall to-day, at the above hour, to join in the military and municipal procession.

The following orders were issued yesterday

THIRD BRIGADE, N. G. N. Y. S., NEW-YORK, May 19, 1864.

SPECIAL ORDER.—Col. LEFFERTS is hereby directed to assemble the Seventh Regiment, on Friday, the 20th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., in front of the City Hall, for escort duty to the remains of the late Maj.-Gen. WADSWORTH. By order of

WM. HALL, Brigadier-General.

HEADQUARTERS SEVENTH REG'T, N. Y. S. N. G., NEW-YORK, May 19, 1864.

SPECIAL ORDER.—The above order is hereby promulgated.

The regimental line will be formed at 1½ o'clock P. M. By order of

Col. MARSHALL LEFFERTS.

W. H. HUME, Adjutant.

Arrivals in the City.

Hons. M. F. Odell, D. Morris, J. Ganson, A. Frank, O. H. Winfield, Dr. Fitzhugh and Gen. Sprague, arrived here with the remains of Gen. Wadsworth last evening, and are now stopping at the Astor House.

Hon. H. G. Knight, Mass.; N. Wheeler and H. Sanford, Bridgeport; Jay Cook, Philadelphia, and Col. Hamilton, England, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

G. Sexton, Hartford; P. Coburn, Kansas; P. W. Cator, Baltimore; Rev. Dr. McLeod, N. Y., and J. F. Wilson, Penn., are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Count Colbert, C. Vesnel and M. Solomi, Paris, and Capt. Webber, England, are at the Brevoort House.

Evening Exchange.

$20,000	Am. Gold	181¼	100	M.S.&N.I.R.	97⅜
5,000	do	181	800	do	98
10,000	do s3	181	100	do	97⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	133⅛	100	Ill. Cen. R. s3	131
800	Erie R.	116⅜	100	do	131
300	do s3	115⅞	100	Cleve. & Pitts.	114⅜
100	do b5	115⅞	900	do b3	114⅜
200	do	115⅞	700	do	114⅜
200	do b3	115⅞	200	Gal. & Chic. R.	130⅜
100	do	115⅞	100	do	130
400	do s3	116⅛	60	Clev. & Tol. R.	161
300	do	116	200	do	160⅜
200	Hud. R. R.	153	200	Chic. & R. I. R.	116⅜
400	do b5	153	800	Chic. & N. W. R.	61
700	Reading R.	144⅜	200	do s3	61
400	do	144⅜	100	do	61⅛
400	do	144⅜	700	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	116
100	Mich. Cen. R.	145	200	do s3	118
300	Quick. Min. Co.	72¾	130	M. & P. du C. R.	70

THE WOMEN'S ECONOMICAL MOVEMENT.—The "Women's Patriotic Association for diminishing the use of imported luxuries," is fairly under way, and in our advertising columns publishes its pledge, a list of some of the prominent ladies who sustain it, and an appeal for aid to prosecute its work. It furthermore invites retail dealers in American fabrics to send to its office their names and address, with a description of the goods sold by them.

THE ARSON CASE AGAINST JOHN D. VERMEULE DISMISSED.—On Tuesday Justice DOWLING decided the evidence in the old arson case against Mr. JOHN D. VERMEULE, who had been arrested for setting fire to his crockery-store No. 282 Greenwich-street, on the 8th of December last, to be quite insufficient to sustain the charge, and dismissed the complaint. Mr. VERMEULE stands, therefore, fully acquitted. The arrest of Mr. VERMEULE was the result of a difficulty between himself and his former partner, FRANCIS HULL, the latter preferring the complaint against Mr. V.

GONE TO THE FRONT.—Col. PRATT, of the Twenty-third Regiment National Guard, left for Gen. BUTLER'S army a few days since, to act as volunteer Aid to Gen. Baldy SMITH. The Colonel served during the Peninsular campaign as Acting Brigadier-General.

DELEGATES TO THE SYRACUSE CONVENTION.—The following gentlemen were appointed as delegates from the Sixth Assembly District: JOHN FITCH, THOMAS MULLIGAN, and —— DUSENBURY.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—To-day is the last day but one of "Belphegor" at this popular place of entertainment.

DISTILLED DEW.—This delightful toilet preparation, which is exciting a *furore* among the most beautiful and fashionable women, exercises the charm of the ancient May-dew in whitening the skin and imparting to it delicacy and clearness. It is free from all injurious ingredients; is perfectly innocent, delicious and refreshing, and renders the skin beautifully clear, soft and smooth. It is sold by all druggists, and at the principal depot, No. 718 Broadway.—*Illustrated News.*

[Advertisement.]

PERSONAL IDENTITIES.—Is it "I?" or who possesses me?—Two lives in one—Revisiting Old Scenes—Physiological Changes—On Aliases—Changelings—Somebody Else—Don't be too Sure—The Three Johns.

THE SCIENCE OF FORCES—Origin of Vegetation—A Plant without Seed—How Animals are made—Terrestrial Phenomena—Combustion—Atoms, Water, Iron—Magnetism—What *Mind* is made of—THE BREATH OF LIFE.

HEADS OF MEN AND WOMEN, Wherein They Differ—Non-Resistance—In Answers to Correspondents—We have the Law of Proportion—Right Age to Marry—Physical Changes—Noses, Hair and Eyes—Stammering—Chess, Checkers—Language—Tobacco—Lady Physicians—Bar-room Phrenologists—Modern Miracles—Hazel Eyes—What shall Pug Noses Do? etc. In JUNE No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. Only 15 cents. Address FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

GAS FIXTURES.
Great variety of new styles of chandeliers at low prices,
At the manufactory,
No. 141 Elm, near Grand-st.
M. Z. CURTIS.

[Advertisement.]

THE CAPTURE OF RICHMOND.—As soon as Richmond is taken the people of that city will be able to supply themselves with the inimitable Hats made by KNOX, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street. As for the last three years they have been obliged to content themselves with the hideous abortions produced by Southern hatters, their joy can well be imagined.

[Advertisement.]

DEMOREST'S NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.—The model newspaper of America. Extraordinary novelties, splendid war pictures, valuable music, the fashions, and all the pictures illuminated in tint. Do not fail to see this week's number, now ready.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway New-York.

[Advertisement.]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—The steamship *Colorado*, built for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, will be launched from the shipyard of WM. H. WEBB, on Saturday morning, 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, precisely.

Passengers Sailed.

MAY 19—*In steamship City of Cork, for Liverpool*—Mrs. McMillin and 2 children, Mrs. John Stainthrop, Bri. Pamilinian, Thos. Kent, Alfred Mills, Michael O'Grady, Capt. Bernsee, wife, and 2 children and servant, Mrs. Koppel and child, James Brignardale and wife, M. Hervein and wife, G. Bontimps and wife, A. M. Joseph, wife and 3 children, Andrew Daneri, wife and 2 children, with others in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 39 | Sun sets..... 7 14 | Moon sets.. 3 58
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 6 28 | Gov. Island.. 7 17 | Hell Gate.. 8 39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, May 19.

Cleared.

Steamers Caleb S. Wright, Weir, Santa Martha, McLean & Lintz; Octorara, McLaughlin, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell; Vulcan, Morrison, Philadelphia.

Ships Adele, (Br.,) Clausen, Antwerp, W. Schmidt's Son; Oceanus, (Dutch,) Duksen, Batavia, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; E. Hamilton, White, New-Orleans, W. H. Robson.

Bark Campanero, (Br.,) Johnston, Rio Janeiro, Pendergast Bros.

Brig Hannah, (Br.,) Lane, St. John, N B., P. J. Nevius & Son.

Schooners M. H. Mifflin, Gadsden, Washington, L. Kenny; H. Castoff, Albro, Washington, L. Kenny; E. F. Prindeli, Ward, Annamedsex, J. S. Black; Shooting Star, Marshall, Boston; Piasa, (Br.,) Wilson, Maitland, N. S.; H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; J. G. Wright, Lyman, Baltimore, B. C. Wheeler & Co.; Northern Light, Lane, Boston, G. L. Hatch; Life-boat, Reid, Newburyport, S. W. Lewis & Co.; S. N. Smith, Kinner, Norfolk, Va., Abiel Abbott.

Sloop Mary Atwater, Haven, Hartford, H. S. Rackett & Son.

Arrived.

U. S. supply steamer Union, Edward Conroy commanding, New-Orleans, Key West, Pensacola, Port Royal and Hampton Roads 24 hours. 13th inst., spoke transport Merrimack, bound S. 15th, off Charleston, steamer Cahawba. 16th, off Wilmington, U. S. supply steamer Admiral, bound S. 17th, steamer Western Metropolis, at anchor off Cape Henry. The U. S. steamer Tennessee was at Key West on the 12th.

Steamship Britannia, (Br.,) Ferrier, Glasgow May 4, with mdse and 506 passengers to Francis MacDonald.

Steamer Ospray, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bruner.

Steamer Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Wm. Kirkpatrick & Co.

Steamer Fanny Cadwallader, Pierson, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Daisell.

Steamer Marcy, Smith, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Victor, Spier, Norfolk 28 hours, with 20 passengers to U. S. Quartermaster.

Steamer Huron, ——, Boston, in ballast to U. S. Quartermaster.

Ship Mercury, Stetson, Havre April 10, with mdse. and 437 passengers to Boyd & Hincken. From lat. 46 to 42, and lon. 44 to 50, saw large quantities of ice.

Ship Themis, (of St. John, N. B.,) Bradshaw, Liverpool 36 ds., with mdse. to H. J. & C. A. De Wolf. 2d, 3d and 4th inst., passed large numbers of icebergs.

Bark Wm. Rathbone, Pratt, Liverpool 49 ds., with mdse. and 481 passengers to Lawrence, Giles & Co. in lat. 41, lon. 45, saw several icebergs. Has had 13 deaths. Has anchored in Quarantine.

Bark Antonietta, (Ital.,) Palermo March 3, passed Gibraltar April 1, with fruit and sulphur to order.

Bark Damon, Crowell, Buenos Ayres March 15, with hides, etc., to R. W. Ropes & Co.

Brig Bertha Reistorff, (Brazil.,) Sarmanho, Para 24 ds., with nuts, etc., to T. G. Gutrmaraes.

Brig Veloce, (Ital.,) Javarino, Palermo 59 ds., with fruit, etc., to John E. Devlin.

Brig Whitaker, Wass, Port Ewen, for Boston.

Schr. Wm. H. Cleare, (of Nassau,) Hall, Eleuthera 11 ds., with fruit to order. May 12, lat. 27 30, lon. 76 30, was boarded from U. S. gunboat Protetus, cruising, all well.

Schr. M. Hand, Brooks, Bath, with shingles for Melville, N. J.

Schr. Edward Wotten, Young, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. Benjamin Strong, Harding, Port Ewen, for Providence.

Schr. Harmonie, (Hol.,) Mulder, Rio Grande, Brazil, 90 ds., with hides, etc., to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schr. Lady of the Ocean, Champlin, Port Ewen, for Boston.

Schr. Wm. E. Bird, Handy, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. J. Lozier, Williams, Elizabethport, for Taunton.

Schr. Charles Lovering, ——, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Messenger, Clark, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. J. P. Ross, Smith, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Boston, Wall, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Rising Sun, Smith, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Florence, Peckham, Newburgh, for Boston.

Schr. Adelaide, Davis, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Abby Gale, McDonald, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. L. D. Wentworth, Dean, Port Ewen, for Boston.

Schr. Fanny Hazard, Mayo, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Mary Brewer, Wood, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. E. Arcularius, Cassidy, Willett's Point.

Schr. Pennsylvania, Porter, Providence.

Schr. E. Flowers, Russell, Hartford.

Schr. M. M. Brainerd, Hart, Portland, with stone.

WIND—At sunset, S.

Below.

Ship City of Montreal, Luther, Cork April 7, to Thomas Dunham.

Ship Melbourne, Cameron, Liverpool April 4.

Also one ship, unknown.

Sailed.

May 18—Steamers Charles Thomas, Constitution, and Shetucket.

Bk pa Bazaar, Pocahontas.

Barks Bolivar, Sandy Hook, Ada Carter, Ellen Morrison, Anna Tuttle, Topeka, Julia, Morning Light, Jane A. Bishop, Syrene, Etowah, Fides.

Brigs J. Hathaway, E. Hallock, B. L. Swan, Anna Wellington, Mira W. Holt, Ocean Traveler, Guanche, Mersey, Highland Nancy, Carl Emil, Hercules.

Schooners Fanny, Volunteer, Ann Turner, E. V. Pratt, Ivy, J. H. Youmans, Col. Satterly, P. Hawes, J. B. Jones, Morris Palmyra, Richmond, M. A. Predmore, Norman S. Thayer, Ocean Wave, Francis Satterly, Tropic Bird, D. C. Foster, R. W. Lovely, E. J. Munsell, George Willey, D. C. Higgins, Wm. F. Burden, Henry Finch, Ellen G. Cary, E. A. Crozier, Joel Van Zandt, Sarah A. Read, L. C. Cowperthwaite, Ainsworth.

Spoken, &c.

Alma—brig, from Boston for Trinidad. May 12, 9 P. M.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, May 18—Arr. bark Jane Young, London; St. Dominique, Buenos Ayres.

PORTLAND, May 18—Sld. barks Ald. Sarua; Ionic, Cardenas; Sebra Crooker, Matanzas; Sarah B. Crosby, Havana; Manzanilla, do.

Foreign Ports.

At Buenos Ayres, March 22, ships Catharine, Freeman, for Boston March 23; Australia, Hopkins, for Maulmain do.; Speedwell, Cooper, unc.; barks Kremlin, Burgess, for Boston about April 8; La Plata, Crowell, for New-York, ldg.; McGilvery, Nickels, for Callao; Eudora, Pinckney, for do.; Kate Maud, Anderson, for New-York, ldg.; Templar, Wilson, for do. do.; St. Dominique, Dorrie, for Boston; Egypt, Hall, for Callao; Andsell, Tatterson, unc.

CATARRH

NOISES IN THE HEAD,

DISEASES OF THE

EYE, EAR & THROAT,

DEAFNESS CURED,

BY

Dr. Von Eisenberg.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1863.

Dr. Von Eisenberg:

DEAR SIR: Without recapitulating the numerous benefits I have received through your wonderful cure of the deafness I have labored under many years, the blessings I enjoy will convince the most skeptical.

I have tried many aurists, in Europe and America, without success. I was still deaf as a post.

Three years ago I entered your office, underwent one operation, hoping, yet doubting, I should receive any relief, but was agreeably disappointed in finding the genius of your profession.

The innate skill you possess cured my deafness in one almost painless operation.

The joy I experienced was indescribable; 'twas a new life to me.

My hearing is perfect to this day.

I strongly advise all who are suffering under a difficulty of hearing, or total deafness, to consult you immediately, as I also personally recommend all who apply to me. The numerous calls trespass on my time and patience, yet, remembering my own long, weary affliction causes me to pity them.

This is not written to advertise your well-known, unrivaled reputation—that would be puerile; but as a measure of precaution, to induce all to call on you at once, without troubling me; yet I do not refuse to see any one who comes to me. This is the only way I can show my gratitude.

I also call the attention of those who are suffering from Catarrh, which disease I have labored under one year or more.

I experienced difficulty in breathing, langour, heaviness over the eyes, a sense of tightness on the brain, and copious expectorations of a hard and viscid nature. Accompanying this is a "polypus," quite filling the right nostril. On the 25th ult. you operated on both, killing the polypus, which is gradually passing away, and giving me great relief from the Catarrh. One more operation will effectually cure.

This testimonial brings with it my unalloyed and grateful thanks, with but a poor delineation of your wondrous skill as an Aurist.

I am, Sir, yours very gratefully,

EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

TRY
W